

Converting Colors

RGB(45, 100, 173)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(45, 100, 173) contains.

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Color

RGB(45, 100, 173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D64AD
RGB	45, 100, 173
RGB Percent	18%, 39%, 68%
CMY	0.8235, 0.6078, 0.3216
CMYK	0.74, 0.42, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	214°, 59%, 43%
HSV	214°, 74%, 68%
XYZ	13.1822, 12.6894, 41.2897
YIQ	91.8770, -56.2130, 11.0430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

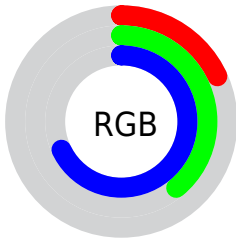
Format	Color
R_{YB}	45, 83, 173
Decimal	2974893
CIE _{Lab}	42.29, 7.56, -44.26
CIE _{LCh}	42, 44.901, 279.689
Yxy	12.6894, 0.1963, 0.1889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281164973 (0xFF2D64AD)
YUV	91.8770, 39.9936, -41.1111
Hunter-Lab	35.6221, 3.7163, -43.7877

Details

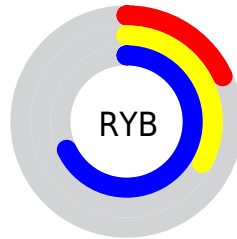
The RGB color **45, 100, 173** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **173, 118, 45**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **108, 150, 229**, and **0, 54, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 90, 173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 110, 173**.

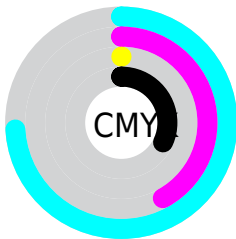
Distribution



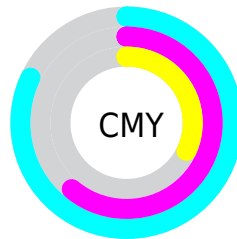
- Red (18%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 45, 100, 173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 45, 100, 173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



45, 100, 173



45, 100, 173

255, 255, 255



0, 76, 146



108, 150, 229



0, 54, 120



136, 177, 255



0, 34, 95



165, 204, 255



0, 10, 71



195, 232, 255



0, 4, 47



224, 255, 255



0, 1, 26

254, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



45, 100, 173



45, 100, 173



28, 90, 173



62, 110, 173

■ 10, 80, 173

■ 80, 120, 173

■ 0, 74, 173

■ 97, 130, 173

■ 114, 139, 173

■ 132, 149, 173

■ 149, 159, 173

■ 166, 169, 173

■ 183, 179, 173

■ 201, 189, 173

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 111, 169



45, 100, 173



117, 85, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45, 100, 173



161, 74, 54



0, 116, 73

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 100, 173



173, 118, 45

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68, 111, 39



45, 100, 173



139, 89, 27

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45, 100, 173



167, 65, 89



108, 102, 18



0, 118, 111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 100, 173



144, 74, 138



108, 102, 18



24, 115, 61

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 100, 173



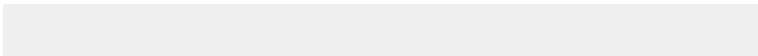
175, 196, 224



45, 173, 118



83, 96, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 100, 173



25, 110, 224



54, 45, 173



78, 82, 87



0, 65, 150



0, 10, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173, 45, 100



224, 25, 110



164, 173, 45



87, 78, 82



150, 0, 65



23, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 45, 100, 173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 45, 100, 173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 45, 100, 173 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 100, 173.

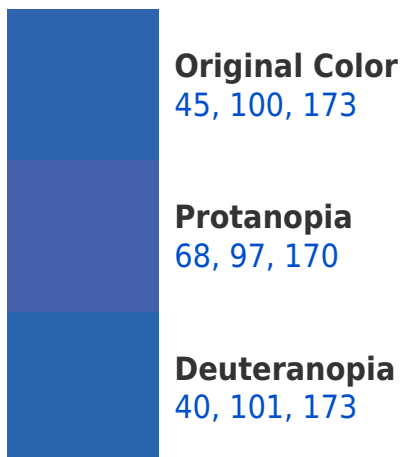


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 100, 173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

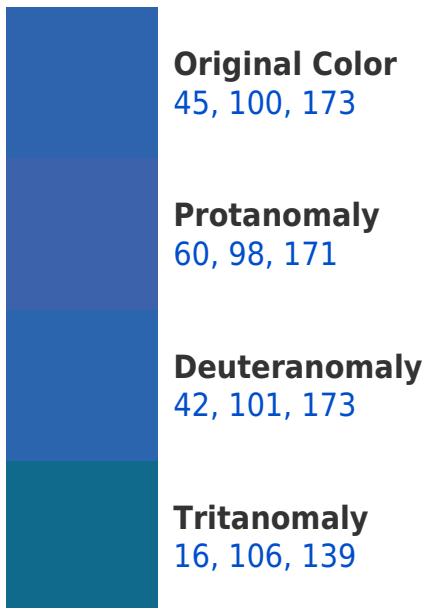
Dichromacy



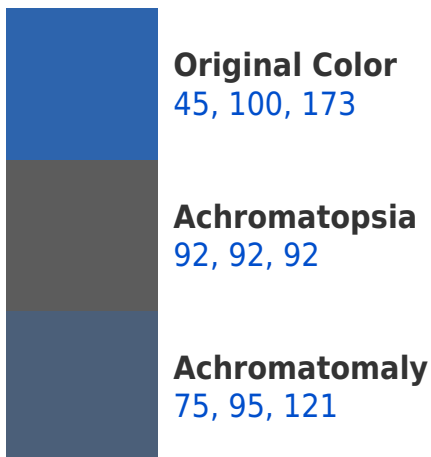


Tritanopia
0, 110, 119

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 45, 100, 173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 100, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 100, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 100, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 100, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 45, 100, 173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 100, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 100, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(45, 100, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 100, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 100, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 100,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 45, 100, 173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 100, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 100,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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