

Converting Colors

RGB(65, 128, 251)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(65, 128, 251) contains.

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Color

RGB(65, 128, 251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4180FB
RGB	65, 128, 251
RGB Percent	25%, 50%, 98%
CMY	0.7451, 0.4980, 0.0157
CMYK	0.74, 0.49, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	220°, 96%, 62%
HSV	220°, 74%, 98%
XYZ	27.3117, 23.5272, 94.3685
YIQ	123.1850, -77.0310, 24.8970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

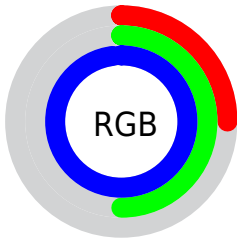
Format	Color
R _Y B	65, 112, 251
Decimal	4292859
CIE Lab	55.61, 21.27, -67.22
CIE LCh	56, 70.505, 287.563
Yxy	23.5272, 0.1881, 0.1620
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282482939 (0xFF4180FB)
YUV	123.1850, 63.0128, -51.0282
Hunter-Lab	48.5048, 15.6249, -81.3982

Details

The RGB color **65, 128, 251** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **251, 188, 65**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135, 180, 255**, and **0, 80, 194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 111, 251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 145, 251**.

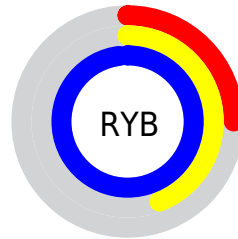
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (50%)

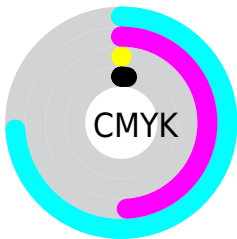
Blue (98%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (98%)

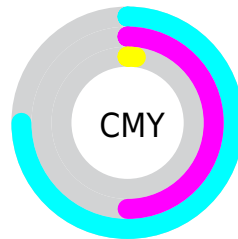


Cyan (74%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (75%)

















Magenta (50%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 65, 128, 251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 65, 128, 251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 65, 128, 251	 65, 128, 251
 255, 255, 255	 0, 103, 222
 135, 180, 255	 0, 80, 194
 167, 208, 255	 0, 58, 166
 198, 236, 255	 0, 38, 139
 229, 255, 255	 0, 20, 112
	 0, 11, 87
	 0, 6, 63
	 0, 3, 40
	 0, 1, 18

■ 65, 128, 251

■ 65, 128, 251

■ 40, 111, 251

■ 90, 145, 251

■ 15, 95, 251

■ 115, 161, 251

■ 0, 85, 251

■ 140, 178, 251

■ 165, 194, 251

■ 190, 211, 251

■ 216, 228, 251

■ 241, 244, 251

255, 255, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 148, 253



65, 128, 251



180, 99, 217

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65, 128, 251



222, 93, 42



0, 159, 105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 128, 251



251, 188, 65

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44, 153, 41



65, 128, 251



181, 121, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65, 128, 251



240, 67, 100



127, 141, 0



0, 161, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 128, 251



217, 78, 181



127, 141, 0



0, 158, 84

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 128, 251



199, 218, 255



65, 251, 186



94, 106, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 128, 251



28, 105, 255



93, 65, 251



112, 117, 125



0, 64, 189



0, 21, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 65, 128



255, 28, 105



223, 251, 65



125, 112, 117



189, 0, 64



61, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 65, 128, 251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

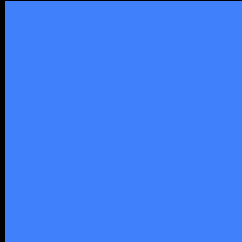
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 65, 128, 251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

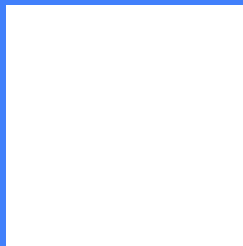
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 65, 128, 251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 65, 128, 251.



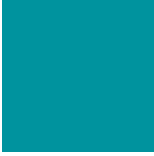
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 65, 128, 251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 147, 158

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 128, 251

Protanomaly
64, 128, 251

Deuteranomaly
24, 132, 242

Tritanomaly
24, 140, 192

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 128, 251

Achromatopsia
123, 123, 123

Achromatomaly
102, 125, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 65, 128, 251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 128, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 128, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 128, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 128, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 65, 128, 251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 128, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 128, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 128, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 128, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 128, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 128,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 65, 128, 251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 128, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 128,  
251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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