

Converting Colors

RGB(65, 132, 173)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(65, 132, 173) contains.

RGB(65, 132, 173)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(65, 132, 173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4184AD
RGB	65, 132, 173
RGB Percent	25%, 52%, 68%
CMY	0.7451, 0.4824, 0.3216
CMYK	0.62, 0.24, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	203°, 45%, 47%
HSV	203°, 62%, 68%
XYZ	17.9741, 20.6435, 42.5724
YIQ	116.6410, -53.0930, -1.4530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

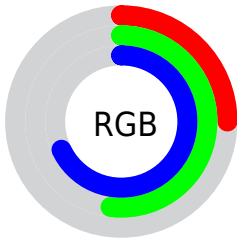
Format	Color
R _Y B	65, 106, 173
Decimal	4293805
CIE Lab	52.56, -8.51, -28.04
CIE LCh	53, 29.308, 253.119
Yxy	20.6435, 0.2214, 0.2543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282483885 (0xFF4184AD)
YUV	116.6410, 27.7850, -45.2892
Hunter-Lab	45.4351, -8.8970, -23.7498

Details

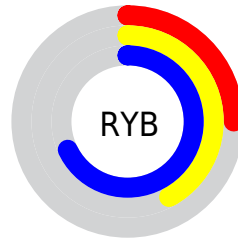
The RGB color **65, 132, 173** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **173, 106, 65**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **122, 185, 229**, and **0, 83, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 125, 173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 139, 173**.

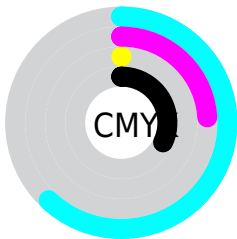
Distribution



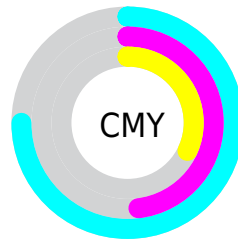
- Red (25%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)




















- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 65, 132, 173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 65, 132, 173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 65, 132, 173	 65, 132, 173
 255, 255, 255	 31, 107, 146
 122, 185, 229	 0, 83, 120
 151, 213, 255	 0, 60, 95
 179, 241, 255	 0, 38, 72
 208, 255, 255	 0, 18, 49
 238, 255, 255	 0, 1, 27
	 0, 0, 0

 65, 132, 173	 65, 132, 173
 48, 125, 173	 82, 139, 173

■ 30, 119, 173

■ 100, 145, 173

■ 13, 112, 173

■ 117, 152, 173

■ 0, 107, 173

■ 134, 158, 173

■ 152, 165, 173

■ 169, 171, 173

■ 186, 178, 173

■ 203, 185, 173

■ 221, 191, 173

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27, 137, 159



65, 132, 173



107, 124, 174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65, 132, 173



175, 106, 115



103, 134, 88

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 132, 173



173, 106, 65

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131, 127, 76



65, 132, 173



170, 111, 92

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65, 132, 173



166, 108, 141



154, 119, 78



72, 138, 110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 132, 173



132, 118, 168



154, 119, 78



113, 132, 82

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 132, 173



182, 208, 224



65, 173, 105



86, 102, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 132, 173



56, 161, 224



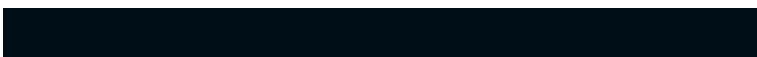
65, 79, 173



78, 83, 87



0, 93, 150



0, 14, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173, 65, 132



224, 56, 161



173, 159, 65



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 93



23, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 65, 132, 173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 65, 132, 173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

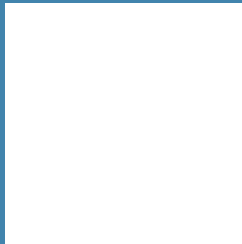
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 65, 132, 173 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 65, 132, 173.

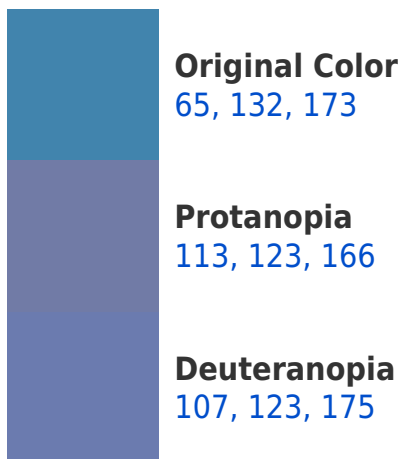


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 65, 132, 173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
53, 137, 148

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 132, 173

Protanomaly
96, 126, 169

Deuteranomaly
92, 126, 174

Tritanomaly
57, 135, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 132, 173

Achromatopsia
117, 117, 117

Achromatomaly
98, 122, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 65, 132, 173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 132, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 132, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 132, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 132, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 65, 132, 173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 132, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 132, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 132, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 132, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 132, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 132,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 65, 132, 173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 132, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 132,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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