

Converting Colors

RGB(27, 144, 145)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(27, 144, 145) contains.

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Color

RGB(27, 144, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B9091
RGB	27, 144, 145
RGB Percent	11%, 56%, 57%
CMY	0.8941, 0.4353, 0.4314
CMYK	0.81, 0.01, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	181°, 69%, 34%
HSV	181°, 81%, 57%
XYZ	15.5361, 22.2239, 30.2589
YIQ	109.1310, -70.0530, -24.4930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

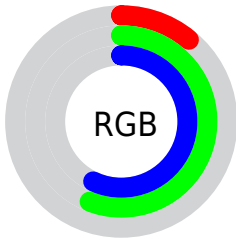
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 86, 145
Decimal	1806481
CIE _{Lab}	54.26, -29.48, -9.37
CIE _{LCh}	54, 30.932, 197.635
Yxy	22.2239, 0.2284, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279996561 (0xFF1B9091)
YUV	109.1310, 17.6834, -72.0289
Hunter-Lab	47.1422, -23.6727, -5.0566

Details

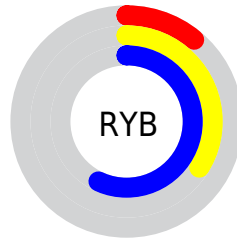
The RGB color **27, 144, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **145, 28, 27**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 198, 199**, and **0, 93, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12, 144, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 144, 145**.

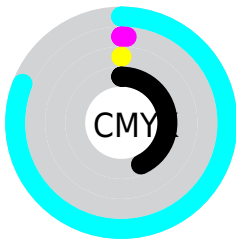
Distribution



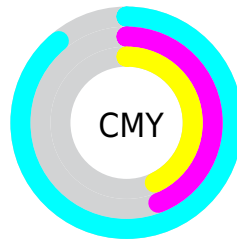
- Red (11%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 27, 144, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 27, 144, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



27, 144, 145



27, 144, 145

255, 255, 255



0, 118, 119



96, 198, 199



0, 93, 95



125, 227, 227



0, 69, 71



154, 255, 255



0, 46, 49



183, 255, 255



0, 24, 28



213, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



243, 255, 255



27, 144, 145



27, 144, 145



12, 144, 145



42, 144, 145

■ 0, 144, 145

■ 56, 144, 145

■ 70, 144, 145

■ 85, 144, 145

■ 99, 145, 145

■ 114, 145, 145

■ 129, 145, 145

■ 143, 145, 145

■ 158, 145, 145

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67, 143, 117



27, 144, 145



23, 142, 168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27, 144, 145



152, 117, 166



157, 124, 78

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 144, 145



145, 28, 27

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175, 115, 91



27, 144, 145



175, 110, 142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27, 144, 145



117, 127, 180



182, 109, 115



132, 133, 78

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 144, 145



55, 138, 179



182, 109, 115



164, 121, 81

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 144, 145



143, 188, 189



27, 145, 27



67, 94, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 144, 145



4, 187, 189



27, 86, 145



64, 71, 71



0, 134, 135



0, 8, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 27, 144



189, 4, 187



145, 86, 27



71, 64, 71



135, 0, 134



8, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 27, 144, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 27, 144, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 27, 144, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 27, 144, 145.

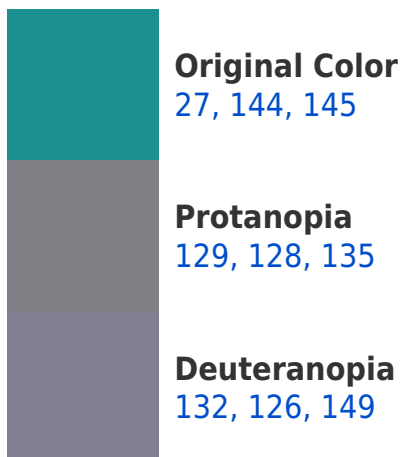


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 27, 144, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
36, 143, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

27, 144, 145

Protanomaly

92, 134, 139

Deuteranomaly

94, 133, 148

Tritanomaly

33, 143, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color

27, 144, 145

Achromatopsia

109, 109, 109

Achromatomaly

79, 122, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 27, 144, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 144, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 144, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 144, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 144, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 27, 144, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 144, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 144, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 144, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 144, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 144, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 144,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 27, 144, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 144, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 144,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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