

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 82, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 82, 154) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 82, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF529A
RGB	255, 82, 154
RGB Percent	100%, 32%, 60%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6784, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	335°, 100%, 66%
HSV	335°, 68%, 100%
XYZ	50.0900, 29.6277, 33.6505
YIQ	141.9350, 79.9960, 59.0680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

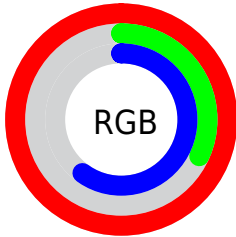
Format	Color
RYB	255, 82, 154
Decimal	16732826
CIELab	61.33, 70.54, -1.89
CIELCh	61, 70.569, 358.466
Yxy	29.6277, 0.4418, 0.2613
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294922906 (0xFFFF529A)
YUV	141.9350, 5.9480, 99.1580
Hunter-Lab	54.4313, 69.0085, 1.4477

Details

The RGB color **255, 82, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **82, 255, 183**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 142, 208**, and **193, 0, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 57, 139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 107, 169**.

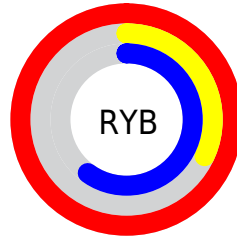
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (32%)

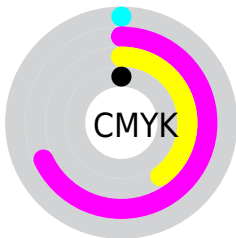
Blue (60%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (60%)

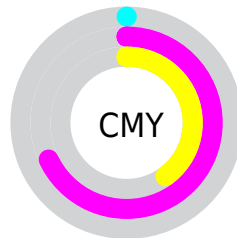


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (68%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 82, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 82, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 82, 154

 255, 82, 154

255, 255, 255

 224, 49, 128

 255, 142, 208

 193, 0, 103

 255, 171, 236

 163, 0, 79

 255, 200, 255

 133, 0, 57

 255, 230, 255

 103, 0, 35

 76, 0, 13

 45, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 255, 82, 154

 255, 82, 154

■ 255, 57, 139

■ 255, 107, 169

■ 255, 31, 124

■ 255, 133, 184

■ 255, 6, 109

■ 255, 159, 199

■ 255, 0, 106

■ 255, 184, 214

■ 255, 210, 228

■ 255, 235, 243

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219, 103, 214



255, 82, 154



255, 92, 93

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 82, 154



119, 162, 10



0, 171, 254

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 82, 154



82, 255, 183

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 176, 206



255, 82, 154



0, 172, 78

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 82, 154



180, 144, 0



0, 176, 143



0, 157, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 82, 154



239, 109, 55



0, 176, 143



0, 173, 241

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 82, 154



255, 204, 225



183, 82, 255



128, 97, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 82, 154



255, 48, 134



255, 96, 82



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 80



64, 0, 27

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 82, 154



255, 48, 134



82, 241, 255



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 80



64, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 82, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

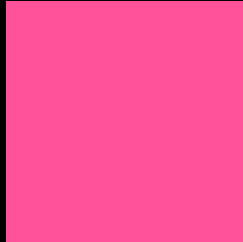
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 82, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 82, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 82, 154.

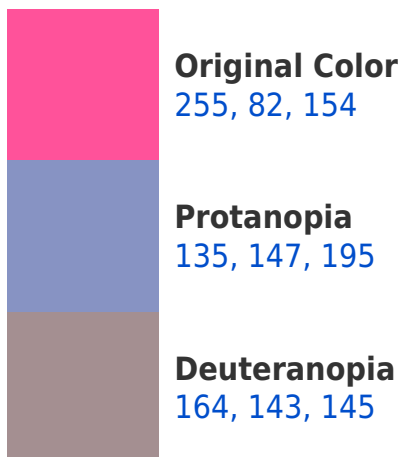



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 82, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
251, 95, 100

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 82, 154



Protanomaly

179, 123, 180



Deuteranomaly

197, 121, 148



Tritanomaly

252, 90, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 82, 154



Achromatopsia

142, 142, 142



Achromatomaly

183, 120, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 82, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 82, 154) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 82, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 82, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 82, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 82, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 82, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 82, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 82, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 82, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 82, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 82,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 82, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 82, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 82,  
154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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