

Converting Colors

RGB(48, 207, 243)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(48, 207, 243) contains.

RGB(48, 207, 243)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(48, 207, 243)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	30CFF3
RGB	48, 207, 243
RGB Percent	19%, 81%, 95%
CMY	0.8118, 0.1882, 0.0471
CMYK	0.80, 0.15, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	191°, 89%, 57%
HSV	191°, 80%, 95%
XYZ	39.7094, 51.7251, 92.6851
YIQ	163.5630, -106.3200, -22.5120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

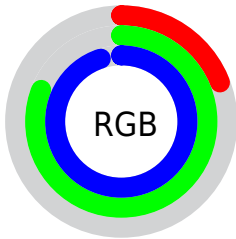
Format	Color
RYB	48, 136, 243
Decimal	3198963
CIELab	77.12, -27.58, -29.00
CIELCh	77, 40.019, 226.440
Yxy	51.7251, 0.2157, 0.2809
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281389043 (0xFF30CFF3)
YUV	163.5630, 39.1624, -101.3488
Hunter-Lab	71.9202, -27.3047, -26.0642

Details

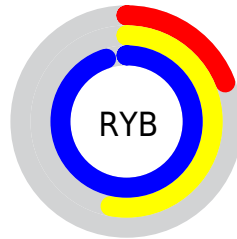
The RGB color **48, 207, 243** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **243, 84, 48**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126, 255, 255**, and **0, 152, 187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24, 203, 243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72, 211, 243**.

Distribution



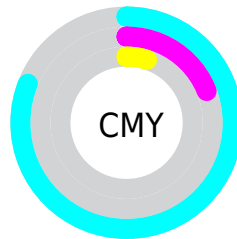
- Red (19%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 48, 207, 243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 48, 207, 243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



48, 207, 243



48, 207, 243

255, 255, 255



0, 179, 215



126, 255, 255



0, 152, 187



159, 255, 255



0, 126, 160



191, 255, 255



0, 101, 133



222, 255, 255



0, 77, 108

254, 255, 255



0, 53, 84



0, 34, 60



0, 3, 38



0, 1, 16

■ 48, 207, 243

■ 48, 207, 243

■ 24, 203, 243

■ 72, 211, 243

■ 0, 198, 243

■ 97, 216, 243

■ 121, 220, 243

■ 145, 225, 243

■ 169, 229, 243

■ 194, 234, 243

■ 218, 238, 243

■ 242, 243, 243

■ 255, 247, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55, 210, 210



48, 207, 243



108, 199, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48, 207, 243



252, 164, 209



195, 195, 118

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 207, 243



243, 84, 48

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



230, 182, 118



48, 207, 243



255, 162, 171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48, 207, 243



220, 174, 242



254, 170, 138



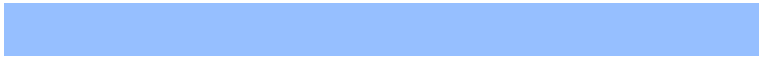
153, 204, 138

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 207, 243



150, 191, 255



254, 170, 138



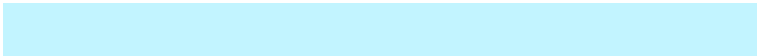
207, 191, 116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 207, 243



194, 244, 255



48, 243, 84



91, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



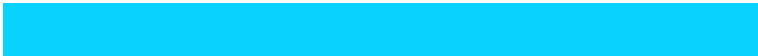
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 207, 243



10, 210, 255



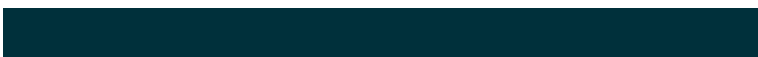
48, 110, 243



110, 120, 122



0, 152, 186



0, 48, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 48, 207



255, 10, 210



243, 181, 48



122, 110, 120



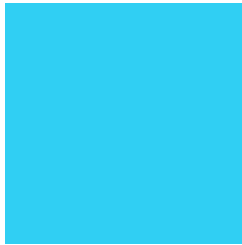
186, 0, 152



59, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 48, 207, 243 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

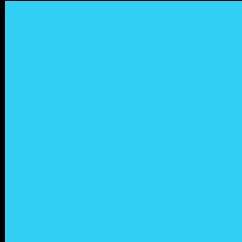
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 48, 207, 243 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 48, 207, 243 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 48, 207, 243.

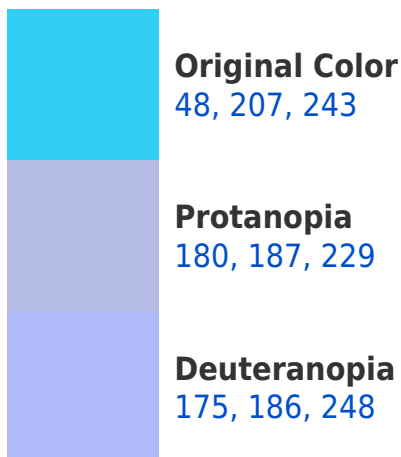


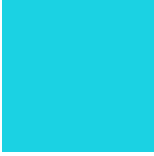
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 48, 207, 243.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
27, 210, 227

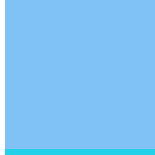
Trichromacy



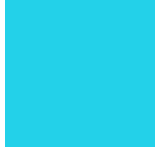
Original Color
48, 207, 243



Protanomaly
132, 194, 234



Deuteranomaly
129, 194, 246

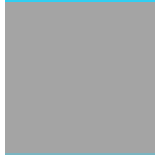


Tritanomaly
35, 209, 233

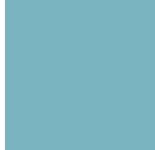
Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 207, 243



Achromatopsia
164, 164, 164



Achromatomaly
122, 180, 193

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 48, 207, 243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 207, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 207, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 207, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 207, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 48, 207, 243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 207, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 207, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 207, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 207, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 207, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 207,  
243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 48, 207, 243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 207, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 207,  
243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor