

Converting Colors

RGB(63, 220, 203)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(63, 220, 203) contains.

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Color

RGB(63, 220, 203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3FDCCB
RGB	63, 220, 203
RGB Percent	25%, 86%, 80%
CMY	0.7529, 0.1373, 0.2039
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.08, 0.14
HSL	174°, 69%, 55%
HSV	174°, 71%, 86%
XYZ	38.4226, 56.5550, 65.3910
YIQ	171.1190, -88.1150, -38.5710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

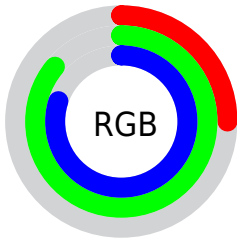
Format	Color
RYB	63, 146, 220
Decimal	4185291
CIELab	79.93, -43.78, -3.35
CIELCh	80, 43.910, 184.369
Yxy	56.5550, 0.2396, 0.3527
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282375371 (0xFF3FDCCB)
YUV	171.1190, 15.7173, -94.8204
Hunter-Lab	75.2030, -40.4064, 1.0879

Details

The RGB color **63, 220, 203** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **220, 63, 80**, and the grayscale version is **171, 171, 171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132, 255, 255**, and **0, 164, 149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 220, 201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 220, 205**.

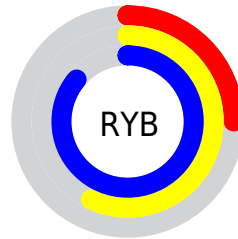
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (86%)

Blue (80%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (86%)

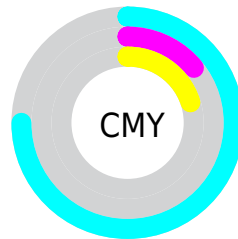


Cyan (71%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (75%)

















Magenta (14%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 63, 220, 203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 63, 220, 203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 220, 203	 63, 220, 203
 255, 255, 255	 0, 192, 176
 132, 255, 255	 0, 164, 149
 163, 255, 255	 0, 137, 123
 194, 255, 255	 0, 111, 98
 225, 255, 255	 0, 86, 75
	 0, 61, 52
	 0, 40, 31
	 0, 0, 8
	 0, 0, 0

■ 63, 220, 203

■ 63, 220, 203

■ 41, 220, 201

■ 85, 220, 205

■ 19, 220, 198

■ 107, 220, 208

■ 0, 220, 196

■ 129, 220, 210

■ 151, 220, 213

■ 173, 220, 215

■ 195, 220, 217

■ 217, 220, 220

■ 239, 220, 222

■ 255, 220, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 217, 161



63, 220, 203



0, 218, 243

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63, 220, 203



211, 185, 255



254, 183, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 220, 203



220, 63, 80

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 171, 154



63, 220, 203



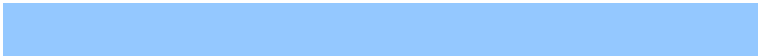
255, 172, 234

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63, 220, 203



148, 200, 255



255, 166, 194



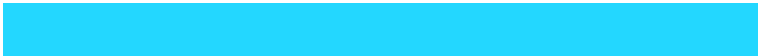
219, 198, 115

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 220, 203



35, 215, 255



255, 166, 194



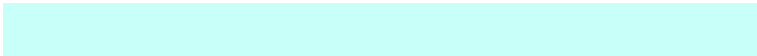
255, 179, 133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 220, 203



201, 255, 249



81, 220, 63



96, 128, 124



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 220, 203



36, 255, 231



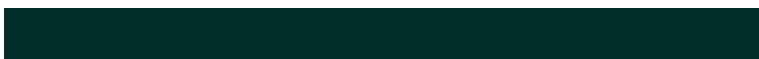
63, 160, 220



99, 110, 108



0, 173, 155



0, 46, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220, 63, 80



255, 36, 59



220, 123, 63



110, 99, 100



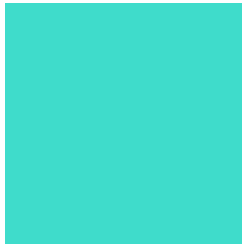
173, 0, 19



46, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 63, 220, 203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

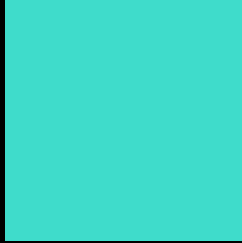
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 63, 220, 203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

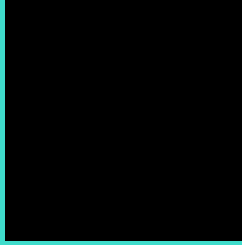
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

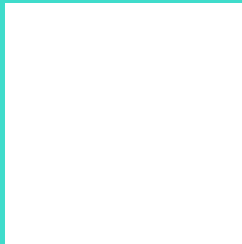
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 63, 220, 203 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 63, 220, 203.

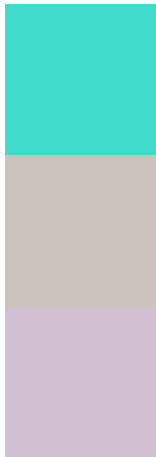


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 63, 220, 203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

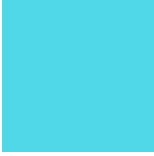
Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 220, 203

Protanopia
202, 196, 189

Deuteranopia
210, 191, 209

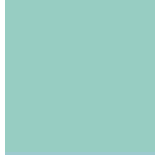


Tritanopia
80, 216, 233

Trichromacy



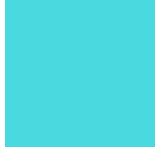
Original Color
63, 220, 203



Protanomaly
151, 205, 194



Deuteranomaly
157, 202, 207

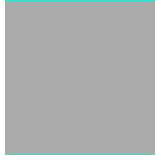


Tritanomaly
74, 217, 222

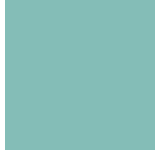
Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 220, 203



Achromatopsia
171, 171, 171



Achromatomaly
132, 189, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 63, 220, 203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 220, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 220, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 220, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 220, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 63, 220, 203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 220, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 220, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 220, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 220, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 220, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 220,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 63, 220, 203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 220, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 220,  
203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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