

Converting Colors

RGB(30, 63, 205)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(30, 63, 205) contains.

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Color

RGB(30, 63, 205)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E3FCD
RGB	30, 63, 205
RGB Percent	12%, 25%, 80%
CMY	0.8824, 0.7529, 0.1961
CMYK	0.85, 0.69, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	229°, 74%, 46%
HSV	229°, 85%, 80%
XYZ	13.3324, 8.2388, 58.6452
YIQ	69.3210, -65.2500, 37.1660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

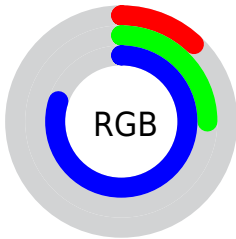
Format	Color
R_{YB}	30, 58, 205
Decimal	1982413
CIE _{Lab}	34.48, 42.23, -75.70
CIE _{LCh}	34, 86.679, 299.154
Yxy	8.2388, 0.1662, 0.1027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280172493 (0xFF1E3FCD)
YUV	69.3210, 66.8897, -34.4845
Hunter-Lab	28.7033, 32.6804, -101.0459

Details

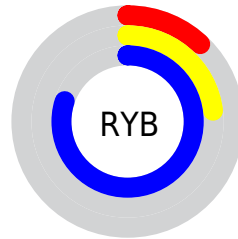
The RGB color **30, 63, 205** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **205, 172, 30**, and the grayscale version is **69, 69, 69**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **110, 111, 255**, and **0, 21, 149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 46, 205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 80, 205**.

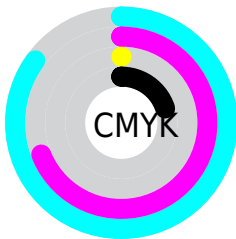
Distribution



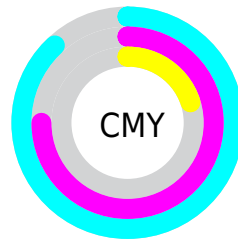
- Red (12%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 30, 63, 205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 30, 63, 205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 30, 63, 205

 30, 63, 205

255, 255, 255

 0, 41, 177

 110, 111, 255

 0, 21, 149

 142, 136, 255

 0, 2, 123

 173, 163, 255

 0, 1, 97

 203, 190, 255

 0, 8, 72

 234, 218, 255

 0, 4, 48

 255, 246, 255

 0, 1, 27

 0, 0, 0

 30, 63, 205

 30, 63, 205

■ 10, 46, 205

■ 51, 80, 205

■ 0, 39, 205

■ 71, 96, 205

■ 92, 113, 205

■ 112, 130, 205

■ 133, 146, 205

■ 153, 163, 205

■ 174, 179, 205

■ 194, 196, 205

■ 215, 213, 205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 93, 223



30, 63, 205



156, 0, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30, 63, 205



153, 41, 0



0, 105, 77

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 63, 205



205, 172, 30

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 102, 0



30, 63, 205



102, 79, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30, 63, 205



186, 0, 20



18, 95, 0



0, 107, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 63, 205



184, 0, 109



18, 95, 0



0, 104, 53

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 63, 205



189, 201, 255



30, 205, 170



88, 95, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 63, 205



0, 48, 255



82, 30, 205



92, 94, 102



0, 31, 166



0, 7, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



205, 30, 63



255, 0, 48



153, 205, 30



102, 92, 94



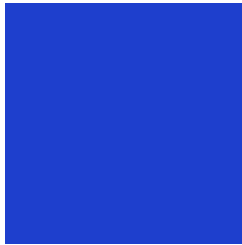
166, 0, 31



38, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 30, 63, 205 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

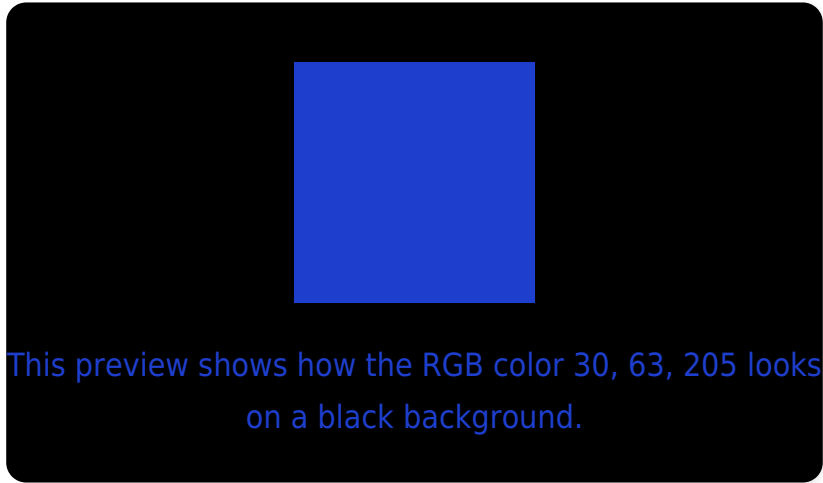
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

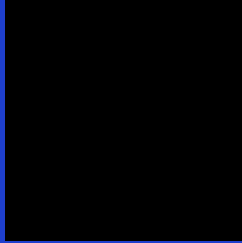
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 30, 63, 205 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 30, 63, 205.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 30, 63, 205.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


30, 63, 205

Protanopia

0, 78, 164

Deuteranopia

0, 83, 140



Tritanopia
0, 90, 95

Trichromacy



Original Color

30, 63, 205

Protanomaly

11, 73, 179

Deuteranomaly

11, 76, 164

Tritanomaly

11, 80, 135

Monochromacy



Original Color

30, 63, 205

Achromatopsia

69, 69, 69

Achromatomaly

55, 67, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 30, 63, 205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 63, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 63, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 63, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 63, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 30, 63, 205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 63, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 63, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 63, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 63, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 63, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 63,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 30, 63, 205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 63, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 63,  
205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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