

Converting Colors

RGB(43, 120, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(43, 120, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(43, 120, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B786B
RGB	43, 120, 107
RGB Percent	17%, 47%, 42%
CMY	0.8314, 0.5294, 0.5804
CMYK	0.64, 0.00, 0.11, 0.53
HSL	170°, 47%, 32%
HSV	170°, 64%, 47%
XYZ	10.3666, 15.0081, 16.2604
YIQ	95.4950, -41.7190, -20.3670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

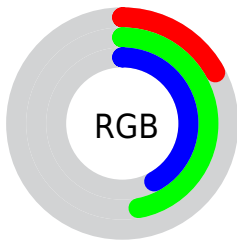
Format	Color
RYB	43, 85, 120
Decimal	2848875
CIELab	45.65, -26.82, 0.18
CIELCh	46, 26.820, 179.625
Yxy	15.0081, 0.2490, 0.3605
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281038955 (0xFF2B786B)
YUV	95.4950, 5.6720, -46.0381
Hunter-Lab	38.7403, -20.0303, 2.2325

Details

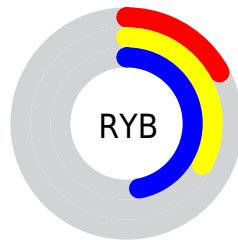
The RGB color **43, 120, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **120, 43, 56**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 173, 158**, and **0, 71, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 120, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 120, 109**.

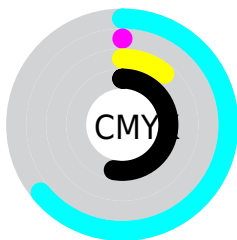
Distribution



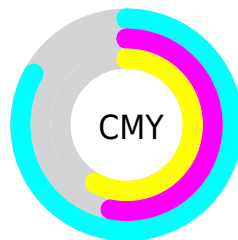
- Red (17%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 43, 120, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 43, 120, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 43, 120, 107  43, 120, 107

255, 255, 255  5, 95, 83

 98, 173, 158  0, 71, 60

 125, 200, 185  0, 48, 38

 152, 229, 213  0, 29, 17

 180, 255, 241  0, 0, 0

 209, 255, 255

 238, 255, 255

 43, 120, 107  43, 120, 107

 31, 120, 105  55, 120, 109

■ 19, 120, 103

■ 67, 120, 111

■ 7, 120, 101

■ 79, 120, 113

■ 0, 120, 100

■ 91, 120, 115

■ 103, 120, 117

■ 115, 120, 119

■ 127, 120, 121

■ 139, 120, 123

■ 151, 120, 125

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73, 118, 85



43, 120, 107



14, 120, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43, 120, 107



110, 102, 147



141, 99, 70

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 120, 107



120, 43, 56

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151, 92, 87



43, 120, 107



136, 95, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43, 120, 107



75, 110, 153



150, 91, 109



123, 107, 63

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 120, 107



23, 118, 142



150, 91, 109



146, 96, 75

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 120, 107



126, 156, 151



57, 120, 43



61, 79, 76



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 120, 107



36, 156, 135



43, 96, 120



55, 61, 60



0, 125, 104



0, 252, 210

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 43, 56



156, 36, 56



120, 67, 43



61, 55, 56



125, 0, 21



252, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 43, 120, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 43, 120, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

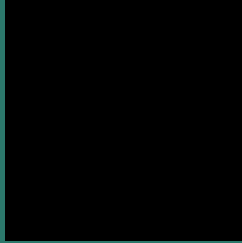
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 43, 120, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 43, 120, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 43, 120, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43, 120, 107

Protanopia

111, 107, 100

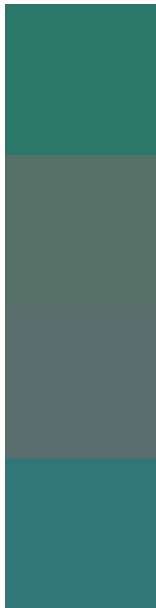
Deuteranopia

117, 104, 110



Tritanopia
52, 117, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color

43, 120, 107

Protanomaly

86, 112, 103

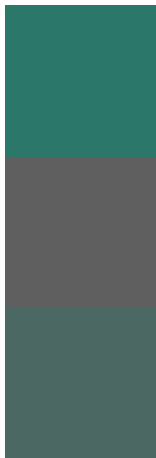
Deuteranomaly

90, 110, 109

Tritanomaly

49, 118, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color

43, 120, 107

Achromatopsia

95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly

76, 104, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 43, 120, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 120, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 120, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 120, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 120, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 43, 120, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 120, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 120, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 120, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 120, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 120, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 120,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 43, 120, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 120, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 120,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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