

Converting Colors

RGB(62, 202, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(62, 202, 174) contains.

RGB(62, 202, 174)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(62, 202, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3ECAAE
RGB	62, 202, 174
RGB Percent	24%, 79%, 68%
CMY	0.7569, 0.2078, 0.3176
CMYK	0.69, 0.00, 0.14, 0.21
HSL	168°, 57%, 52%
HSV	168°, 69%, 79%
XYZ	30.7471, 46.3212, 47.3647
YIQ	156.9480, -74.4520, -38.3880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

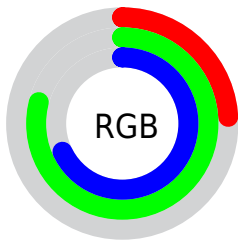
Format	Color
R _{YB}	62, 140, 202
Decimal	4115118
CIE Lab	73.75, -43.63, 3.21
CIE LCh	74, 43.751, 175.796
Yxy	46.3212, 0.2471, 0.3723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282305198 (0xFF3ECAAE)
YUV	156.9480, 8.4066, -83.2694
Hunter-Lab	68.0597, -38.4640, 6.3801

Details

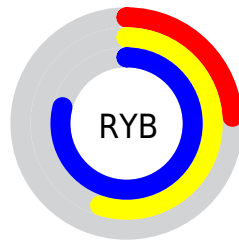
The RGB color **62, 202, 174** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **202, 62, 90**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **127, 255, 229**, and **0, 147, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 202, 170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 202, 178**.

Distribution



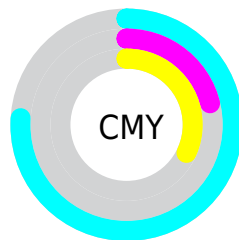
- Red (24%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 62, 202, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 62, 202, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62, 202, 174



62, 202, 174

255, 255, 255



7, 174, 147



127, 255, 229



0, 147, 122



157, 255, 255



0, 121, 97



187, 255, 255



0, 95, 73



218, 255, 255



0, 70, 51



248, 255, 255



0, 47, 30



0, 22, 5



0, 0, 0



62, 202, 174



62, 202, 174

■ 42, 202, 170

■ 82, 202, 178

■ 22, 202, 166

■ 102, 202, 182

■ 1, 202, 162

■ 123, 202, 186

■ 0, 202, 162

■ 143, 202, 190

■ 163, 202, 194

■ 183, 202, 198

■ 203, 202, 202

■ 224, 202, 206

■ 244, 202, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

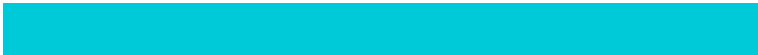
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124, 198, 135



62, 202, 174



0, 202, 215

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62, 202, 174



177, 173, 253



242, 163, 116

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 202, 174



202, 62, 90

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 152, 148



62, 202, 174



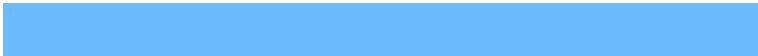
226, 158, 227

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62, 202, 174



108, 187, 255



253, 150, 189



212, 177, 100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 202, 174



0, 199, 238



253, 150, 189



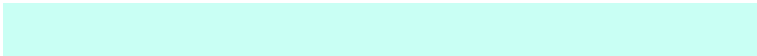
250, 158, 125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 202, 174



201, 255, 244



90, 202, 62



96, 128, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 202, 174



43, 255, 213



62, 160, 202



92, 102, 100



0, 166, 133



0, 38, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



202, 62, 90



255, 43, 86



202, 104, 62



102, 92, 94



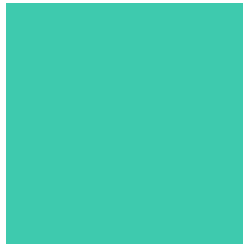
166, 0, 33



38, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 62, 202, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

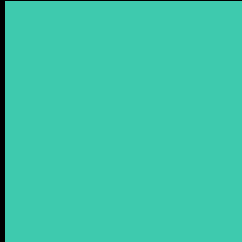
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 62, 202, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

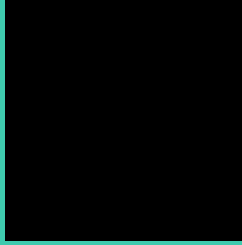
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

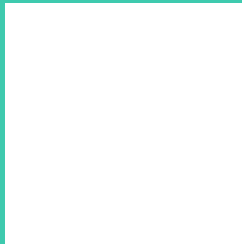
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 62, 202, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 62, 202, 174.

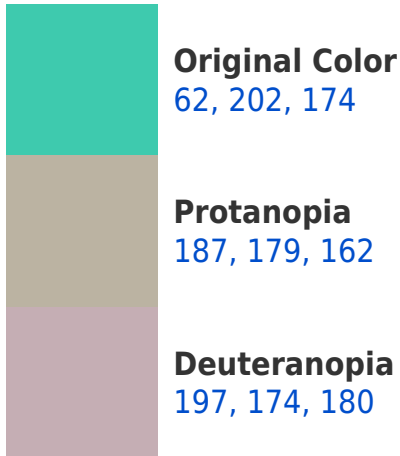


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 62, 202, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
81, 197, 212

Trichromacy



Original Color

62, 202, 174



Protanomaly

142, 187, 166



Deuteranomaly

148, 184, 178



Tritanomaly

74, 199, 198

Monochromacy



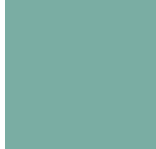
Original Color

62, 202, 174



Achromatopsia

157, 157, 157



Achromatomaly

122, 173, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 62, 202, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 202, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 202, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 202, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 202, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 62, 202, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 202, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 202, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 202, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 202, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 202, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 202,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 62, 202, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 202, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 202,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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