

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 73, 221)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 73, 221) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 73, 221)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF49DD
RGB	255, 73, 221
RGB Percent	100%, 29%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.7137, 0.1333
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	311°, 100%, 64%
HSV	311°, 71%, 100%
XYZ	56.6737, 31.2455, 71.4506
YIQ	144.2900, 60.9640, 84.6120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

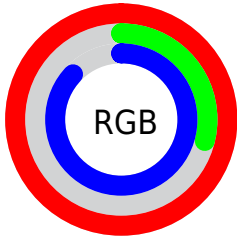
Format	Color
RYB	255, 73, 221
Decimal	16730589
CIELab	62.71, 81.55, -38.08
CIElCh	63, 90.008, 334.969
Yxy	31.2455, 0.3556, 0.1961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294920669 (0xFFFF49DD)
YUV	144.2900, 37.8180, 97.0927
Hunter-Lab	55.8977, 83.1569, -36.6583

Details

The RGB color **255, 73, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **73, 255, 107**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 136, 255**, and **194, 0, 165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 48, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 98, 226**.

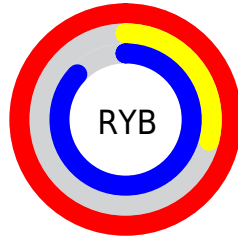
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (29%)

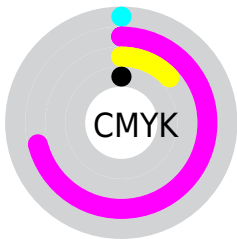
Blue (87%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (87%)

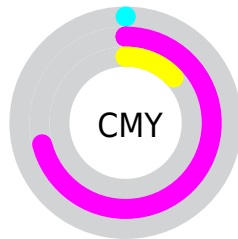


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 73, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 73, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



255, 73, 221



255, 73, 221

255, 255, 255



224, 32, 193



255, 136, 255



194, 0, 165



255, 166, 255



164, 0, 139



255, 196, 255



135, 0, 113



255, 226, 255



106, 0, 88



78, 0, 64



50, 0, 41



9, 0, 18



0, 0, 0

■ 255, 73, 221

■ 255, 73, 221

■ 255, 48, 216

■ 255, 98, 226

■ 255, 22, 211

■ 255, 124, 231

■ 255, 0, 207

■ 255, 149, 235

■ 255, 175, 240

■ 255, 201, 245

■ 255, 226, 250

■ 255, 251, 254

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 123, 255



255, 73, 221



255, 35, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 73, 221



172, 153, 0



0, 185, 242

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 73, 221



73, 255, 107

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 186, 163



255, 73, 221



85, 172, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 73, 221



235, 121, 0



0, 182, 79



0, 178, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 73, 221



255, 58, 90



0, 182, 79



0, 186, 218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 73, 221



255, 201, 245



106, 73, 255



128, 96, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 73, 221



255, 36, 214



255, 73, 131



128, 115, 125



191, 0, 156



64, 0, 52

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 73, 221



255, 36, 214



73, 255, 197



128, 115, 125



191, 0, 156



64, 0, 52

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 73, 221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

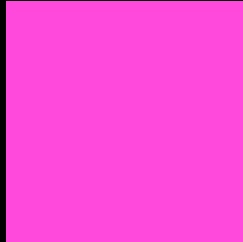
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 73, 221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 73, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 73, 221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 73, 221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 73, 221

Protanopia
106, 149, 255

Deuteranopia
133, 150, 210



Tritanopia
245, 107, 114

Trichromacy



Original Color
255, 73, 221



Protanomaly
160, 121, 243



Deuteranomaly
177, 122, 214



Tritanomaly
249, 95, 153

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 73, 221



Achromatopsia
144, 144, 144



Achromatomaly
184, 118, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 73, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 73, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 73, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 73, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 73, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 73, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 73, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 73, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 73, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 73, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 73, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 73,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 73, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 73, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 73,  
221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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