

Converting Colors

RGB(4, 160, 4)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(4, 160, 4) contains.

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Color

RGB(4, 160, 4)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	04A004
RGB	4, 160, 4
RGB Percent	2%, 63%, 2%
CMY	0.9843, 0.3725, 0.9843
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.98, 0.37
HSL	120°, 95%, 32%
HSV	120°, 98%, 63%
XYZ	12.6428, 25.1762, 4.3080
YIQ	95.5720, -42.9000, -81.5880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

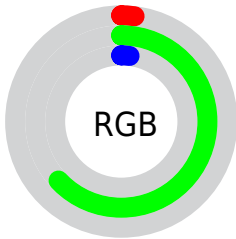
Format	Color
RYB	4, 160, 160
Decimal	303108
CIELab	57.25, -60.48, 58.14
CIElCh	57, 83.895, 136.134
Yxy	25.1762, 0.3001, 0.5976
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278493188 (0xFF04A004)
YUV	95.5720, -45.1450, -80.3086
Hunter-Lab	50.1759, -42.8312, 30.0326

Details

The RGB color **4, 160, 4** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **160, 4, 160**, and the grayscale version is **96, 96, 96**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 216, 73**, and **0, 107, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 160, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 160, 20**.

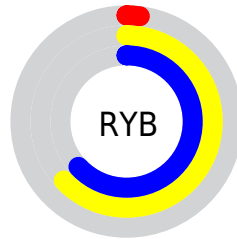
Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (63%)

Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (63%)

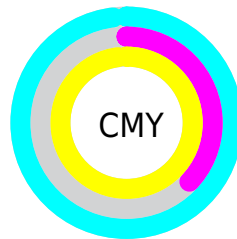


Cyan (98%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (98%)


Magenta (37%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 4, 160, 4 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 4, 160, 4 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 4, 160, 4

 4, 160, 4

255, 255, 255

 0, 133, 0

 93, 216, 73

 0, 107, 0

 124, 245, 100

 0, 81, 0

 154, 255, 128

 0, 57, 0

 184, 255, 155


 0, 33, 0


 214, 255, 183


 0, 0, 0

 244, 255, 212


 255, 255, 241


 4, 160, 4

 4, 160, 4


 0, 160, 0


 20, 160, 20


 36, 160, 36


 52, 160, 52

 68, 160, 68

 84, 160, 84

 100, 160, 100

 116, 160, 116

 132, 160, 132

 148, 160, 148

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



130, 146, 0



4, 160, 4



0, 167, 100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4, 160, 4



0, 156, 255



255, 39, 102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4, 160, 4



160, 4, 160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



249, 47, 175



4, 160, 4



0, 133, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4, 160, 4



0, 166, 243



187, 95, 240



241, 84, 28

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4, 160, 4



0, 168, 151



187, 95, 240



255, 30, 126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4, 160, 4



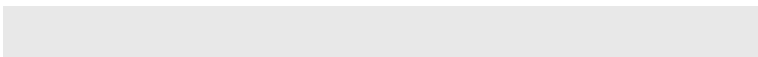
148, 209, 148



160, 160, 4



68, 105, 68



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4, 160, 4



0, 209, 0



4, 160, 82



71, 79, 71



0, 143, 0



0, 15, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



160, 4, 160



209, 0, 209



160, 4, 82



79, 71, 79



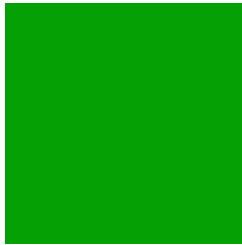
143, 0, 143



15, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 4, 160, 4 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

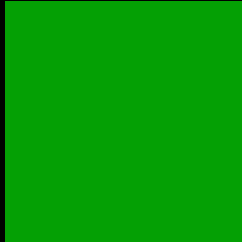
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 4, 160, 4 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 4, 160, 4 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 4, 160, 4.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 4, 160, 4.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

4, 160, 4

Protanopia

154, 137, 0

Deuteranopia

172, 130, 35



Tritanopia
67, 149, 161

Trichromacy



Original Color

4, 160, 4



Protanomaly

99, 145, 1



Deuteranomaly

111, 141, 24



Tritanomaly

44, 153, 104

Monochromacy



Original Color

4, 160, 4



Achromatopsia

96, 96, 96



Achromatomaly

63, 119, 63

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 4, 160, 4 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 160, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 160, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 160, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 160, 4) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 4, 160, 4 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 160, 4) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 160, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 160, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 160, 4); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 160, 4); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 160, 4) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 4, 160, 4 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 160, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 160,  
4) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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