

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 59, 219)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 59, 219) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 59, 219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF3BDB
RGB	255, 59, 219
RGB Percent	100%, 23%, 86%
CMY	0.0000, 0.7686, 0.1412
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.14, 0.00
HSL	311°, 100%, 62%
HSV	311°, 77%, 100%
XYZ	55.5901, 29.5024, 69.7824
YIQ	135.8440, 65.4560, 91.3120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

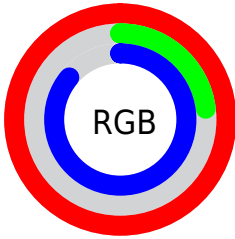
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 59, 219
Decimal	16727003
CIE _{Lab}	61.22, 85.29, -39.29
CIE _{LCh}	61, 93.902, 335.264
Yxy	29.5024, 0.3589, 0.1905
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294917083 (0xFFFF3BDB)
YUV	135.8440, 40.9959, 104.4998
Hunter-Lab	54.3161, 87.6337, -38.1513

Details

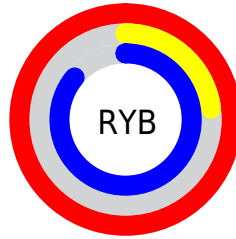
The RGB color **255, 59, 219** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **59, 255, 95**, and the grayscale version is **135, 135, 135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 126, 255**, and **194, 0, 163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 33, 214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 85, 224**.

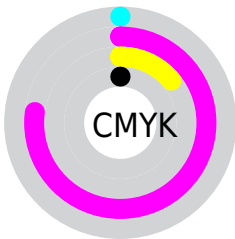
Distribution



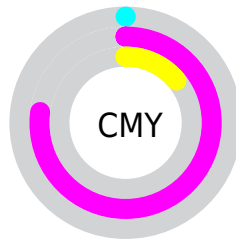
- Red (100%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (0%)



















- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 59, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 59, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 59, 219	 255, 59, 219
255, 255, 255	 224, 0, 191
 255, 126, 255	 194, 0, 163
 255, 157, 255	 164, 0, 137
 255, 187, 255	 134, 0, 111
 255, 218, 255	 105, 0, 86
 255, 248, 255	 78, 0, 62
	 48, 0, 39
	 3, 0, 16
	 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 59, 219

■ 255, 59, 219

■ 255, 33, 214

■ 255, 85, 224

■ 255, 8, 210

■ 255, 110, 228

■ 255, 0, 208

■ 255, 136, 233

■ 255, 161, 238

■ 255, 187, 242

■ 255, 212, 247

■ 255, 238, 252

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159, 117, 255



255, 59, 219



255, 0, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 59, 219



166, 149, 0



0, 182, 243

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 59, 219



59, 255, 95

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 182, 161



255, 59, 219



73, 169, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 59, 219



232, 116, 0



0, 178, 72



0, 174, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 59, 219



255, 40, 83



0, 178, 72



0, 182, 217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 59, 219



255, 196, 244



95, 59, 255



128, 92, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 59, 219



255, 20, 212



255, 59, 121



128, 115, 125



191, 0, 156



64, 0, 52

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 59, 219



255, 20, 212



59, 255, 193



128, 115, 125



191, 0, 156



64, 0, 52

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 59, 219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

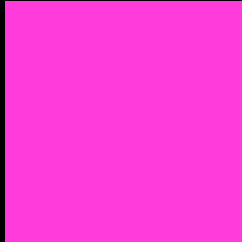
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 59, 219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 59, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 59, 219.

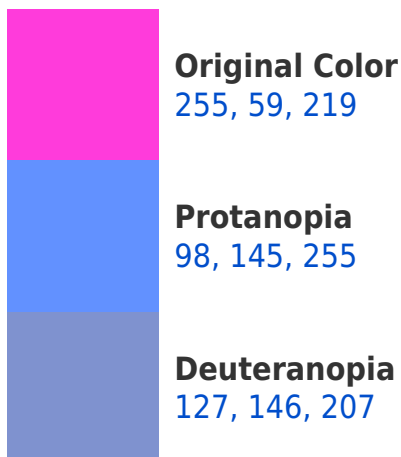


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 59, 219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
244, 99, 106

Trichromacy



Original Color
255, 59, 219



Protanomaly
155, 114, 242



Deuteranomaly
174, 114, 211



Tritanomaly
248, 84, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 59, 219



Achromatopsia
136, 136, 136



Achromatomaly
179, 108, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 59, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 59, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 59, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 59, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 59, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 59, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 59, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 59, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 59, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 59, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 59, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 59,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 59, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 59, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 59,  
219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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