

Converting Colors

RGB(65, 212, 215)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(65, 212, 215) contains.

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Color

RGB(65, 212, 215)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	41D4D7
RGB	65, 212, 215
RGB Percent	25%, 83%, 84%
CMY	0.7451, 0.1686, 0.1569
CMYK	0.70, 0.01, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	181°, 65%, 55%
HSV	181°, 70%, 84%
XYZ	37.9892, 53.1171, 72.5404
YIQ	168.3890, -88.5750, -30.2310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

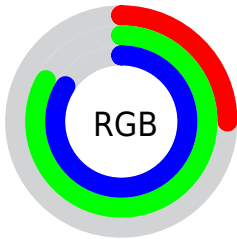
Format	Color
R _Y B	65, 139, 215
Decimal	4314327
CIE Lab	77.94, -36.62, -12.70
CIE LCh	78, 38.765, 199.132
Yxy	53.1171, 0.2321, 0.3246
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282504407 (0xFF41D4D7)
YUV	168.3890, 22.9792, -90.6722
Hunter-Lab	72.8815, -34.5001, -7.9955

Details

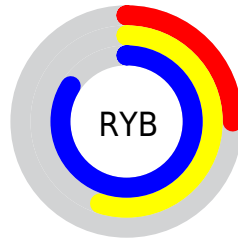
The RGB color **65, 212, 215** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **215, 68, 65**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133, 255, 255**, and **0, 157, 160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 212, 215**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 212, 215**.

Distribution



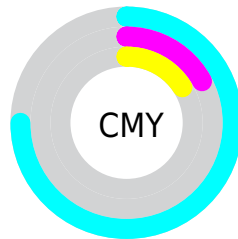
- Red (25%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



















- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 65, 212, 215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 65, 212, 215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 65, 212, 215	 65, 212, 215
 255, 255, 255	 0, 184, 187
 133, 255, 255	 0, 157, 160
 164, 255, 255	 0, 130, 134
 195, 255, 255	 0, 105, 109
 226, 255, 255	 0, 80, 85
	 0, 56, 62
	 0, 36, 40
	 0, 1, 20
	 0, 0, 0

■ 65, 212, 215

■ 65, 212, 215

■ 44, 212, 215

■ 87, 212, 215

■ 22, 211, 215

■ 108, 213, 215

■ 1, 211, 215

■ 130, 213, 215

■ 0, 211, 215

■ 151, 214, 215

■ 173, 214, 215

■ 194, 215, 215

■ 216, 215, 215

■ 237, 215, 215

■ 255, 216, 215

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108, 211, 178



65, 212, 215



67, 208, 246

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65, 212, 215



225, 175, 240



229, 186, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 212, 215



215, 68, 65

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



254, 174, 140



65, 212, 215



255, 166, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65, 212, 215



178, 188, 255



255, 166, 171



194, 198, 124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 212, 215



101, 203, 255



255, 166, 171



238, 182, 126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 212, 215



201, 254, 255



65, 215, 68



96, 127, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 212, 215



41, 251, 255



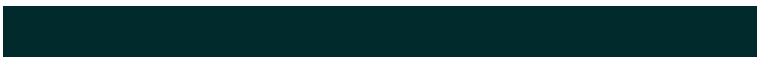
65, 138, 215



96, 107, 107



0, 167, 171



0, 42, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215, 65, 212



255, 41, 251



215, 143, 65



107, 96, 107



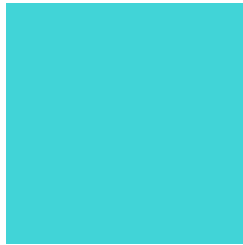
171, 0, 167



43, 0, 42

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 65, 212, 215 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

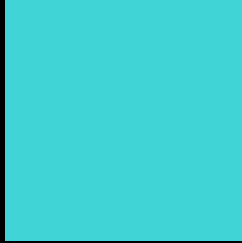
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 65, 212, 215 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

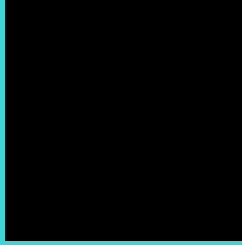
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 65, 212, 215 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 65, 212, 215.

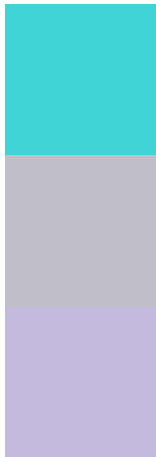


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 65, 212, 215.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
65, 212, 215

Protanopia
192, 190, 201

Deuteranopia
196, 186, 221



Tritanopia
72, 210, 227

Trichromacy



Original Color

65, 212, 215



Protanomaly

146, 198, 206



Deuteranomaly

148, 195, 219



Tritanomaly

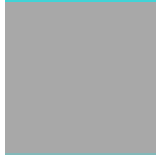
69, 211, 223

Monochromacy



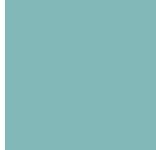
Original Color

65, 212, 215



Achromatopsia

168, 168, 168



Achromatomaly

131, 184, 185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 65, 212, 215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 212, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 212, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 212, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 212, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 65, 212, 215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 212, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 212, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 212, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 212, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 212, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 212,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 65, 212, 215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 212, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 212,  
215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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