

Converting Colors

RGB(45, 221, 191)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(45, 221, 191) contains.

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Color

RGB(45, 221, 191)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2DDDBF
RGB	45, 221, 191
RGB Percent	18%, 87%, 75%
CMY	0.8235, 0.1333, 0.2510
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.14, 0.13
HSL	170°, 72%, 52%
HSV	170°, 80%, 87%
XYZ	36.3426, 56.0324, 58.1901
YIQ	164.9560, -95.2660, -46.6420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

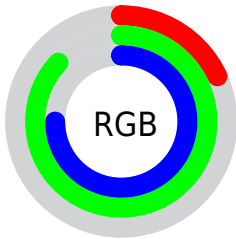
Format	Color
RYB	45, 141, 221
Decimal	3005887
CIELab	79.63, -49.30, 2.58
CIELCh	80, 49.368, 177.004
Yxy	56.0324, 0.2414, 0.3721
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281195967 (0xFF2DDDBF)
YUV	164.9560, 12.8397, -105.2014
Hunter-Lab	74.8548, -44.3326, 6.3079

Details

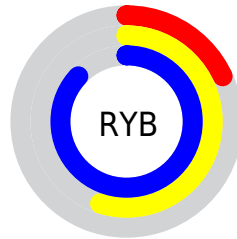
The RGB color **45, 221, 191** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **221, 45, 75**, and the grayscale version is **165, 165, 165**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121, 255, 247**, and **0, 165, 138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23, 221, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 221, 195**.

Distribution



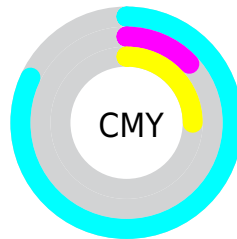
- Red (18%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 45, 221, 191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 45, 221, 191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



45, 221, 191



45, 221, 191

255, 255, 255



0, 193, 164



121, 255, 247



0, 165, 138



153, 255, 255



0, 138, 112



185, 255, 255



0, 112, 88



216, 255, 255



0, 86, 65



247, 255, 255



0, 61, 43



0, 39, 22



0, 0, 0



45, 221, 191



45, 221, 191

■ 23, 221, 187

■ 67, 221, 195

■ 1, 221, 183

■ 89, 221, 199

■ 0, 221, 183

■ 111, 221, 202

■ 133, 221, 206

■ 155, 221, 210

■ 178, 221, 214

■ 200, 221, 217

■ 222, 221, 221

■ 244, 221, 225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128, 217, 146



45, 221, 191



0, 221, 238

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45, 221, 191



195, 187, 255



255, 177, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 221, 191



221, 45, 75

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 163, 158



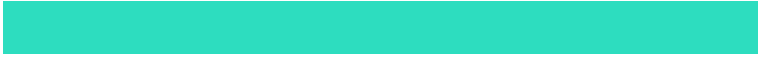
45, 221, 191



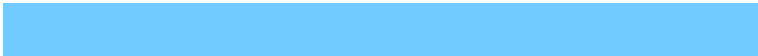
250, 170, 248

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45, 221, 191



113, 203, 255



255, 160, 204



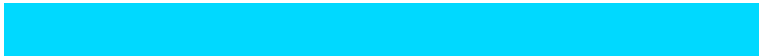
230, 193, 104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 221, 191



0, 217, 255



255, 160, 204



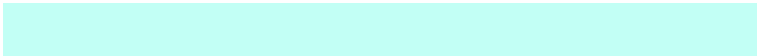
255, 172, 132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 221, 191



194, 255, 245



77, 221, 45



91, 128, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 221, 191



10, 255, 213



45, 165, 221



99, 110, 108



0, 173, 144



0, 46, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 45, 75



255, 10, 52



221, 101, 45



110, 99, 101



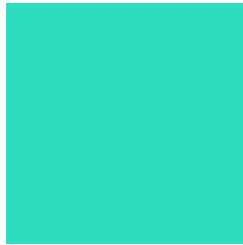
173, 0, 30



46, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 45, 221, 191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

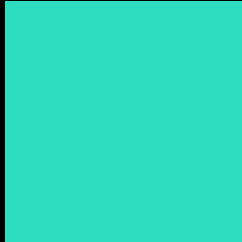
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 45, 221, 191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

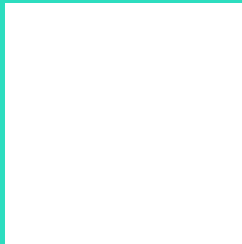
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 45, 221, 191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 221, 191.



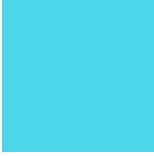
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 221, 191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



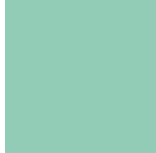


Tritanopia
73, 215, 233

Trichromacy



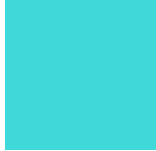
Original Color
45, 221, 191



Protanomaly
146, 204, 182



Deuteranomaly
152, 201, 195

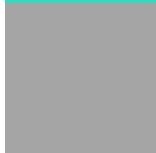


Tritanomaly
63, 217, 218

Monochromacy



Original Color
45, 221, 191



Achromatopsia
165, 165, 165



Achromatomaly
121, 185, 174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 45, 221, 191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 221, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 221, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 221, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 221, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 45, 221, 191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 221, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 221, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(45, 221, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 221, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 221, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 221,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 45, 221, 191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 221, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 221,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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