

Converting Colors

RGB(49, 121, 237)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(49, 121, 237) contains.

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Color

RGB(49, 121, 237)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3179ED
RGB	49, 121, 237
RGB Percent	19%, 47%, 93%
CMY	0.8078, 0.5255, 0.0706
CMYK	0.79, 0.49, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	217°, 84%, 56%
HSV	217°, 79%, 93%
XYZ	23.3901, 20.4421, 82.8337
YIQ	112.6960, -80.1480, 20.8120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

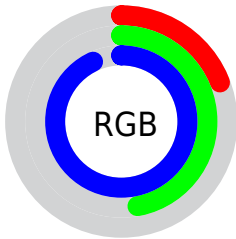
Format	Color
R_{YB}	49, 101, 237
Decimal	3242477
CIE _{Lab}	52.33, 18.79, -64.76
CIE _{LCh}	52, 67.431, 286.179
Yxy	20.4421, 0.1847, 0.1614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281432557 (0xFF3179ED)
YUV	112.6960, 61.2819, -55.8614
Hunter-Lab	45.2130, 13.2208, -76.9748

Details

The RGB color **49, 121, 237** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **237, 165, 49**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **123, 173, 255**, and **0, 74, 180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 106, 237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 136, 237**.

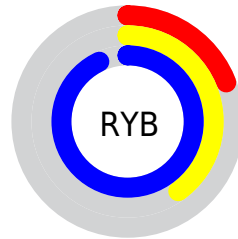
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (47%)

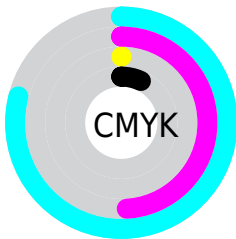
Blue (93%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (93%)

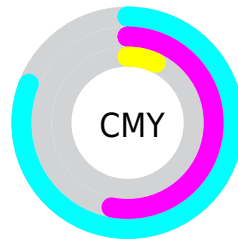


Cyan (79%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (81%)


















Magenta (53%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 49, 121, 237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 49, 121, 237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 121, 237	 49, 121, 237
 255, 255, 255	 0, 97, 208
 123, 173, 255	 0, 74, 180
 155, 200, 255	 0, 52, 153
 186, 228, 255	 0, 33, 126
 217, 255, 255	 0, 10, 100
 248, 255, 255	 0, 9, 75
	 0, 4, 52
	 0, 2, 30
	 0, 0, 0

■ 49, 121, 237

■ 49, 121, 237

■ 25, 106, 237

■ 73, 136, 237

■ 2, 92, 237

■ 96, 150, 237

■ 0, 91, 237

■ 120, 165, 237

■ 144, 179, 237

■ 167, 194, 237

■ 191, 209, 237

■ 215, 223, 237

■ 239, 238, 237

■ 255, 253, 237

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 139, 238



49, 121, 237



166, 94, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49, 121, 237



210, 86, 42



0, 149, 95

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 121, 237



237, 165, 49

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46, 143, 34



49, 121, 237



172, 112, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49, 121, 237



226, 61, 96



121, 132, 0



0, 151, 156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 121, 237



202, 74, 173



121, 132, 0



0, 148, 75

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 121, 237



194, 217, 255



49, 237, 165



91, 105, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 121, 237



13, 106, 255



71, 49, 237



106, 110, 117



0, 69, 181



0, 21, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



237, 49, 121



255, 13, 106



215, 237, 49



117, 106, 110



181, 0, 69



54, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 49, 121, 237 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

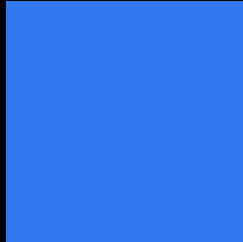
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 49, 121, 237 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

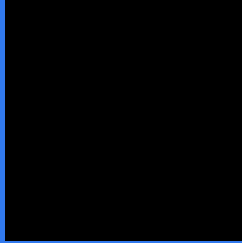
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

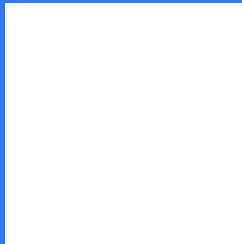
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 49, 121, 237 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 49, 121, 237.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 49, 121, 237.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 138, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 121, 237

Protanomaly

55, 120, 236

Deuteranomaly

18, 125, 227

Tritanomaly

18, 132, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 121, 237

Achromatopsia

113, 113, 113

Achromatomaly

90, 116, 158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 49, 121, 237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 121, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 121, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 121, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 121, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 49, 121, 237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 121, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 121, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 121, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 121, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 121, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 121,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 49, 121, 237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 121, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 121,  
237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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