

Converting Colors

RGB(53, 130, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(53, 130, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(53, 130, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	35826B
RGB	53, 130, 107
RGB Percent	21%, 51%, 42%
CMY	0.7922, 0.4902, 0.5804
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.18, 0.49
HSL	162°, 42%, 36%
HSV	162°, 59%, 51%
XYZ	12.1047, 17.7837, 16.7045
YIQ	104.3550, -38.5090, -23.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

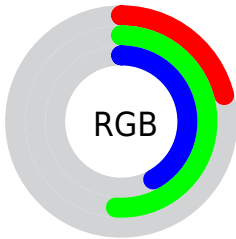
Format	Color
RYB	53, 98, 130
Decimal	3506795
CIELab	49.23, -29.62, 5.40
CIELCh	49, 30.104, 169.660
Yxy	17.7837, 0.2598, 0.3817
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281696875 (0xFF35826B)
YUV	104.3550, 1.3040, -45.0383
Hunter-Lab	42.1707, -22.5621, 6.0337




Details

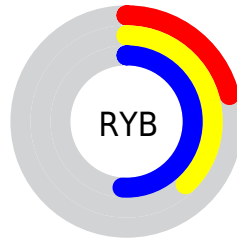
The RGB color **53, 130, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **130, 53, 76**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **107, 183, 158**, and **0, 80, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 130, 103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 130, 111**.

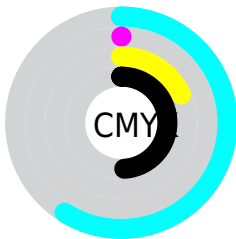
Distribution







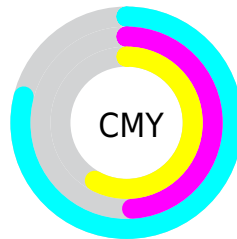
-  Red (21%)
-  Green (51%)
-  Blue (42%)






-  Red (21%)
-  Yellow (38%)
-  Blue (51%)



-  Cyan (59%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (18%)
-  Black (49%)





-  Cyan (79%)
-  Magenta (49%)
-  Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 53, 130, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 53, 130, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 53, 130, 107

 53, 130, 107


255, 255, 255

 22, 105, 83

 107, 183, 158

 0, 80, 60

 134, 211, 185

 0, 56, 38

 162, 240, 213


 0, 35, 17

 190, 255, 241


 0, 0, 0


 219, 255, 255

 248, 255, 255

 53, 130, 107

 53, 130, 107

 40, 130, 103

 66, 130, 111

■ 27, 130, 99

■ 79, 130, 115

■ 14, 130, 95

■ 92, 130, 119

■ 1, 130, 91

■ 105, 130, 123

■ 0, 130, 91

■ 118, 130, 126

■ 131, 130, 130

■ 144, 130, 134

■ 157, 130, 138

■ 170, 130, 142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87, 127, 83



53, 130, 107



0, 130, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53, 130, 107



107, 114, 165



159, 104, 79

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 130, 107



130, 53, 76

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167, 98, 101



53, 130, 107



140, 104, 150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53, 130, 107



62, 122, 167



161, 98, 127



141, 112, 67

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 130, 107



0, 129, 149



161, 98, 127



163, 101, 86

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 130, 107



138, 168, 159



76, 130, 53



66, 84, 79



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 130, 107



49, 168, 133



53, 115, 130



57, 64, 62



0, 128, 89



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130, 53, 76



168, 49, 84



130, 68, 53



64, 57, 59



128, 0, 38



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 53, 130, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 53, 130, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

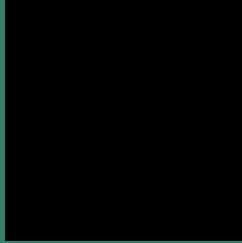
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 53, 130, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 53, 130, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 53, 130, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 126, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 130, 107

Protanomaly
97, 121, 103

Deuteranomaly
102, 119, 110

Tritanomaly
59, 127, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 130, 107

Achromatopsia
104, 104, 104

Achromatomaly
85, 113, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 53, 130, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 130, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 130, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 130, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 130, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 53, 130, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 130, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 130, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 130, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 130, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 130, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 130,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 53, 130, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 130, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 130,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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