

Converting Colors

RGB(65, 72, 239)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(65, 72, 239) contains.

RGB(65, 72, 239)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(65, 72, 239)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4148EF
RGB	65, 72, 239
RGB Percent	25%, 28%, 94%
CMY	0.7451, 0.7176, 0.0627
CMYK	0.73, 0.70, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	238°, 84%, 60%
HSV	238°, 73%, 94%
XYZ	20.0773, 11.9905, 82.9176
YIQ	88.9450, -57.7790, 50.4530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

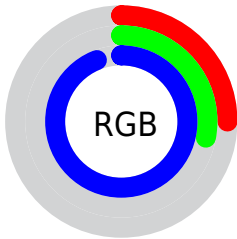
Format	Color
R _Y B	65, 72, 239
Decimal	4278511
CIE Lab	41.20, 51.22, -84.02
CIE LCh	41, 98.399, 301.369
Yxy	11.9905, 0.1746, 0.1043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282468591 (0xFF4148EF)
YUV	88.9450, 73.9771, -20.9998
Hunter-Lab	34.6274, 42.8984, -117.7348

Details

The RGB color **65, 72, 239** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **239, 232, 65**, and the grayscale version is **88, 88, 88**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136, 122, 255**, and **0, 26, 182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 49, 239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 95, 239**.

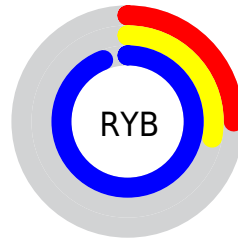
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (28%)

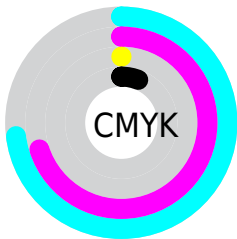
Blue (94%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (94%)

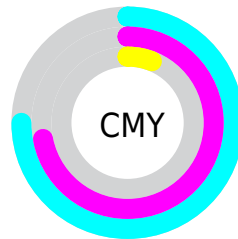


Cyan (73%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (75%)


















Magenta (72%)

Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 65, 72, 239 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 65, 72, 239 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 65, 72, 239	 65, 72, 239
 255, 255, 255	 0, 49, 210
 136, 122, 255	 0, 26, 182
 168, 148, 255	 0, 5, 154
 200, 175, 255	 0, 0, 127
 231, 203, 255	 0, 6, 101
 255, 231, 255	 0, 9, 76
	 0, 4, 52
	 0, 2, 30
	 0, 0, 0

■ 65, 72, 239

■ 65, 72, 239

■ 41, 49, 239

■ 89, 95, 239

■ 17, 26, 239

■ 113, 118, 239

■ 0, 10, 239

■ 137, 141, 239

■ 161, 164, 239

■ 184, 187, 239

■ 208, 210, 239

■ 232, 233, 239

■ 255, 255, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 110, 255



65, 72, 239



190, 0, 176

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65, 72, 239



177, 55, 0



0, 125, 99

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 72, 239



239, 232, 65

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 122, 0



65, 72, 239



116, 96, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65, 72, 239



218, 0, 18



0, 115, 0



0, 127, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 72, 239



220, 0, 124



0, 115, 0



0, 125, 70

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 72, 239



199, 201, 255



65, 239, 230



94, 96, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 72, 239



33, 42, 255



143, 65, 239



108, 108, 120



0, 7, 184



0, 2, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



239, 65, 72



255, 33, 42



161, 239, 65



120, 108, 108



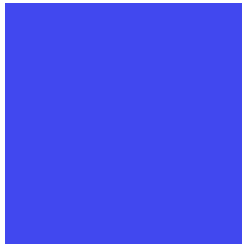
184, 0, 7



56, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 65, 72, 239 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

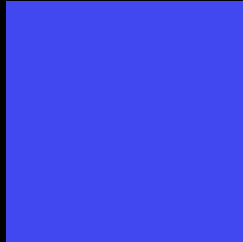
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 65, 72, 239 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

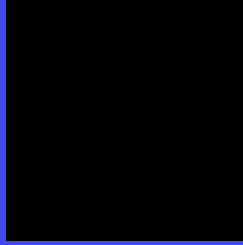
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 65, 72, 239 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 65, 72, 239.

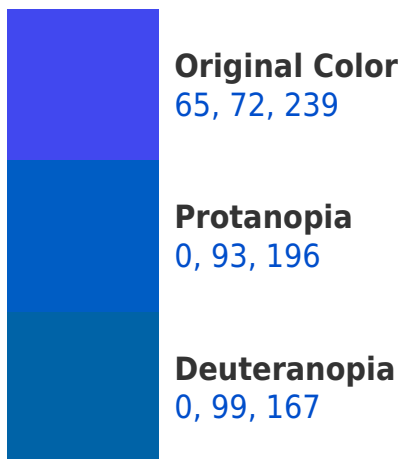


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 65, 72, 239.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 107, 114

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 72, 239

Protanomaly
24, 85, 212

Deuteranomaly
24, 89, 193

Tritanomaly
24, 94, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 72, 239

Achromatopsia
89, 89, 89

Achromatomaly
80, 83, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 65, 72, 239 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 72, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 72, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 72, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 72, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 65, 72, 239 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 72, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 72, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 72, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 72, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 72, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 72,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 65, 72, 239 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 72, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 72,  
239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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