

Converting Colors

RGB(51, 91, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(51, 91, 171) contains.

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Color

RGB(51, 91, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	335BAB
RGB	51, 91, 171
RGB Percent	20%, 36%, 67%
CMY	0.8000, 0.6431, 0.3294
CMYK	0.70, 0.47, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	220°, 54%, 44%
HSV	220°, 70%, 67%
XYZ	12.4570, 11.1263, 40.0191
YIQ	88.1600, -49.5200, 16.4000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

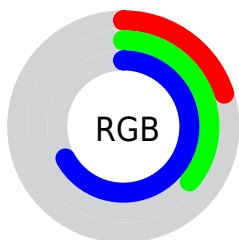
Format	Color
RYB	51, 81, 171
Decimal	3365803
CIELab	39.79, 13.49, -47.07
CIELCh	40, 48.965, 285.996
Yxy	11.1263, 0.1959, 0.1749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281555883 (0xFF335BAB)
YUV	88.1600, 40.8401, -32.5893
Hunter-Lab	33.3560, 8.2888, -47.7843

Details

The RGB color **51, 91, 171** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. A complement of this color would be **171, 131, 51**, and the grayscale version is **88, 88, 88**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **111, 141, 227**, and **0, 46, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 80, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 102, 171**.

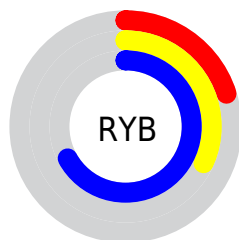
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (36%)

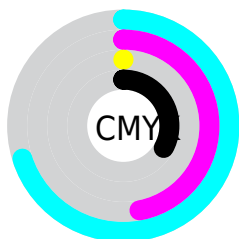
Blue (67%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (67%)

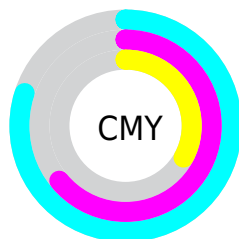


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (64%)


Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 51, 91, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 51, 91, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 51, 91, 171

 51, 91, 171

255, 255, 255

 2, 68, 144

 111, 141, 227

 0, 46, 118

 140, 167, 255

 0, 27, 93

 169, 194, 255

 0, 0, 69

 198, 222, 255


 0, 3, 45

 227, 250, 255

 0, 1, 24

 0, 0, 0

 51, 91, 171

 51, 91, 171

 34, 80, 171

 68, 102, 171

■ 17, 68, 171

■ 85, 114, 171

■ 0, 57, 171

■ 102, 125, 171

■ 119, 137, 171

■ 136, 148, 171

■ 154, 159, 171

■ 171, 171, 171

■ 188, 182, 171

■ 205, 194, 171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 104, 171



51, 91, 171



122, 73, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51, 91, 171



154, 68, 37



0, 111, 73

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 91, 171



171, 131, 51

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45, 107, 33



51, 91, 171



128, 85, 2

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51, 91, 171



165, 54, 74



93, 98, 0



0, 112, 115

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 91, 171



148, 61, 127



93, 98, 0



0, 110, 59

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 91, 171



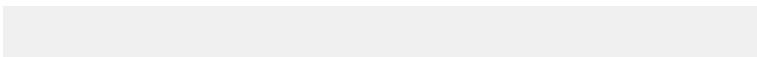
175, 191, 222



51, 171, 131



84, 94, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 91, 171



35, 98, 222



71, 51, 171



78, 81, 87



0, 50, 150



0, 8, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 51, 91



222, 35, 98



151, 171, 51



87, 78, 81



150, 0, 50



23, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 51, 91, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 51, 91, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 51, 91, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 51, 91, 171.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 51, 91, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 91, 171

Protanopia

53, 91, 171

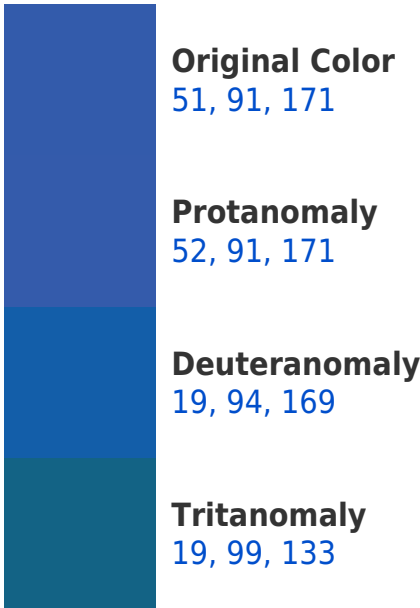
Deuteranopia

0, 95, 168

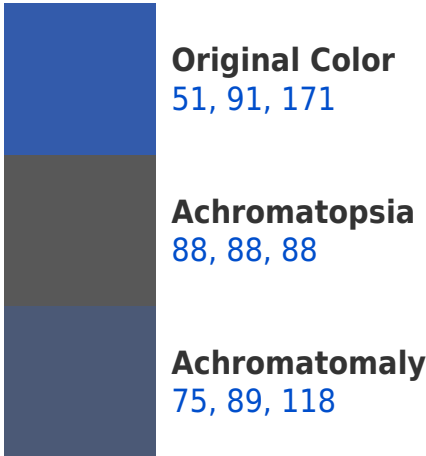


Tritanopia
0, 104, 112

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 51, 91, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 91, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 91, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 91, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 91, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 51, 91, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 91, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 91, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 91, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 91, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 91, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 91,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 51, 91, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 91, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 91,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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