

Converting Colors

RGB(60, 238, 211)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(60, 238, 211) contains.

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Color

RGB(60, 238, 211)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3CEED3
RGB	60, 238, 211
RGB Percent	24%, 93%, 83%
CMY	0.7647, 0.0667, 0.1725
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.11, 0.07
HSL	171°, 84%, 58%
HSV	171°, 75%, 93%
XYZ	44.1959, 66.8129, 72.1948
YIQ	181.7000, -97.4210, -46.1330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

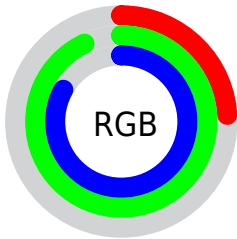
Format	Color
RYB	60, 156, 238
Decimal	3993299
CIELab	85.41, -49.75, 0.44
CIELCh	85, 49.749, 179.488
Yxy	66.8129, 0.2412, 0.3647
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282183379 (0xFF3CEED3)
YUV	181.7000, 14.4449, -106.7309
Hunter-Lab	81.7391, -46.5296, 4.8504




Details

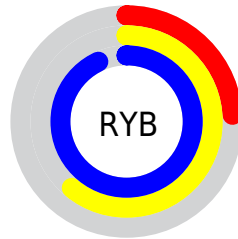
The RGB color **60, 238, 211** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **238, 60, 87**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133, 255, 255**, and **0, 181, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 238, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 238, 215**.

Distribution







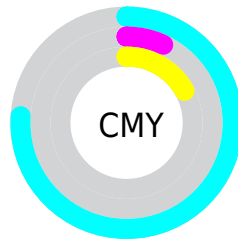
-  Red (24%)
-  Green (93%)
-  Blue (83%)






-  Red (24%)
-  Yellow (61%)
-  Blue (93%)



-  Cyan (75%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (11%)
-  Black (7%)



















-  Cyan (76%)
-  Magenta (7%)
-  Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 60, 238, 211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 60, 238, 211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 238, 211	 60, 238, 211
 255, 255, 255	 0, 209, 183
 133, 255, 255	 0, 181, 157
 166, 255, 255	 0, 154, 131
 197, 255, 255	 0, 127, 105
 229, 255, 255	 0, 101, 81
	 0, 76, 58
	 0, 52, 37
	 0, 28, 16
	 0, 0, 0

■ 60, 238, 211

■ 60, 238, 211

■ 36, 238, 207

■ 84, 238, 215

■ 12, 238, 204

■ 108, 238, 218

■ 0, 238, 202

■ 131, 238, 222

■ 155, 238, 225

■ 179, 238, 229

■ 203, 238, 233

■ 227, 238, 236

■ 250, 238, 240

■ 255, 238, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138, 234, 164



60, 238, 211



0, 237, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60, 238, 211



217, 201, 255



255, 194, 133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 238, 211



238, 60, 87

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 180, 170



60, 238, 211



255, 185, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60, 238, 211



138, 218, 255



255, 176, 216



244, 210, 118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 238, 211



0, 234, 255



255, 176, 216



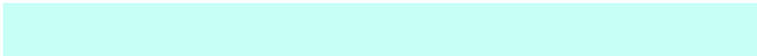
255, 188, 144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 238, 211



199, 255, 246



90, 238, 60



94, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 238, 211



25, 255, 220



60, 179, 238



108, 120, 118



0, 184, 156



0, 56, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



238, 60, 87



255, 25, 60



238, 119, 60



120, 108, 110



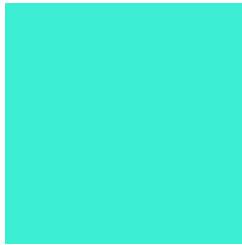
184, 0, 28



56, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 60, 238, 211 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

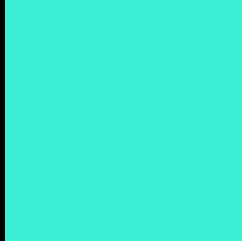
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 60, 238, 211 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

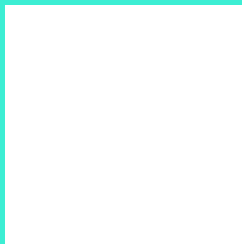
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 60, 238, 211 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 60, 238, 211.

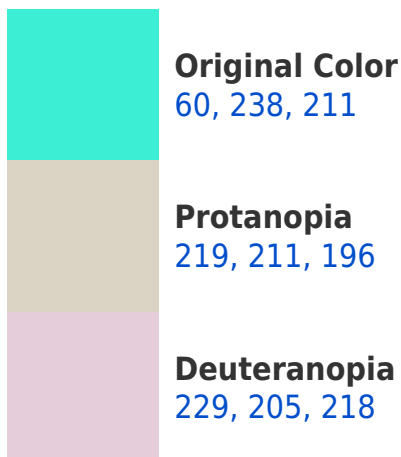


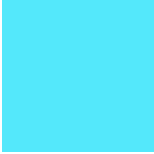
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 60, 238, 211.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



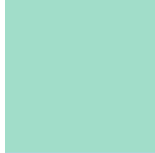


Tritanopia
84, 232, 251

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 238, 211



Protanomaly
161, 221, 201



Deuteranomaly
168, 217, 215

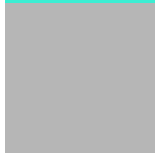


Tritanomaly
75, 234, 236

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 238, 211



Achromatopsia
182, 182, 182



Achromatomaly
138, 202, 193

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 60, 238, 211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 238, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 238, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 238, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 238, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 60, 238, 211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 238, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 238, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 238, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 238, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 238, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 238,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 60, 238, 211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 238, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 238,  
211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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