

Converting Colors

RGB(57, 125, 79)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(57, 125, 79) contains.

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Color

RGB(57, 125, 79)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	397D4F
RGB	57, 125, 79
RGB Percent	22%, 49%, 31%
CMY	0.7765, 0.5098, 0.6902
CMYK	0.54, 0.00, 0.37, 0.51
HSL	139°, 37%, 36%
HSV	139°, 54%, 49%
XYZ	10.4322, 16.1016, 9.9552
YIQ	99.4240, -25.7620, -28.7220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

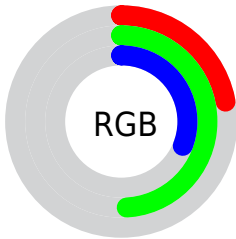
Format	Color
RYB	57, 108, 125
Decimal	3767631
CIELab	47.11, -32.62, 18.71
CIELCh	47, 37.602, 150.168
Yxy	16.1016, 0.2859, 0.4413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281957711 (0xFF397D4F)
YUV	99.4240, -10.0690, -37.2058
Hunter-Lab	40.1268, -23.8151, 13.3793

Details

The RGB color **57, 125, 79** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **125, 57, 103**, and the grayscale version is **100, 100, 100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109, 178, 129**, and **0, 75, 34** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 125, 71**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 125, 87**.

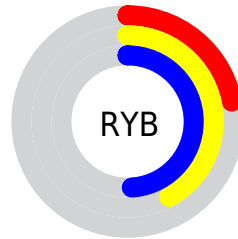
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (49%)

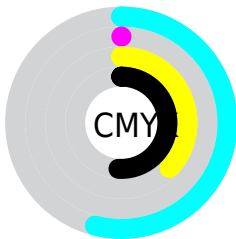
Blue (31%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (49%)

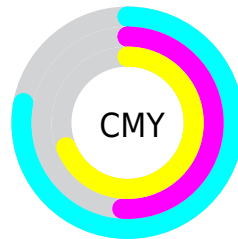


Cyan (54%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (51%)


Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 57, 125, 79 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 57, 125, 79 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 125, 79

 57, 125, 79

255, 255, 255

 29, 100, 56

 109, 178, 129

 0, 75, 34

 136, 206, 155

 0, 52, 12

 163, 234, 182

 0, 32, 0

 191, 255, 209

 0, 0, 0


 220, 255, 238

 249, 255, 255

 57, 125, 79

 57, 125, 79

 45, 125, 71

 70, 125, 87

■ 32, 125, 62

■ 82, 125, 96

■ 20, 125, 54

■ 95, 125, 104

■ 7, 125, 45

■ 107, 125, 113

■ 0, 125, 40

■ 120, 125, 121

■ 132, 125, 130

■ 145, 125, 138

■ 157, 125, 147

■ 170, 125, 155

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98, 119, 55



57, 125, 79



0, 128, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57, 125, 79



53, 115, 175



169, 88, 82

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 125, 79



125, 57, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169, 85, 113



57, 125, 79



114, 103, 166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57, 125, 79



0, 123, 166



151, 91, 144



155, 99, 57

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 125, 79



0, 128, 132



151, 91, 144



171, 86, 92

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 125, 79



137, 163, 146



103, 125, 57



66, 82, 71



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 125, 79



57, 163, 91



57, 125, 113



57, 64, 59



0, 128, 41



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 57, 103



163, 57, 129



125, 57, 69



64, 57, 62



128, 0, 86



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 57, 125, 79 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

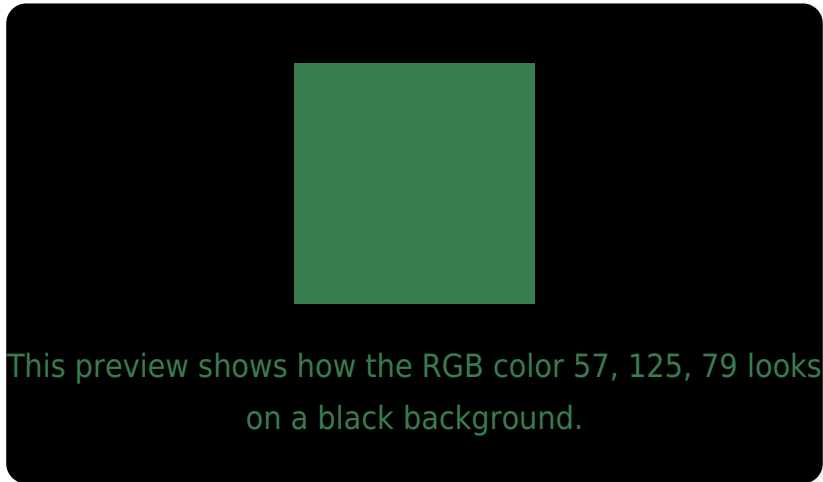
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 57, 125, 79 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 57, 125, 79.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 57, 125, 79.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57, 125, 79

Protanopia

121, 111, 73

Deuteranopia

131, 107, 83



Tritanopia
70, 119, 129

Trichromacy



Original Color

57, 125, 79

Protanomaly

98, 116, 75

Deuteranomaly

104, 114, 82

Tritanomaly

65, 121, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color

57, 125, 79

Achromatopsia

99, 99, 99

Achromatomaly

84, 108, 92

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 57, 125, 79 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 125, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 125, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 125, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 125, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 57, 125, 79 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 125, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 125, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 125, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 125, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 125, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 125,  
79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 57, 125, 79 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 125, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 125,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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