

Converting Colors

RGB(35, 157, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(35, 157, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(35, 157, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	239DFF
RGB	35, 157, 255
RGB Percent	14%, 62%, 100%
CMY	0.8627, 0.3843, 0.0000
CMYK	0.86, 0.38, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	207°, 100%, 57%
HSV	207°, 86%, 100%
XYZ	30.8001, 31.6913, 99.1014
YIQ	131.6940, -104.1700, 4.6140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

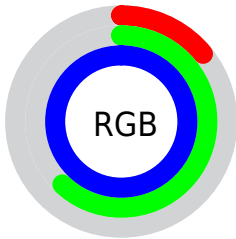
Format	Color
R _Y B	35, 113, 255
Decimal	2334207
CIE Lab	63.09, 2.54, -57.47
CIE LCh	63, 57.522, 272.531
Yxy	31.6913, 0.1906, 0.1961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280524287 (0xFF239DFF)
YUV	131.6940, 60.7899, -84.8006
Hunter-Lab	56.2950, -0.8554, -64.9673

Details

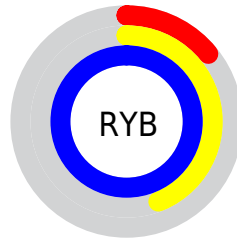
The RGB color **35, 157, 255** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **255, 133, 35**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120, 211, 255**, and **0, 106, 198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9, 146, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 168, 255**.

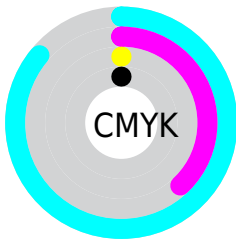
Distribution



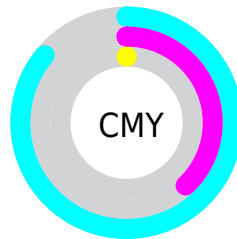
- Red (14%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




















- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 35, 157, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 35, 157, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 35, 157, 255	 35, 157, 255
 255, 255, 255	 0, 131, 226
 120, 211, 255	 0, 106, 198
 153, 239, 255	 0, 83, 170
 185, 255, 255	 0, 60, 143
 217, 255, 255	 0, 40, 117
 249, 255, 255	 0, 20, 91
	 0, 7, 67
	 0, 3, 44
	 0, 1, 22

■ 35, 157, 255

■ 35, 157, 255

■ 9, 146, 255

■ 60, 168, 255

■ 0, 141, 255

■ 86, 180, 255

■ 111, 191, 255

■ 137, 202, 255

■ 163, 214, 255

■ 188, 225, 255

■ 213, 237, 255

■ 239, 248, 255

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 170, 243



35, 157, 255



160, 137, 239

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35, 157, 255



242, 113, 101



42, 174, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 157, 255



255, 133, 35

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124, 166, 60



35, 157, 255



217, 132, 60

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35, 157, 255



244, 105, 150



176, 152, 41



0, 177, 156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 157, 255



203, 123, 216



176, 152, 41



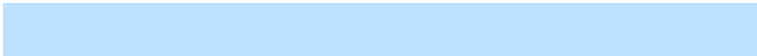
78, 172, 87

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 157, 255



189, 225, 255



35, 255, 130



88, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 157, 255



0, 141, 255



35, 50, 255



115, 122, 128



0, 106, 191



0, 35, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 35, 157



255, 0, 141



255, 240, 35



128, 115, 122



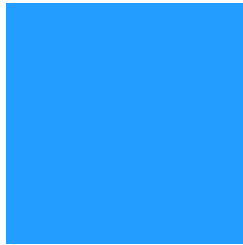
191, 0, 106



64, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 35, 157, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

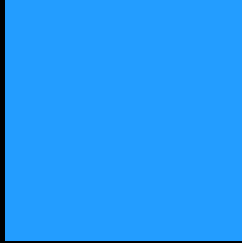
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 35, 157, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

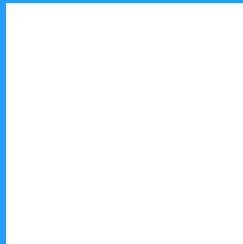
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 35, 157, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 35, 157, 255.

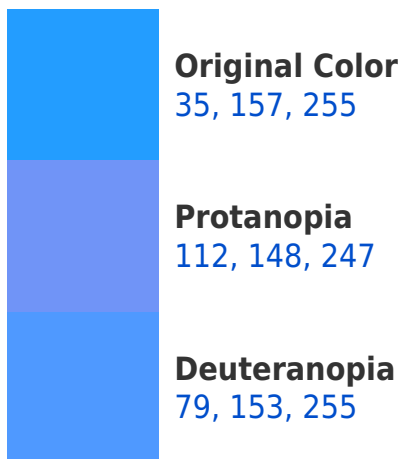


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 35, 157, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 157, 255

Protanomaly
84, 151, 250

Deuteranomaly
63, 154, 255

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 157, 255

Achromatopsia
132, 132, 132

Achromatomaly
97, 141, 177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 35, 157, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 157, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 157, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 157, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 157, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 35, 157, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 157, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 157, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 157, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 157, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 157, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 157,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 35, 157, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 157, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 157,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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