

Converting Colors

RGB(34, 100, 185)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(34, 100, 185) contains.

RGB(34, 100, 185)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(34, 100, 185)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2264B9
RGB	34, 100, 185
RGB Percent	13%, 39%, 73%
CMY	0.8667, 0.6078, 0.2745
CMYK	0.82, 0.46, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	214°, 69%, 43%
HSV	214°, 82%, 73%
XYZ	13.9738, 12.9572, 47.6634
YIQ	89.9560, -66.6210, 12.4430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

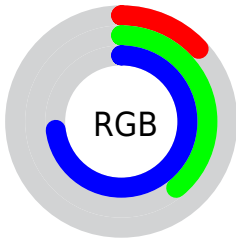
Format	Color
R _Y B	34, 80, 185
Decimal	2254009
CIE Lab	42.70, 10.88, -50.65
CIE LCh	43, 51.809, 282.125
Yxy	12.9572, 0.1873, 0.1737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280444089 (0xFF2264B9)
YUV	89.9560, 46.8567, -49.0734
Hunter-Lab	35.9961, 6.3011, -53.3102

Details

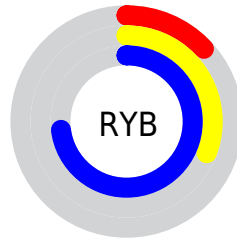
The RGB color **34, 100, 185** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **185, 119, 34**, and the grayscale version is **90, 90, 90**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **104, 150, 242**, and **0, 54, 131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 90, 185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 110, 185**.

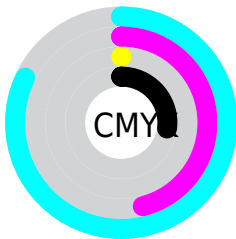
Distribution



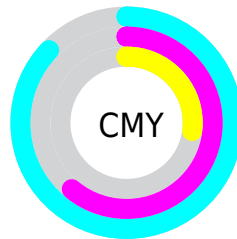
- Red (13%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)




















- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 34, 100, 185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 34, 100, 185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 34, 100, 185	 34, 100, 185
 255, 255, 255	 0, 77, 158
 104, 150, 242	 0, 54, 131
 134, 177, 255	 0, 34, 105
 164, 204, 255	 0, 11, 81
 193, 232, 255	 0, 5, 57
 223, 255, 255	 0, 2, 34
 253, 255, 255	 0, 0, 9
	 0, 0, 0

 34, 100, 185  34, 100, 185

■ 16, 90, 185

■ 53, 110, 185

■ 0, 81, 185

■ 71, 121, 185

■ 90, 131, 185

■ 108, 142, 185

■ 127, 152, 185

■ 145, 162, 185

■ 164, 173, 185

■ 182, 183, 185

■ 201, 194, 185

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 113, 182



34, 100, 185



124, 81, 165

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34, 100, 185



168, 71, 45



0, 119, 73

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 100, 185



185, 119, 34

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57, 114, 31



34, 100, 185



142, 89, 6

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34, 100, 185



177, 57, 85



105, 104, 0



0, 121, 118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 100, 185



154, 68, 142



105, 104, 0



0, 118, 58

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 100, 185



182, 207, 240



34, 185, 117



85, 100, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 100, 185



5, 107, 240



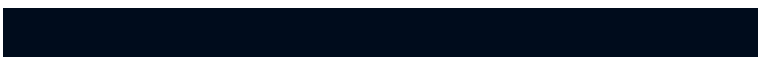
42, 34, 185



83, 87, 92



0, 68, 156



0, 12, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185, 34, 100



240, 5, 107



177, 185, 34



92, 83, 87



156, 0, 68



28, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 34, 100, 185 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 34, 100, 185 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

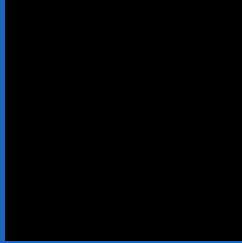
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 34, 100, 185 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 34, 100, 185.

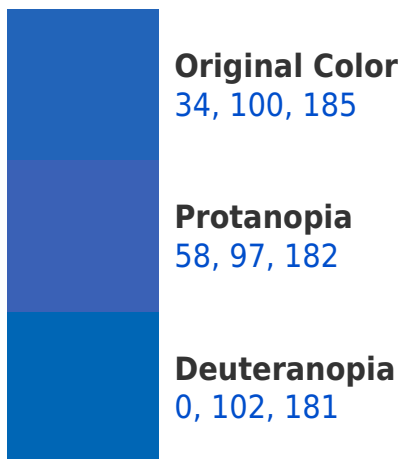


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 34, 100, 185.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 112, 119

Trichromacy



Original Color

34, 100, 185

Protanomaly

49, 98, 183

Deuteranomaly

12, 101, 182

Tritanomaly

12, 108, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color

34, 100, 185

Achromatopsia

90, 90, 90

Achromatomaly

70, 94, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 34, 100, 185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 100, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 100, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 100, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 100, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 34, 100, 185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 100, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 100, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 100, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 100, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 100, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 100,  
185) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 34, 100, 185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 100, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 100,  
185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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