

Converting Colors

RGB(55, 95, 251)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(55, 95, 251) contains.

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Color

RGB(55, 95, 251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	375FFB
RGB	55, 95, 251
RGB Percent	22%, 37%, 98%
CMY	0.7843, 0.6275, 0.0157
CMYK	0.78, 0.62, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	228°, 96%, 60%
HSV	228°, 78%, 98%
XYZ	23.0803, 15.9617, 93.1312
YIQ	100.8240, -73.9160, 40.0360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

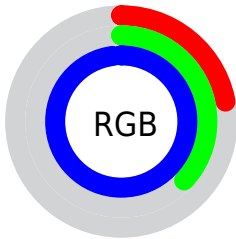
Format	Color
RYB	55, 88, 251
Decimal	3629051
CIELab	46.92, 40.72, -81.36
CIELCh	47, 90.978, 296.585
Yxy	15.9617, 0.1746, 0.1208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281819131 (0xFF375FFB)
YUV	100.8240, 74.0368, -40.1876
Hunter-Lab	39.9521, 33.2035, -110.2429

Details

The RGB color **55, 95, 251** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **251, 211, 55**, and the grayscale version is **100, 100, 100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131, 145, 255**, and **0, 50, 193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 75, 251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 115, 251**.

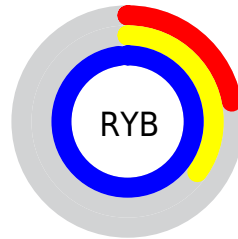
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (37%)

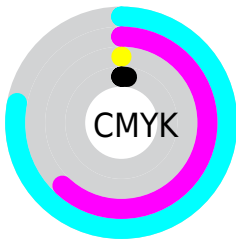
Blue (98%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (98%)

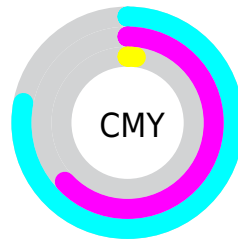


Cyan (78%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (78%)

















Magenta (63%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 55, 95, 251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 55, 95, 251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 55, 95, 251	 55, 95, 251
 255, 255, 255	 0, 72, 222
 131, 145, 255	 0, 50, 193
 164, 172, 255	 0, 30, 165
 196, 199, 255	 0, 14, 138
 227, 227, 255	 0, 0, 112
	 0, 12, 86
	 0, 6, 62
	 0, 3, 39
	 0, 1, 16

■ 55, 95, 251

■ 55, 95, 251

■ 30, 75, 251

■ 80, 115, 251

■ 5, 55, 251

■ 105, 135, 251

■ 0, 51, 251

■ 130, 155, 251

■ 155, 175, 251

■ 181, 195, 251

■ 206, 215, 251

■ 231, 235, 251

255, 255, 251

255, 255, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 125, 255



55, 95, 251



190, 31, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55, 95, 251



199, 66, 0



0, 140, 100

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 95, 251



251, 211, 55

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 136, 0



55, 95, 251



143, 106, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55, 95, 251



233, 0, 49



67, 126, 0



0, 141, 179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 95, 251



225, 0, 149



67, 126, 0



0, 139, 73

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 95, 251



196, 208, 255



55, 251, 209



92, 99, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 95, 251



15, 64, 255



111, 55, 251



112, 115, 125



0, 39, 189



0, 12, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 55, 95



255, 15, 64



195, 251, 55



125, 112, 115



189, 0, 39



61, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 55, 95, 251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

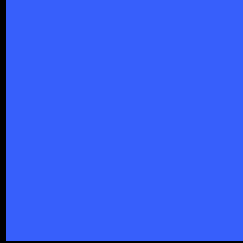
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 55, 95, 251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

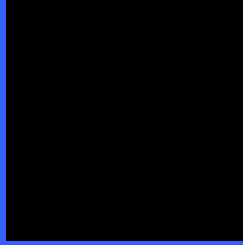
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 55, 95, 251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 55, 95, 251.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 55, 95, 251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
55, 95, 251

Protanopia
0, 106, 225

Deuteranopia
0, 113, 193



Tritanopia
0, 122, 130

Trichromacy



Original Color

55, 95, 251

Protanomaly

20, 102, 234

Deuteranomaly

20, 106, 214

Tritanomaly

20, 112, 174

Monochromacy



Original Color

55, 95, 251

Achromatopsia

101, 101, 101

Achromatomaly

84, 99, 156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 55, 95, 251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 95, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 95, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 95, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 95, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 55, 95, 251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 95, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 95, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 95, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 95, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 95, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 95,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 55, 95, 251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 95, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 95,  
251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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