

Converting Colors

RGB(45, 111, 210)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(45, 111, 210) contains.

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Color

RGB(45, 111, 210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D6FD2
RGB	45, 111, 210
RGB Percent	18%, 44%, 82%
CMY	0.8235, 0.5647, 0.1765
CMYK	0.79, 0.47, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	216°, 65%, 50%
HSV	216°, 79%, 82%
XYZ	18.3995, 16.5799, 63.2033
YIQ	102.5520, -71.1150, 16.7970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

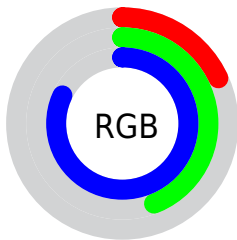
Format	Color
R_{YB}	45, 92, 210
Decimal	2977746
CIE _{Lab}	47.73, 14.56, -56.96
CIE _{LCh}	48, 58.794, 284.336
Yxy	16.5799, 0.1874, 0.1689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281167826 (0xFF2D6FD2)
YUV	102.5520, 52.9719, -50.4731
Hunter-Lab	40.7184, 9.4017, -63.5272

Details

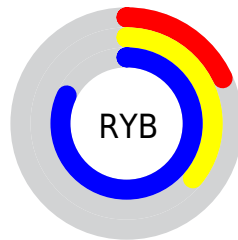
The RGB color **45, 111, 210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **210, 144, 45**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **115, 162, 255**, and **0, 64, 155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24, 98, 210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 124, 210**.

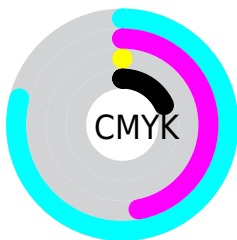
Distribution



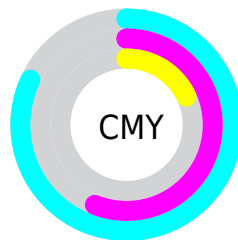
- Red (18%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




















- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 45, 111, 210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 45, 111, 210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 45, 111, 210	 45, 111, 210
 255, 255, 255	 0, 87, 182
 115, 162, 255	 0, 64, 155
 146, 189, 255	 0, 43, 128
 176, 217, 255	 0, 25, 102
 207, 245, 255	 0, 6, 78
 237, 255, 255	 0, 5, 54
	 0, 2, 32
	 0, 0, 3
	 0, 0, 0

■ 45, 111, 210

■ 45, 111, 210

■ 24, 98, 210

■ 66, 124, 210

■ 3, 86, 210

■ 87, 136, 210

■ 0, 84, 210

■ 108, 149, 210

■ 129, 161, 210

■ 150, 174, 210

■ 171, 187, 210

■ 192, 199, 210

■ 213, 212, 210

■ 234, 224, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 126, 209



45, 111, 210



145, 89, 185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45, 111, 210



189, 79, 45



0, 134, 85

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 111, 210



210, 144, 45

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55, 129, 35



45, 111, 210



157, 101, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45, 111, 210



201, 61, 92



114, 118, 0



0, 136, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 111, 210



178, 73, 157



114, 118, 0



0, 133, 68

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 111, 210



194, 218, 255



45, 210, 144



91, 105, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 111, 210



15, 111, 255



61, 45, 210



94, 98, 105



0, 67, 168



0, 16, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 45, 111



255, 15, 111



194, 210, 45



105, 94, 98



168, 0, 67



41, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 45, 111, 210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 45, 111, 210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

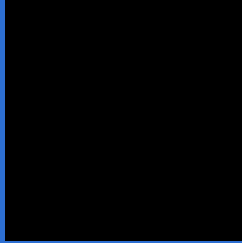
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

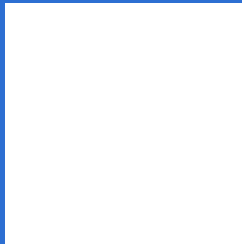
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 45, 111, 210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 111, 210.

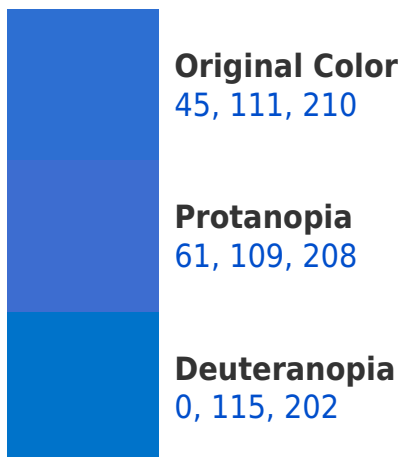


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 111, 210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 125, 134

Trichromacy



Original Color

45, 111, 210

Protanomaly

55, 110, 209

Deuteranomaly

16, 114, 205

Tritanomaly

16, 120, 162

Monochromacy



Original Color

45, 111, 210

Achromatopsia

103, 103, 103

Achromatomaly

82, 106, 142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 45, 111, 210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 111, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 111, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 111, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 111, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 45, 111, 210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 111, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 111, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(45, 111, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 111, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 111, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 111,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 45, 111, 210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 111, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 111,  
210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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