

Converting Colors

RGB(43, 101, 249)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(43, 101, 249) contains.

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Color

RGB(43, 101, 249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B65F9
RGB	43, 101, 249
RGB Percent	17%, 40%, 98%
CMY	0.8314, 0.6039, 0.0235
CMYK	0.83, 0.59, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	223°, 94%, 57%
HSV	223°, 83%, 98%
XYZ	22.7488, 16.6605, 91.6393
YIQ	100.5300, -82.0760, 33.7320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

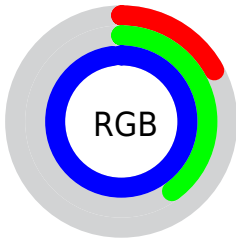
Format	Color
R _Y B	43, 88, 249
Decimal	2844153
CIE Lab	47.83, 35.31, -78.78
CIE LCh	48, 86.332, 294.144
Yxy	16.6605, 0.1736, 0.1271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281034233 (0xFF2B65F9)
YUV	100.5300, 73.1957, -50.4538
Hunter-Lab	40.8173, 28.0537, -104.5405

Details

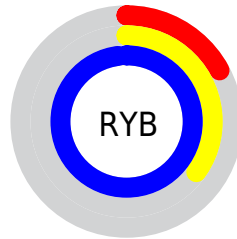
The RGB color **43, 101, 249** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366FF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **249, 191, 43**, and the grayscale version is **100, 100, 100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124, 151, 255**, and **0, 56, 191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 83, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 119, 249**.

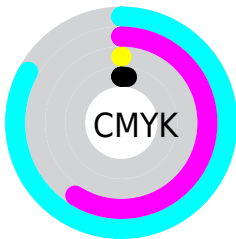
Distribution



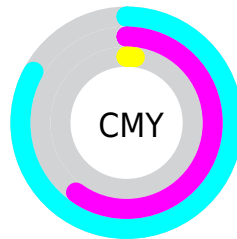
- Red (17%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)




















- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 43, 101, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 43, 101, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 43, 101, 249	 43, 101, 249
 255, 255, 255	 0, 78, 220
 124, 151, 255	 0, 56, 191
 157, 178, 255	 0, 36, 163
 189, 205, 255	 0, 19, 136
 221, 233, 255	 0, 0, 110
 252, 255, 255	 0, 12, 84
	 0, 6, 60
	 0, 2, 38
	 0, 1, 14

■ 43, 101, 249

■ 43, 101, 249

■ 18, 83, 249

■ 68, 119, 249

■ 0, 70, 249

■ 93, 137, 249

■ 118, 155, 249

■ 143, 173, 249

■ 167, 190, 249

■ 192, 208, 249

■ 217, 226, 249

■ 242, 244, 249

■ 255, 255, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 128, 255



43, 101, 249



183, 51, 200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43, 101, 249



202, 68, 0



0, 142, 96

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 101, 249



249, 191, 43

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 137, 0



43, 101, 249



151, 106, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43, 101, 249



232, 0, 60



81, 127, 0



0, 143, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 101, 249



220, 0, 155



81, 127, 0



0, 140, 70

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 101, 249



191, 209, 255



43, 249, 191



89, 100, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 101, 249



3, 74, 255



88, 43, 249



112, 116, 125



0, 53, 189



0, 17, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 43, 101



255, 3, 74



204, 249, 43



125, 112, 116



189, 0, 53



61, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 43, 101, 249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

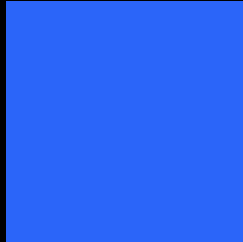
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 43, 101, 249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 43, 101, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 43, 101, 249.

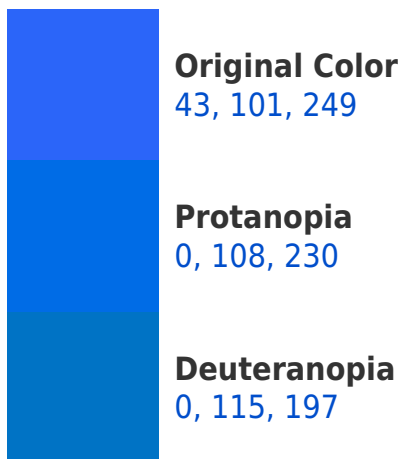


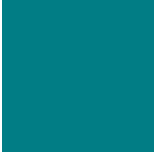
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 43, 101, 249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 125, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 101, 249

Protanomaly
16, 105, 237

Deuteranomaly
16, 110, 216

Tritanomaly
16, 116, 175

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 101, 249

Achromatopsia
101, 101, 101

Achromatomaly
80, 101, 155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 43, 101, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 101, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 101, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 101, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 101, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 43, 101, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 101, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 101, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 101, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 101, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 101, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 101,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 43, 101, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 101, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 101,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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