

Converting Colors

RGB(63, 77, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(63, 77, 124) contains.

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Color

RGB(63, 77, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F4D7C
RGB	63, 77, 124
RGB Percent	25%, 30%, 49%
CMY	0.7529, 0.6980, 0.5137
CMYK	0.49, 0.38, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	226°, 33%, 37%
HSV	226°, 49%, 49%
XYZ	8.3419, 7.8198, 20.1385
YIQ	78.1720, -23.4310, 11.6490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

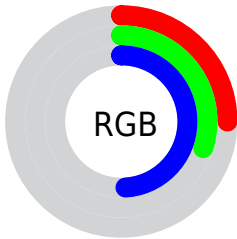
Format	Color
R _{YB}	63, 74, 124
Decimal	4148604
CIE _{Lab}	33.60, 8.39, -28.43
CIE _{LCh}	34, 29.638, 286.439
Yxy	7.8198, 0.2298, 0.2154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282338684 (0xFF3F4D7C)
YUV	78.1720, 22.5932, -13.3058
Hunter-Lab	27.9638, 4.3115, -23.1237

Details

The RGB color **63, 77, 124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **124, 110, 63**, and the grayscale version is **78, 78, 78**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **114, 126, 177**, and **8, 33, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 67, 124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 87, 124**.

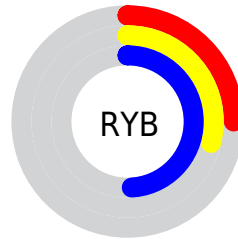
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (30%)

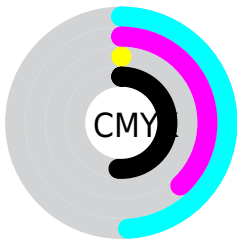
Blue (49%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (49%)

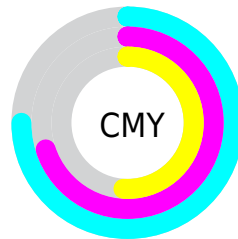


Cyan (49%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 63, 77, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 63, 77, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 77, 124

■ 63, 77, 124

255, 255, 255

■ 38, 54, 99

■ 114, 126, 177

■ 8, 33, 75

■ 141, 152, 204

■ 0, 10, 52

■ 168, 178, 233

■ 0, 2, 30

■ 196, 206, 255

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 224, 234, 255

■ 0, 0, 0

253, 255, 255

■ 63, 77, 124

■ 63, 77, 124

■ 51, 67, 124

■ 75, 87, 124

■ 38, 58, 124

■ 88, 96, 124

■ 26, 48, 124

■ 100, 106, 124

■ 13, 39, 124

■ 113, 115, 124

■ 1, 29, 124

■ 125, 125, 124

■ 0, 28, 124

■ 137, 134, 124

■ 150, 144, 124

■ 162, 153, 124

■ 175, 163, 124

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 85, 124



63, 77, 124



97, 68, 112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63, 77, 124



117, 65, 46



10, 90, 67

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 77, 124



124, 110, 63

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54, 87, 45



63, 77, 124



102, 74, 33

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63, 77, 124



123, 60, 67



80, 82, 32



0, 91, 92

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 77, 124



112, 62, 98



80, 82, 32



30, 89, 59

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 77, 124



137, 142, 161



63, 124, 110



67, 70, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 77, 124



66, 88, 161



79, 63, 124



55, 56, 61



0, 29, 125



0, 58, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 63, 77



161, 66, 88



108, 124, 63



61, 55, 56



125, 0, 29



252, 0, 58

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 63, 77, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

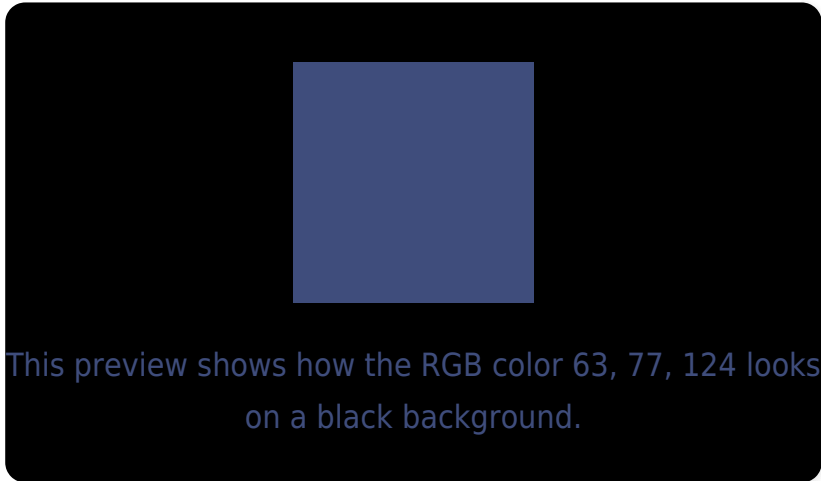
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 63, 77, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 63, 77, 124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 63, 77, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

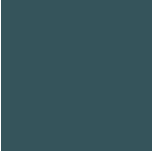
63, 77, 124

Protanopia

61, 77, 124

Deuteranopia

55, 79, 124



Tritanopia
53, 84, 91

Trichromacy



Original Color

63, 77, 124

Protanomaly

62, 77, 124

Deuteranomaly

58, 78, 124

Tritanomaly

57, 81, 103

Monochromacy



Original Color

63, 77, 124

Achromatopsia

78, 78, 78

Achromatomaly

73, 78, 95

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 63, 77, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(63, 77, 124) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 77, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 77, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 77, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 63, 77, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 77, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 77, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 77, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 77, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 77, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 77,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 63, 77, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 77, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 77,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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