

Converting Colors

RGB(45, 109, 137)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(45, 109, 137) contains.

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Color

RGB(45, 109, 137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	2D6D89
RGB	45, 109, 137
RGB Percent	18%, 43%, 54%
CMY	0.8235, 0.5725, 0.4627
CMYK	0.67, 0.20, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	198°, 51%, 36%
HSV	198°, 67%, 54%
XYZ	11.0662, 13.3013, 25.6511
YIQ	93.0560, -47.1320, -4.8600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

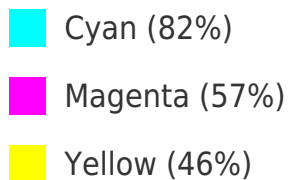
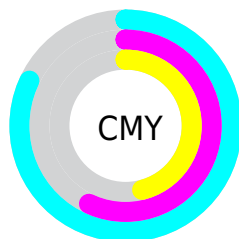
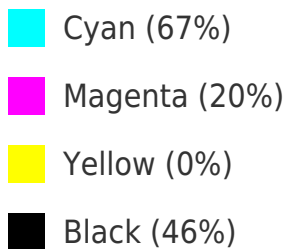
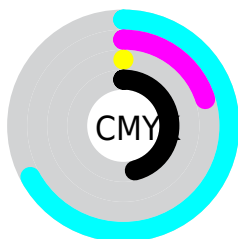
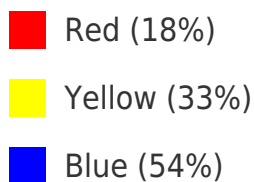
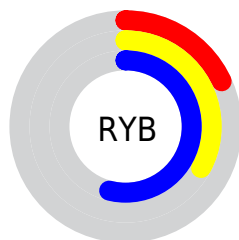
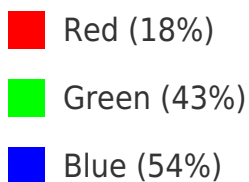
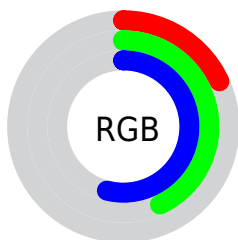
Format	Color
RYB	45, 83, 137
Decimal	2977161
CIELab	43.21, -11.08, -21.43
CIELCh	43, 24.125, 242.655
Yxy	13.3013, 0.2212, 0.2659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281167241 (0xFF2D6D89)
YUV	93.0560, 21.6644, -42.1451
Hunter-Lab	36.4710, -9.6629, -16.1707

Details

The RGB color **45, 109, 137** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **137, 73, 45**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **101, 161, 190**, and **0, 62, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 105, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 113, 137**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 45, 109, 137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 45, 109, 137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



45, 109, 137



45, 109, 137

255, 255, 255



5, 85, 112



101, 161, 190



0, 62, 87



129, 188, 218



0, 40, 64



157, 215, 247



0, 20, 42



185, 244, 255



0, 1, 20



214, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



243, 255, 255



45, 109, 137



45, 109, 137



31, 105, 137



59, 113, 137

■ 18, 101, 137

■ 72, 117, 137

■ 4, 96, 137

■ 86, 122, 137

■ 0, 95, 137

■ 100, 126, 137

■ 114, 130, 137

■ 127, 134, 137

■ 141, 138, 137

■ 155, 142, 137

■ 168, 147, 137

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28, 112, 123



45, 109, 137



77, 103, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45, 109, 137



140, 87, 101



93, 107, 68

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 109, 137



137, 73, 45

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 101, 62



45, 109, 137



140, 89, 82

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45, 109, 137



129, 90, 121



131, 95, 67



69, 111, 83

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 109, 137



98, 99, 139



131, 95, 67



100, 106, 65

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 109, 137



143, 168, 179



45, 137, 73



68, 83, 89



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 109, 137



34, 134, 179



45, 63, 137



62, 67, 69



0, 92, 133



0, 4, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137, 45, 109



179, 34, 134



137, 119, 45



69, 62, 67



133, 0, 92



5, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 45, 109, 137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 45, 109, 137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

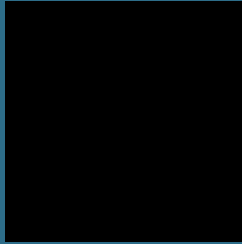
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 45, 109, 137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 109, 137.

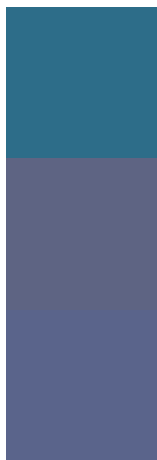


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 109, 137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45, 109, 137

Protanopia

94, 100, 131

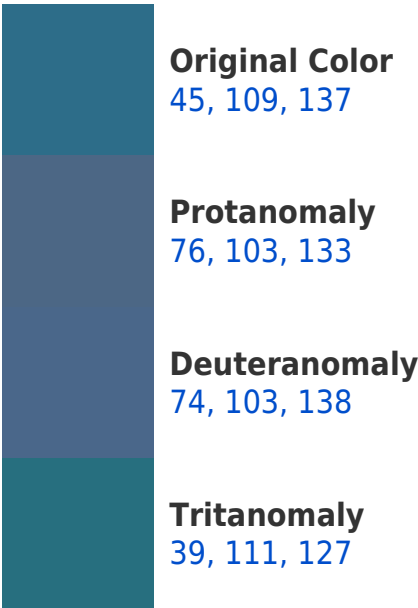
Deuteranopia

90, 100, 139

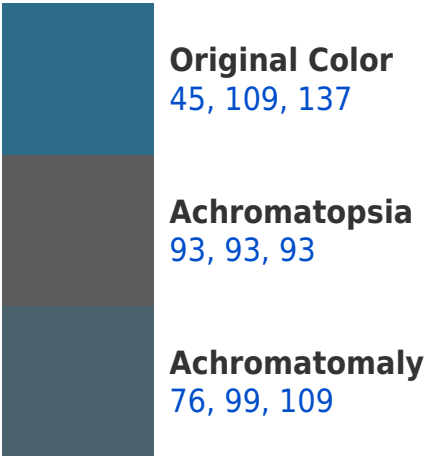


Tritanopia
36, 112, 121

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 45, 109, 137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 109, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 109, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 109, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 109, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 45, 109, 137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 109, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 109, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 109, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 109, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 109, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 109,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 45, 109, 137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 109, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 109,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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