

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 7, 159)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 7, 159) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 7, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF079F
RGB	255, 7, 159
RGB Percent	100%, 3%, 62%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9725, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.97, 0.38, 0.00
HSL	323°, 100%, 51%
HSV	323°, 97%, 100%
XYZ	47.5740, 23.9152, 34.9095
YIQ	98.4800, 99.0160, 99.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

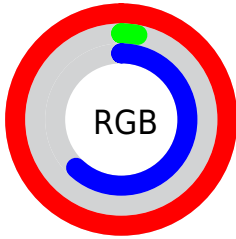
Format	Color
RYB	255, 7, 159
Decimal	16713631
CIELab	56.00, 86.63, -12.74
CIELCh	56, 87.566, 351.632
Yxy	23.9152, 0.4471, 0.2248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294903711 (0xFFFF079F)
YUV	98.4800, 29.8364, 137.2680
Hunter-Lab	48.9031, 88.0681, -8.0920

Details

The RGB color **255, 7, 159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **7, 255, 103**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 102, 214**, and **192, 0, 108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 0, 156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 33, 169**.

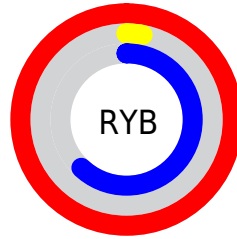
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (3%)

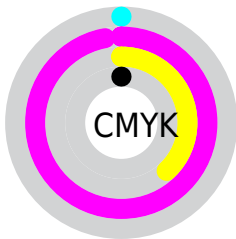
Blue (62%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (3%)

Blue (62%)

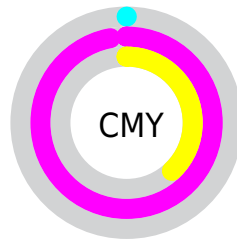


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (97%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (97%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 7, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 7, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



255, 7, 159



255, 7, 159

255, 255, 255



223, 0, 133



255, 102, 214



192, 0, 108



255, 134, 242



161, 0, 83



255, 165, 255



131, 0, 60



255, 196, 255



100, 0, 39



255, 227, 255



71, 0, 17



40, 0, 1



0, 0, 0



255, 7, 159



255, 7, 159

■ 255, 0, 156

■ 255, 33, 169

■ 255, 58, 179

■ 255, 84, 189

■ 255, 109, 198

■ 255, 135, 208

■ 255, 160, 218

■ 255, 186, 228

■ 255, 211, 238

■ 255, 237, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 80, 230



255, 7, 159



255, 26, 84

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 7, 159



110, 147, 0



0, 163, 254

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 7, 159



7, 255, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 166, 189



255, 7, 159



0, 159, 18

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 7, 159



181, 124, 0



0, 165, 110



0, 151, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 7, 159



246, 69, 33



0, 165, 110



0, 165, 235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 7, 159



255, 181, 226



102, 7, 255



128, 83, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 7, 159



255, 0, 156



255, 7, 36



128, 115, 123



191, 0, 117



64, 0, 39

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 7, 159



255, 0, 156



7, 255, 226



128, 115, 123



191, 0, 117



64, 0, 39

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 7, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

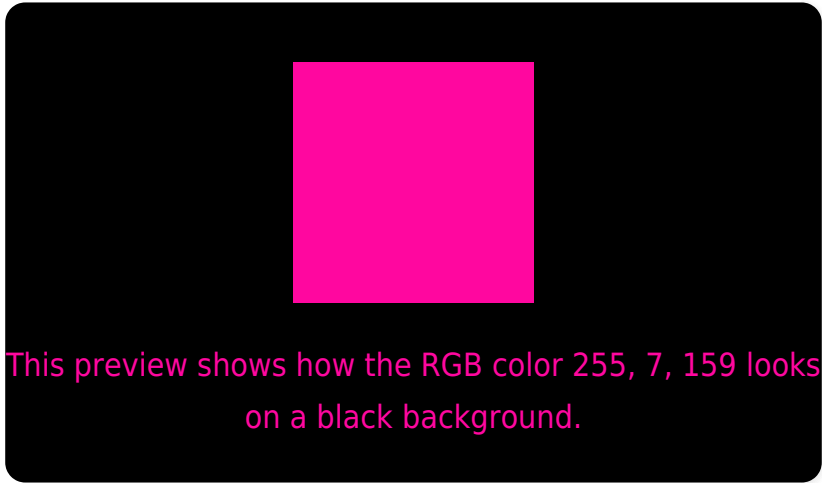
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 7, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 7, 159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 7, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

255, 7, 159

Protanopia

95, 132, 228

Deuteranopia

142, 131, 148



Tritanopia
249, 63, 65

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 7, 159



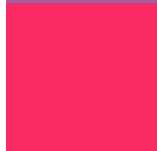
Protanomaly

153, 87, 203



Deuteranomaly

183, 86, 152



Tritanomaly

251, 43, 99

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 7, 159



Achromatopsia

98, 98, 98



Achromatomaly

155, 65, 120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 7, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 7, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 7, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 7, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 7, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 7, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 7, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 7, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 7, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 7, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 7, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 7,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 7, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 7, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 7,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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