

Converting Colors

RGB(57, 124, 95)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(57, 124, 95) contains.

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Color

RGB(57, 124, 95)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	397C5F
RGB	57, 124, 95
RGB Percent	22%, 49%, 37%
CMY	0.7765, 0.5137, 0.6275
CMYK	0.54, 0.00, 0.23, 0.51
HSL	154°, 37%, 35%
HSV	154°, 54%, 49%
XYZ	10.9606, 16.1114, 13.3586
YIQ	100.6610, -30.6230, -23.2230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

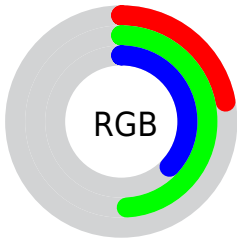
Format	Color
RYB	57, 100, 124
Decimal	3767391
CIELab	47.12, -28.70, 9.45
CIElCh	47, 30.215, 161.777
Yxy	16.1114, 0.2711, 0.3985
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281957471 (0xFF397C5F)
YUV	100.6610, -2.7909, -38.2907
Hunter-Lab	40.1390, -21.5011, 8.3651




Details

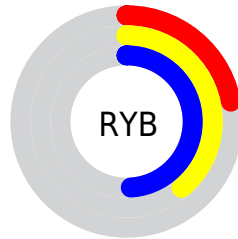
The RGB color **57, 124, 95** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **124, 57, 86**, and the grayscale version is **101, 101, 101**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109, 177, 145**, and **0, 74, 49** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 124, 90**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 124, 100**.

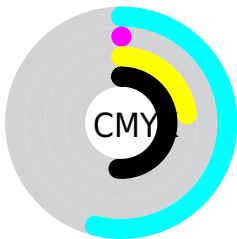
Distribution







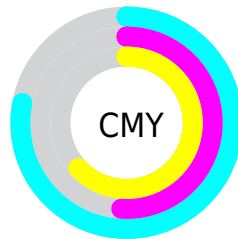
-  Red (22%)
-  Green (49%)
-  Blue (37%)






-  Red (22%)
-  Yellow (39%)
-  Blue (49%)



-  Cyan (54%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (23%)
-  Black (51%)




-  Cyan (78%)
-  Magenta (51%)
-  Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 57, 124, 95 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 57, 124, 95 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 124, 95  57, 124, 95

255, 255, 255  30, 99, 71

 109, 177, 145  0, 74, 49


 136, 205, 172  0, 51, 28

 163, 233, 199  0, 32, 2

 191, 255, 227  0, 0, 0

 220, 255, 255

 249, 255, 255

 57, 124, 95  57, 124, 95

 45, 124, 90  69, 124, 100

■ 32, 124, 84

■ 82, 124, 106

■ 20, 124, 79

■ 94, 124, 111

■ 7, 124, 74

■ 107, 124, 116

■ 0, 124, 70

■ 119, 124, 122

■ 131, 124, 127

■ 144, 124, 133

■ 156, 124, 138

■ 169, 124, 143

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90, 120, 73



57, 124, 95



2, 125, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57, 124, 95



90, 111, 161



157, 96, 79

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 124, 95



124, 57, 86

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



161, 92, 103



57, 124, 95



127, 101, 150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57, 124, 95



41, 119, 159



151, 94, 128



141, 105, 64

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 124, 95



0, 124, 138



151, 94, 128



159, 94, 86

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 124, 95



135, 161, 150



86, 124, 57



66, 82, 75



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 124, 95



56, 161, 115



57, 120, 124



55, 61, 59



0, 125, 71



0, 252, 143

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 57, 86



161, 56, 101



124, 61, 57



61, 55, 58



125, 0, 54



252, 0, 109

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 57, 124, 95 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

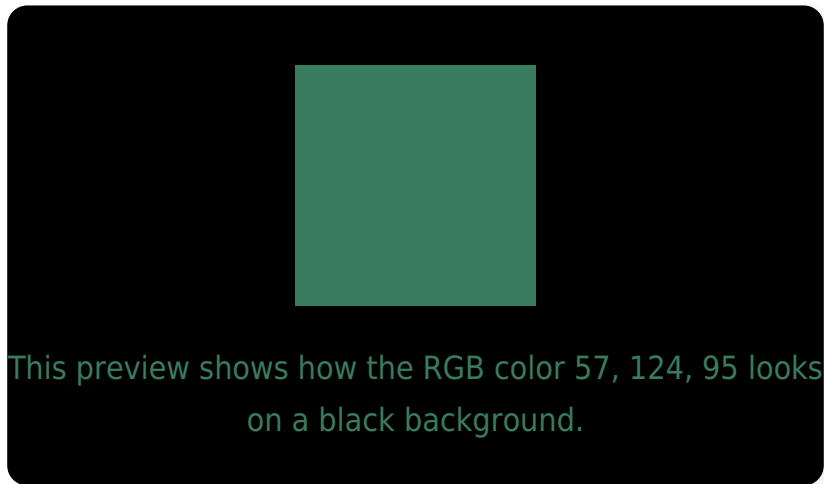
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

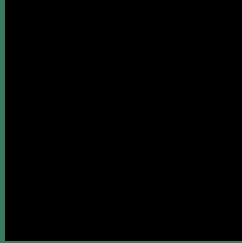
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 57, 124, 95 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 57, 124, 95.

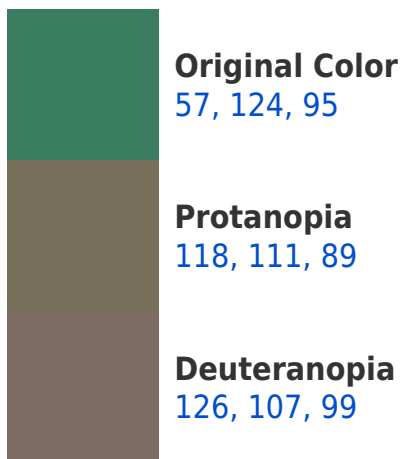


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 57, 124, 95.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
67, 119, 129

Trichromacy



Original Color
57, 124, 95

Protanomaly
96, 116, 91

Deuteranomaly
101, 113, 98

Tritanomaly
63, 121, 117

Monochromacy



Original Color
57, 124, 95

Achromatopsia
101, 101, 101

Achromatomaly
85, 109, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 57, 124, 95 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 124, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 124, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 124, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 124, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 57, 124, 95 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 124, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 124, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 124, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 124, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 124, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 124,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 57, 124, 95 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 124, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 124,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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