

Converting Colors

RGB(54, 180, 176)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(54, 180, 176) contains.

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Color

RGB(54, 180, 176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	36B4B0
RGB	54, 180, 176
RGB Percent	21%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.7882, 0.2941, 0.3098
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.02, 0.29
HSL	178°, 54%, 46%
HSV	178°, 70%, 71%
XYZ	25.6791, 36.5614, 46.7779
YIQ	141.8700, -73.8120, -27.9560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

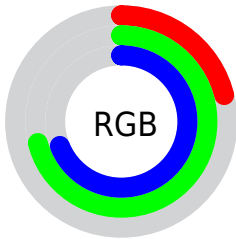
Format	Color
RYB	54, 118, 180
Decimal	3585200
CIELab	66.95, -34.29, -7.90
CIELCh	67, 35.193, 192.973
Yxy	36.5614, 0.2355, 0.3354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281775280 (0xFF36B4B0)
YUV	141.8700, 16.8261, -77.0620
Hunter-Lab	60.4660, -30.0091, -3.5419

Details

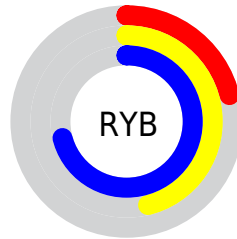
The RGB color **54, 180, 176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **180, 54, 58**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **119, 236, 232**, and **0, 127, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 180, 175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72, 180, 177**.

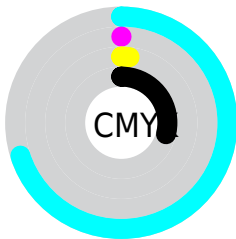
Distribution



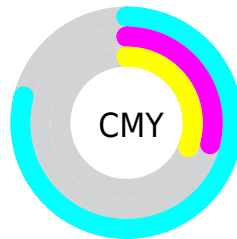
- Red (21%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (29%)



















- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 54, 180, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 54, 180, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 54, 180, 176	 54, 180, 176
 255, 255, 255	 0, 153, 149
 119, 236, 232	 0, 127, 124
 149, 255, 255	 0, 101, 99
 179, 255, 255	 0, 76, 75
 209, 255, 255	 0, 53, 52
 239, 255, 255	 0, 33, 31
	 0, 0, 6
	 0, 0, 0

 54, 180, 176  54, 180, 176

■ 36, 180, 175

■ 72, 180, 177

■ 18, 180, 175

■ 90, 180, 177

■ 0, 180, 174

■ 108, 180, 178

■ 126, 180, 178

■ 144, 180, 179

■ 162, 180, 179

■ 180, 180, 180

■ 198, 180, 181

■ 216, 180, 181

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96, 179, 143



54, 180, 176



41, 178, 205

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54, 180, 176



184, 150, 209



200, 155, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 180, 176



180, 54, 58

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



219, 144, 121



54, 180, 176



213, 141, 182

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54, 180, 176



140, 161, 224



225, 139, 150



170, 165, 100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 180, 176



69, 174, 219



225, 139, 150



208, 151, 107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 180, 176



185, 235, 233



58, 180, 54



88, 117, 116



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 180, 176



38, 235, 228



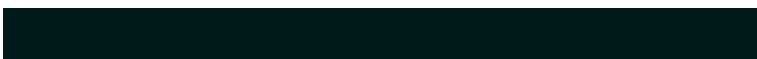
54, 121, 180



80, 89, 89



0, 153, 148



0, 26, 25

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 54, 58



235, 38, 44



180, 113, 54



89, 80, 81



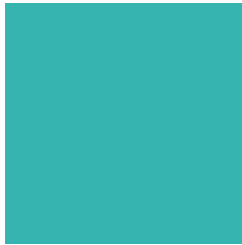
153, 0, 5



26, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 54, 180, 176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

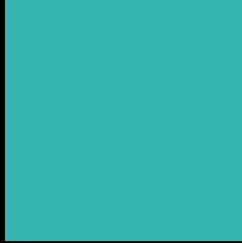
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 54, 180, 176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

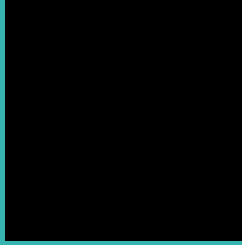
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

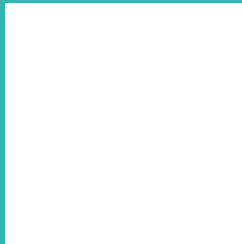
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 54, 180, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 54, 180, 176.

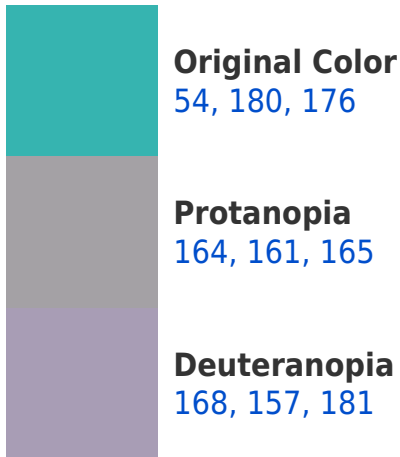


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 54, 180, 176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 178, 192

Trichromacy



Original Color

54, 180, 176



Protanomaly

124, 168, 169



Deuteranomaly

127, 165, 179



Tritanomaly

60, 179, 186

Monochromacy



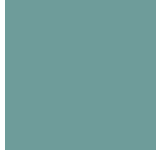
Original Color

54, 180, 176



Achromatopsia

142, 142, 142



Achromatomaly

110, 156, 154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 54, 180, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 180, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 180, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 180, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 180, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 54, 180, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 180, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 180, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 180, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 180, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 180, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 180,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 54, 180, 176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 180, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 180,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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