

Converting Colors

RGB(30, 115, 226)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(30, 115, 226) contains.

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Color

RGB(30, 115, 226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E73E2
RGB	30, 115, 226
RGB Percent	12%, 45%, 89%
CMY	0.8824, 0.5490, 0.1137
CMYK	0.87, 0.49, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	214°, 77%, 50%
HSV	214°, 87%, 89%
XYZ	20.3936, 18.0285, 74.3565
YIQ	102.2390, -86.2910, 16.5010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

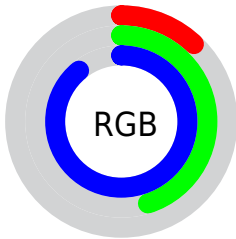
Format	Color
R_{YB}	30, 89, 226
Decimal	1995746
CIE _{Lab}	49.53, 16.87, -63.14
CIE _{LCh}	50, 65.355, 284.963
Yxy	18.0285, 0.1808, 0.1599
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280185826 (0xFF1E73E2)
YUV	102.2390, 61.0142, -63.3536
Hunter-Lab	42.4600, 11.4291, -74.1076

Details

The RGB color **30, 115, 226** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **226, 141, 30**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **112, 166, 255**, and **0, 68, 170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7, 102, 226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 128, 226**.

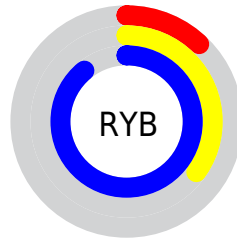
Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (45%)

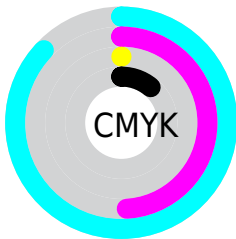
Blue (89%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (89%)

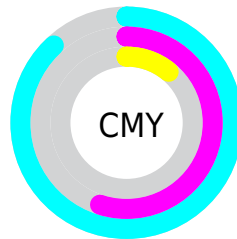


Cyan (87%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (88%)


















Magenta (55%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 30, 115, 226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 30, 115, 226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 30, 115, 226	 30, 115, 226
 255, 255, 255	 0, 91, 198
 112, 166, 255	 0, 68, 170
 144, 193, 255	 0, 47, 143
 175, 221, 255	 0, 28, 116
 206, 249, 255	 0, 2, 91
 237, 255, 255	 0, 7, 66
	 0, 3, 43
	 0, 1, 22
	 0, 0, 0

■ 30, 115, 226

■ 30, 115, 226

■ 7, 102, 226

■ 53, 128, 226

■ 0, 98, 226

■ 75, 141, 226

■ 98, 153, 226

■ 120, 166, 226

■ 143, 179, 226

■ 166, 192, 226

■ 188, 205, 226

■ 211, 217, 226

■ 233, 230, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 132, 226



30, 115, 226



154, 89, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30, 115, 226



200, 79, 40



0, 141, 87

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 115, 226



226, 141, 30

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46, 135, 28



30, 115, 226



165, 105, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30, 115, 226



215, 56, 93



116, 124, 0



0, 143, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 115, 226



190, 69, 166



116, 124, 0



0, 139, 68

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 115, 226



189, 217, 255



30, 226, 138



88, 105, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 115, 226



0, 111, 255



40, 30, 226



101, 106, 112



0, 76, 176



0, 21, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226, 30, 115



255, 0, 111



216, 226, 30



112, 101, 106



176, 0, 76



48, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 30, 115, 226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

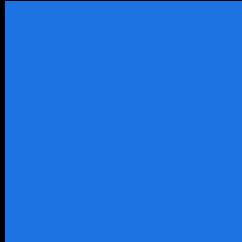
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 30, 115, 226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

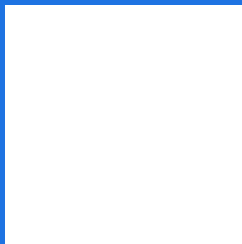
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 30, 115, 226 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 30, 115, 226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 30, 115, 226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

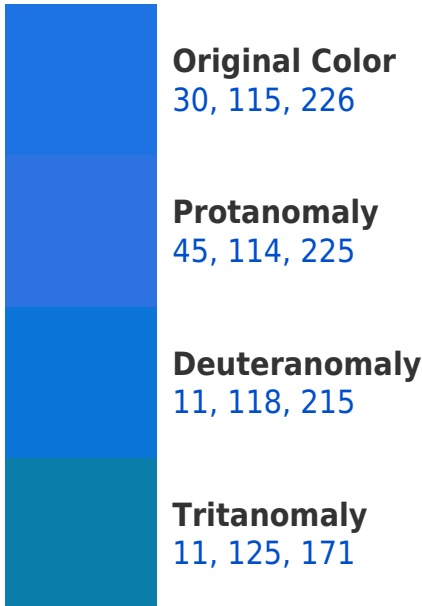
Dichromacy



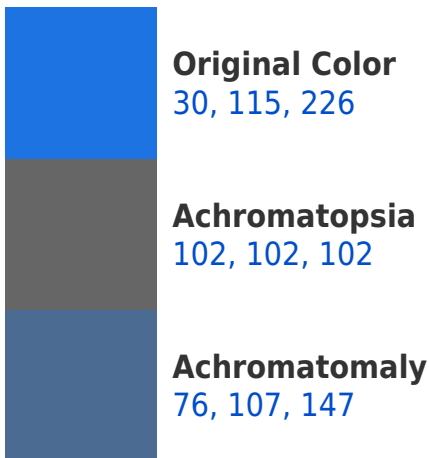


Tritanopia
0, 130, 139

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 30, 115, 226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 115, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 115, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 115, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 115, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 30, 115, 226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 115, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 115, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 115, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 115, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 115, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 115,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 30, 115, 226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 115, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 115,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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