

Converting Colors

RGB(35, 185, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(35, 185, 154) contains.

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Color

RGB(35, 185, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	23B99A
RGB	35, 185, 154
RGB Percent	14%, 73%, 60%
CMY	0.8627, 0.2745, 0.3961
CMYK	0.81, 0.00, 0.17, 0.27
HSL	168°, 68%, 43%
HSV	168°, 81%, 73%
XYZ	23.8748, 37.3883, 36.5302
YIQ	136.6160, -79.4490, -41.4410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

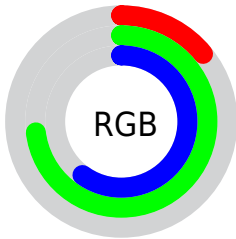
Format	Color
RYB	35, 119, 185
Decimal	2341274
CIELab	67.57, -44.73, 5.11
CIELCh	68, 45.016, 173.482
Yxy	37.3883, 0.2441, 0.3823
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280531354 (0xFF23B99A)
YUV	136.6160, 8.5703, -89.1172
Hunter-Lab	61.1460, -37.3091, 7.3808

Details

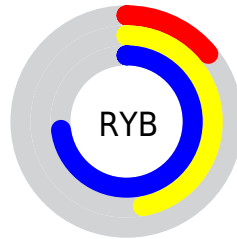
The RGB color **35, 185, 154** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. A complement of this color would be **185, 35, 66**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **108, 242, 208**, and **0, 131, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 185, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 185, 158**.

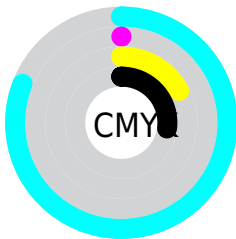
Distribution



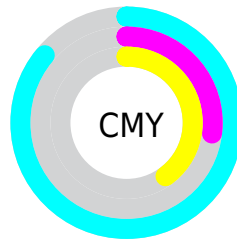
- Red (14%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 35, 185, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 35, 185, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



35, 185, 154



35, 185, 154

255, 255, 255



0, 158, 128



108, 242, 208



0, 131, 103



138, 255, 237



0, 105, 79



168, 255, 255



0, 80, 56



198, 255, 255



0, 56, 35



229, 255, 255



0, 34, 13



0, 0, 0



35, 185, 154



35, 185, 154



16, 185, 150



54, 185, 158

■ 0, 185, 147

■ 72, 185, 162

■ 90, 185, 165

■ 109, 185, 169

■ 128, 185, 173

■ 146, 185, 177

■ 165, 185, 181

■ 183, 185, 185

■ 202, 185, 188

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



109, 181, 115



35, 185, 154



0, 185, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35, 185, 154



154, 157, 239



227, 145, 101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 185, 154



185, 35, 66

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



242, 133, 134



35, 185, 154



207, 142, 213

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35, 185, 154



76, 171, 245



236, 132, 175



197, 159, 83

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 185, 154



0, 183, 219



236, 132, 175



234, 140, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 185, 154



182, 240, 228



68, 185, 35



85, 120, 113



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 185, 154



7, 240, 192



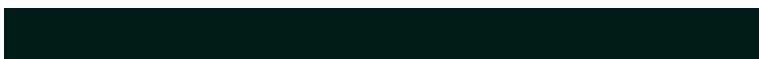
35, 142, 185



83, 92, 90



0, 156, 123



0, 28, 22

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185, 35, 66



240, 7, 55



185, 77, 35



92, 83, 85



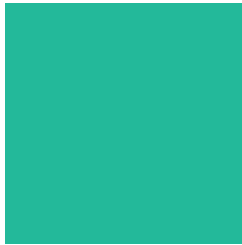
156, 0, 32



28, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 35, 185, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 35, 185, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

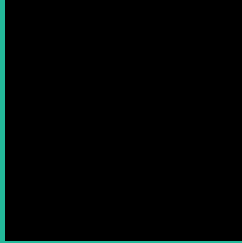
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 35, 185, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 35, 185, 154.



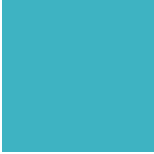
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 35, 185, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
62, 179, 194

Trichromacy



Original Color

35, 185, 154



Protanomaly

122, 171, 146



Deuteranomaly

127, 168, 158



Tritanomaly

52, 181, 179

Monochromacy



Original Color

35, 185, 154



Achromatopsia

137, 137, 137



Achromatomaly

100, 154, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 35, 185, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 185, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 185, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 185, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 185, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 35, 185, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 185, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 185, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 185, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 185, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 185, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 185,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 35, 185, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 185, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 185,  
154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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