

Converting Colors

RGB(67, 100, 166)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(67, 100, 166) contains.

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Color

RGB(67, 100, 166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4364A6
RGB	67, 100, 166
RGB Percent	26%, 39%, 65%
CMY	0.7373, 0.6078, 0.3490
CMYK	0.60, 0.40, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	220°, 42%, 46%
HSV	220°, 60%, 65%
XYZ	13.7548, 13.0608, 37.8724
YIQ	97.6570, -40.8540, 13.5300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

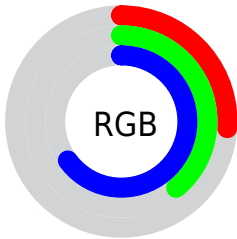
Format	Color
R _{YB}	67, 92, 166
Decimal	4416678
CIE Lab	42.85, 8.82, -39.18
CIE LCh	43, 40.161, 282.692
Yxy	13.0608, 0.2126, 0.2019
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282606758 (0xFF4364A6)
YUV	97.6570, 33.6931, -26.8862
Hunter-Lab	36.1397, 4.6928, -36.8348

Details

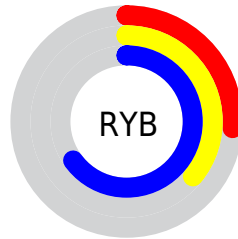
The RGB color **67, 100, 166** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **166, 133, 67**, and the grayscale version is **97, 97, 97**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **123, 150, 221**, and **0, 54, 114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 89, 166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 111, 166**.

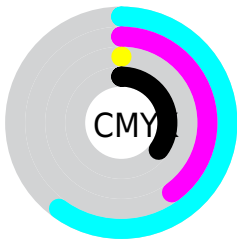
Distribution



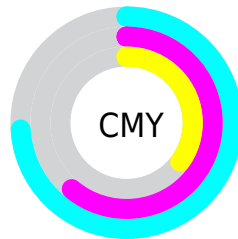
- Red (26%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)






















- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 67, 100, 166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 67, 100, 166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 100, 166	 67, 100, 166
 255, 255, 255	 36, 76, 139
 123, 150, 221	 0, 54, 114
 151, 177, 250	 0, 33, 89
 179, 204, 255	 0, 10, 65
 208, 233, 255	 0, 3, 42
 237, 255, 255	 0, 1, 20
	 0, 0, 0

 67, 100, 166	 67, 100, 166
 50, 89, 166	 84, 111, 166

■ 34, 78, 166

■ 100, 122, 166

■ 17, 67, 166

■ 117, 133, 166

■ 1, 56, 166

■ 133, 144, 166

■ 0, 55, 166

■ 150, 155, 166

■ 167, 166, 166

■ 183, 177, 166

■ 200, 189, 166

■ 216, 200, 166

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 110, 164



67, 100, 166



122, 87, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67, 100, 166



156, 80, 58



0, 116, 80

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 100, 166



166, 133, 67

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69, 112, 50



67, 100, 166



135, 93, 36

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67, 100, 166



163, 72, 88



106, 104, 32



0, 118, 115

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 100, 166



144, 78, 132



106, 104, 32



34, 115, 69

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 100, 166



178, 191, 217



67, 166, 133



86, 94, 110



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 100, 166



61, 113, 217



83, 67, 166



76, 79, 84



0, 49, 148



0, 7, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166, 67, 100



217, 61, 113



149, 166, 67



84, 76, 79



148, 0, 49



20, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 67, 100, 166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

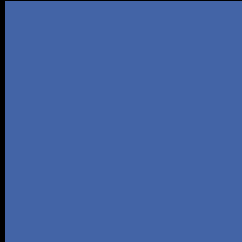
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 67, 100, 166 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 67, 100, 166 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 67, 100, 166.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 67, 100, 166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67, 100, 166

Protanopia

74, 99, 165

Deuteranopia

60, 101, 166



Tritanopia
46, 110, 119

Trichromacy



Original Color

67, 100, 166

Protanomaly

71, 99, 165

Deuteranomaly

63, 101, 166

Tritanomaly

54, 106, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

67, 100, 166

Achromatopsia

98, 98, 98

Achromatomaly

87, 99, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 67, 100, 166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 100, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 100, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 100, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 100, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 67, 100, 166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 100, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 100, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 100, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 100, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 100, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 100,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 67, 100, 166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 100, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 100,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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