

Converting Colors

RGB(42, 73, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(42, 73, 171) contains.

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Color

RGB(42, 73, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A49AB
RGB	42, 73, 171
RGB Percent	16%, 29%, 67%
CMY	0.8353, 0.7137, 0.3294
CMYK	0.75, 0.57, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	226°, 61%, 42%
HSV	226°, 75%, 67%
XYZ	10.6881, 8.1976, 39.5470
YIQ	74.9030, -49.9340, 23.9060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

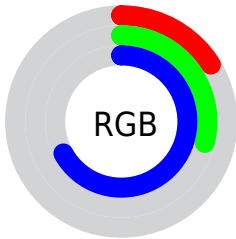
Format	Color
R _Y B	42, 67, 171
Decimal	2771371
CIE Lab	34.39, 24.13, -55.82
CIE LCh	34, 60.810, 293.383
Yxy	8.1976, 0.1829, 0.1403
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280961451 (0xFF2A49AB)
YUV	74.9030, 47.3758, -28.8559
Hunter-Lab	28.6315, 16.5287, -61.8520

Details

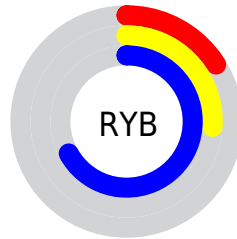
The RGB color **42, 73, 171** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **171, 140, 42**, and the grayscale version is **74, 74, 74**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **106, 121, 227**, and **0, 31, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 60, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 86, 171**.

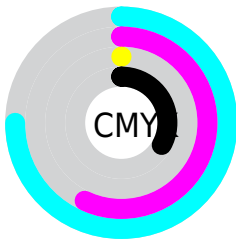
Distribution



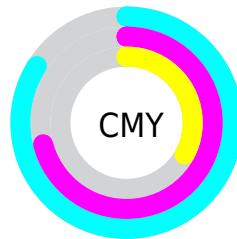
- Red (16%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 42, 73, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 42, 73, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 73, 171 ■ 42, 73, 171

255, 255, 255 ■ 0, 51, 144

■ 106, 121, 227 ■ 0, 31, 118

■ 136, 147, 255 ■ 0, 10, 92

■ 165, 173, 255 ■ 0, 7, 68

■ 194, 201, 255 ■ 0, 3, 45

■ 224, 229, 255 ■ 0, 1, 23

254, 255, 255 ■ 0, 0, 0

■ 42, 73, 171 ■ 42, 73, 171

■ 25, 60, 171 ■ 59, 86, 171

■ 8, 47, 171

■ 76, 99, 171

■ 0, 41, 171

■ 93, 112, 171

■ 110, 125, 171

■ 127, 138, 171

■ 145, 151, 171

■ 162, 164, 171

■ 179, 177, 171

■ 196, 190, 171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 90, 178



42, 73, 171



127, 44, 139

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42, 73, 171



142, 52, 0



0, 100, 68

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 73, 171



171, 140, 42

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 97, 13



42, 73, 171



109, 75, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42, 73, 171



161, 16, 46



63, 89, 0



0, 101, 118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 73, 171



152, 18, 110



63, 89, 0



0, 99, 51

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 73, 171



171, 183, 222



42, 171, 139



81, 88, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 73, 171



20, 68, 222



74, 42, 171



78, 80, 87



0, 36, 150



0, 6, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 42, 73



222, 20, 68



139, 171, 42



87, 78, 80



150, 0, 36



23, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 42, 73, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

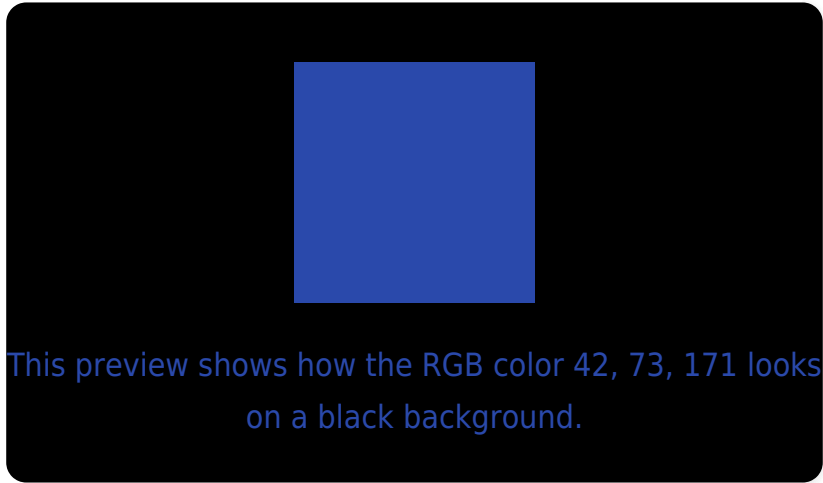
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 42, 73, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 42, 73, 171.

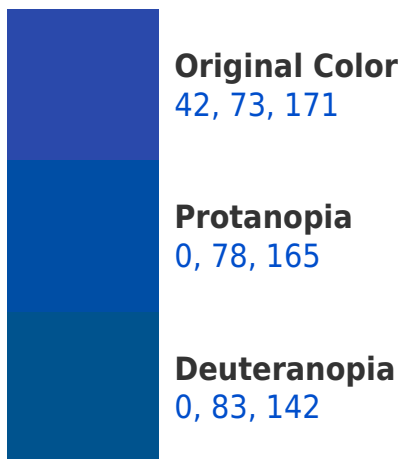



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 42, 73, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 90, 96

Trichromacy



Original Color

42, 73, 171

Protanomaly

15, 76, 167

Deuteranomaly

15, 79, 153

Tritanomaly

15, 84, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

42, 73, 171

Achromatopsia

75, 75, 75

Achromatomaly

63, 74, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 42, 73, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 73, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 73, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 73, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 73, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 42, 73, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 73, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 73, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 73, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 73, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 73, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 73,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 42, 73, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 73, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 73,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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