

Converting Colors

RGB(27, 196, 188)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(27, 196, 188) contains.

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Color

RGB(27, 196, 188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1BC4BC
RGB	27, 196, 188
RGB Percent	11%, 77%, 74%
CMY	0.8941, 0.2314, 0.2627
CMYK	0.86, 0.00, 0.04, 0.23
HSL	177°, 76%, 44%
HSV	177°, 86%, 77%
XYZ	29.2690, 43.3437, 54.4005
YIQ	144.5570, -98.1560, -38.3160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

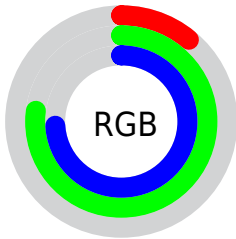
Format	Color
RYB	27, 114, 196
Decimal	1819836
CIELab	71.79, -40.75, -7.34
CIELCh	72, 41.406, 190.214
Yxy	43.3437, 0.2304, 0.3413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280009916 (0xFF1BC4BC)
YUV	144.5570, 21.4174, -103.0975
Hunter-Lab	65.8359, -35.8562, -2.9064

Details

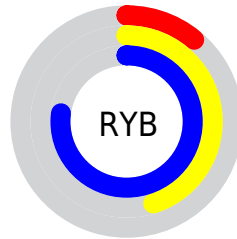
The RGB color **27, 196, 188** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **196, 27, 35**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109, 253, 244**, and **0, 141, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7, 196, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 196, 189**.

Distribution



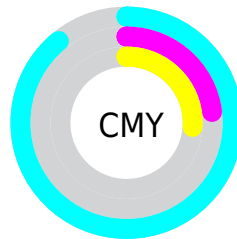
- Red (11%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (23%)





- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 27, 196, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 27, 196, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 27, 196, 188

 27, 196, 188


255, 255, 255

 0, 168, 161


 109, 253, 244

 0, 141, 135


 141, 255, 255

 0, 115, 110

 172, 255, 255


 0, 90, 85

 203, 255, 255


 0, 65, 62


 234, 255, 255

 0, 43, 40

 0, 13, 21

 0, 0, 0

 27, 196, 188

 27, 196, 188

■ 7, 196, 187

■ 47, 196, 189

■ 0, 196, 187

■ 66, 196, 190

■ 86, 196, 191

■ 105, 196, 192

■ 125, 196, 193

■ 145, 196, 194

■ 164, 196, 194

■ 184, 196, 195

■ 203, 196, 196

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98, 194, 149



27, 196, 188



0, 194, 224

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27, 196, 188



197, 161, 234



221, 165, 105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 196, 188



196, 27, 35

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



244, 152, 129



27, 196, 188



233, 150, 202

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27, 196, 188



141, 175, 250



249, 146, 164



188, 178, 100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 196, 188



35, 190, 241



249, 146, 164



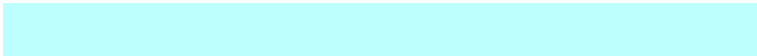
230, 160, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 196, 188



189, 255, 252



35, 196, 27



88, 128, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 196, 188



0, 255, 243



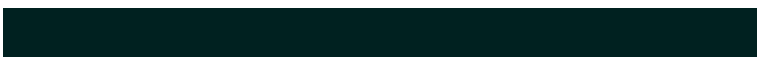
27, 120, 196



87, 97, 96



0, 161, 153



0, 33, 32

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 27, 35



255, 0, 12



196, 103, 27



97, 87, 88



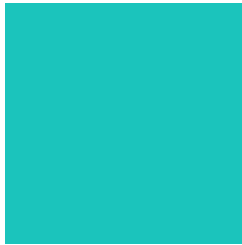
161, 0, 8



33, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 27, 196, 188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

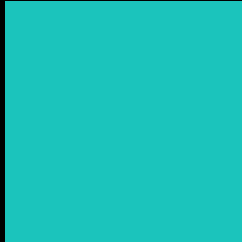
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 27, 196, 188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

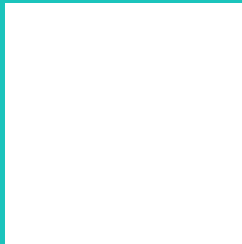
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 27, 196, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 27, 196, 188.

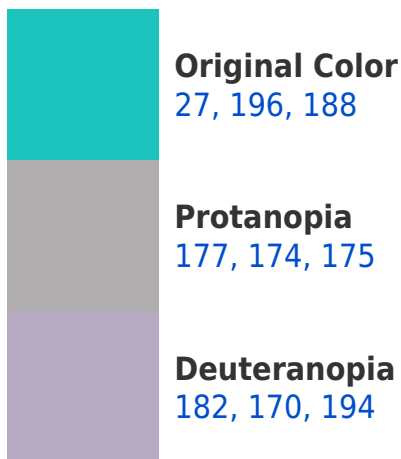


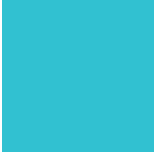
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 27, 196, 188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
49, 193, 209

Trichromacy



Original Color

27, 196, 188



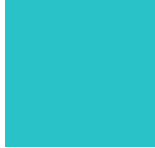
Protanomaly

122, 182, 180



Deuteranomaly

126, 179, 192



Tritanomaly

41, 194, 201

Monochromacy



Original Color

27, 196, 188



Achromatopsia

145, 145, 145



Achromatomaly

102, 164, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 27, 196, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 196, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 196, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 196, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 196, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 27, 196, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 196, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 196, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(27, 196, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 196, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 196, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 196,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 27, 196, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 196, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 196,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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