

Converting Colors

RGB(4, 140, 117)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(4, 140, 117) contains.

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Color

RGB(4, 140, 117)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	048C75
RGB	4, 140, 117
RGB Percent	2%, 55%, 46%
CMY	0.9843, 0.4510, 0.5412
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.16, 0.45
HSL	170°, 94%, 28%
HSV	170°, 97%, 55%
XYZ	12.6390, 20.0663, 20.0367
YIQ	96.7140, -73.6730, -35.9850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

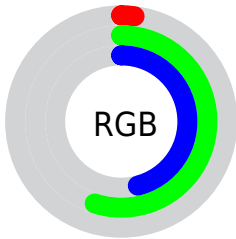
Format	Color
RYB	4, 78, 140
Decimal	298101
CIELab	51.91, -37.52, 3.33
CIElCh	52, 37.664, 174.926
Yxy	20.0663, 0.2396, 0.3805
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278488181 (0xFF048C75)
YUV	96.7140, 10.0010, -81.3102
Hunter-Lab	44.7955, -28.0283, 4.8369

Details

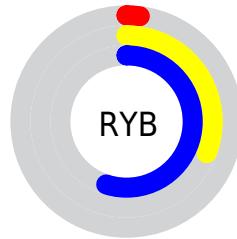
The RGB color **4, 140, 117** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **140, 4, 27**, and the grayscale version is **97, 97, 97**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 194, 169**, and **0, 89, 69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 140, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 140, 119**.

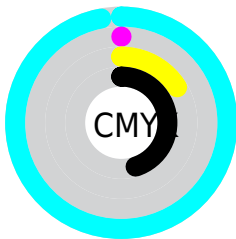
Distribution



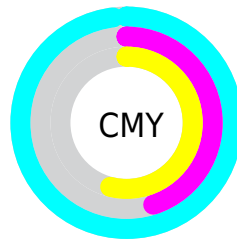
- Red (2%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 4, 140, 117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 4, 140, 117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



4, 140, 117



4, 140, 117

255, 255, 255



0, 114, 92



85, 194, 169



0, 89, 69



114, 223, 196



0, 65, 47



143, 251, 224



0, 42, 26



172, 255, 253



0, 13, 0



201, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



231, 255, 255



4, 140, 117



4, 140, 117



0, 140, 116



18, 140, 119

■ 32, 140, 122

■ 46, 140, 124

■ 60, 140, 126

■ 74, 140, 129

■ 88, 140, 131

■ 102, 140, 134

■ 116, 140, 136

■ 130, 140, 138

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77, 137, 85



4, 140, 117



0, 140, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4, 140, 117



118, 117, 182



172, 108, 72

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4, 140, 117



140, 4, 27

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184, 99, 98



4, 140, 117



159, 105, 161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4, 140, 117



55, 129, 188



181, 98, 131



148, 120, 58

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4, 140, 117



0, 138, 168



181, 98, 131



178, 105, 80

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4, 140, 117



129, 181, 172



29, 140, 4



60, 92, 86



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4, 140, 117



0, 181, 150



4, 97, 140



62, 69, 68



0, 133, 110



0, 5, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 4, 27



181, 0, 31



140, 47, 4



69, 62, 63



133, 0, 22



5, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 4, 140, 117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

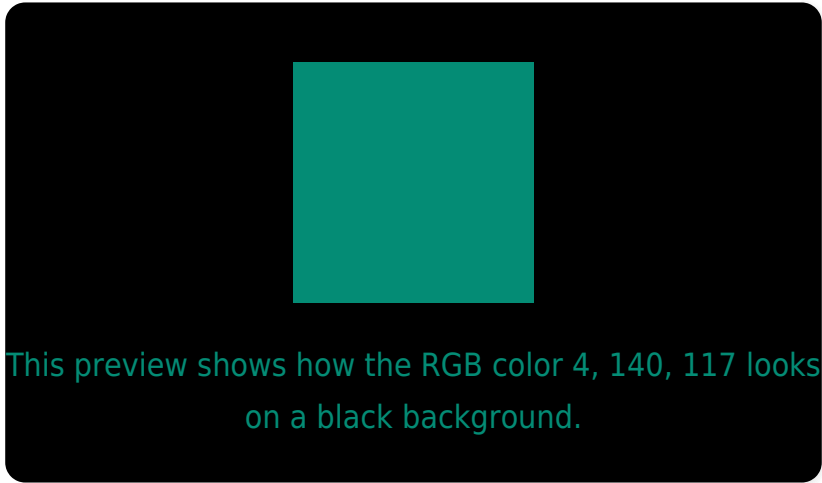
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

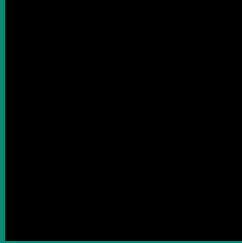
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 4, 140, 117 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 4, 140, 117.

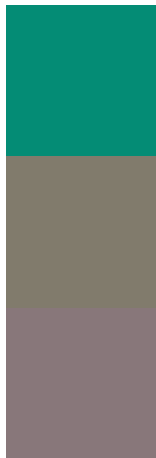


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 4, 140, 117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
4, 140, 117

Protanopia
129, 123, 108

Deuteranopia
136, 119, 122



Tritanopia
40, 136, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

4, 140, 117



Protanomaly

84, 129, 111



Deuteranomaly

88, 127, 120



Tritanomaly

27, 137, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

4, 140, 117



Achromatopsia

97, 97, 97



Achromatomaly

63, 113, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 4, 140, 117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 140, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 140, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 140, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 140, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 4, 140, 117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 140, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 140, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 140, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 140, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 140, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 140,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 4, 140, 117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 140, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 140,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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