

Converting Colors

RGB(55, 125, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(55, 125, 142) contains.

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Color

RGB(55, 125, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	377D8E
RGB	55, 125, 142
RGB Percent	22%, 49%, 56%
CMY	0.7843, 0.5098, 0.4431
CMYK	0.61, 0.12, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	192°, 44%, 39%
HSV	192°, 61%, 56%
XYZ	13.7916, 17.4325, 28.2291
YIQ	106.0080, -47.1770, -9.5530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

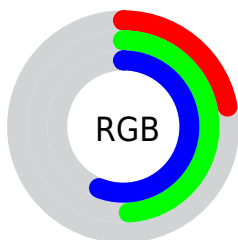
Format	Color
RYB	55, 94, 142
Decimal	3636622
CIELab	48.80, -16.57, -15.80
CIELCh	49, 22.898, 223.645
Yxy	17.4325, 0.2320, 0.2932
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281826702 (0xFF377D8E)
YUV	106.0080, 17.7441, -44.7340
Hunter-Lab	41.7522, -14.1039, -10.8601

Details

The RGB color **55, 125, 142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **142, 72, 55**, and the grayscale version is **106, 106, 106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **111, 178, 196**, and **0, 76, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 122, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 128, 142**.

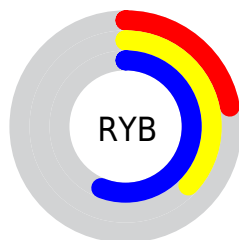
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (49%)

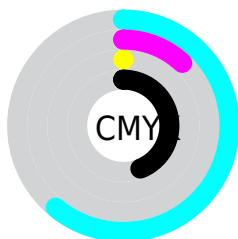
Blue (56%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (56%)

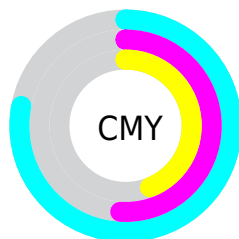


Cyan (61%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 55, 125, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 55, 125, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



55, 125, 142



55, 125, 142

255, 255, 255



22, 100, 116



111, 178, 196



0, 76, 92



138, 205, 224



0, 53, 68



166, 234, 252



0, 32, 46



195, 255, 255



0, 1, 26



223, 255, 255



0, 0, 0

253, 255, 255



55, 125, 142




55, 125, 142





41, 122, 142





69, 128, 142

 27, 119, 142


 83, 131, 142


 12, 117, 142

 98, 133, 142

 0, 114, 142

 112, 136, 142

 126, 139, 142

 140, 142, 142

 154, 144, 142

 169, 147, 142

 183, 150, 142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57, 127, 124



55, 125, 142



75, 121, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55, 125, 142



147, 103, 127



121, 118, 78

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 125, 142



142, 72, 55

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139, 111, 79



55, 125, 142



155, 102, 108

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55, 125, 142



130, 108, 144



151, 105, 90



99, 123, 87

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 125, 142



94, 117, 154



151, 105, 90



127, 115, 77

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 125, 142



151, 177, 184



55, 142, 71



72, 88, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 125, 142



48, 157, 184



55, 83, 142



64, 70, 71



0, 109, 135



0, 6, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142, 55, 125



184, 48, 157



142, 114, 55



71, 64, 70



135, 0, 109



8, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 55, 125, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

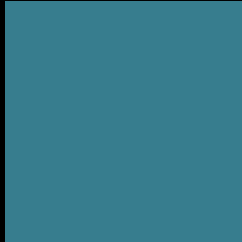
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 55, 125, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 55, 125, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 55, 125, 142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 55, 125, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

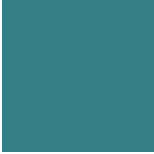
55, 125, 142

Protanopia

111, 114, 135

Deuteranopia

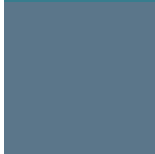
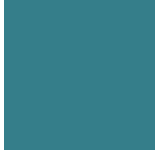
111, 113, 145





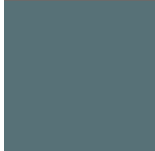
Tritanopia

52, 126, 136

Trichromacy

	Original Color 55, 125, 142
	Protanomaly 91, 118, 138
	Deuteranomaly 91, 117, 144
	Tritanomaly 53, 126, 138

Monochromacy

	Original Color 55, 125, 142
	Achromatopsia 106, 106, 106
	Achromatomaly 87, 113, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 55, 125, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(55, 125, 142) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 125, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 125, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 125, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 55, 125, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 125, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 125, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 125, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 125, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 125, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 125,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 55, 125, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 125, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 125,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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