

Converting Colors

RGB(67, 190, 246)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(67, 190, 246) contains.

RGB(67, 190, 246)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(67, 190, 246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	43BEF6
RGB	67, 190, 246
RGB Percent	26%, 75%, 96%
CMY	0.7373, 0.2549, 0.0353
CMYK	0.73, 0.23, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	199°, 91%, 61%
HSV	199°, 73%, 96%
XYZ	37.3627, 44.6740, 93.8425
YIQ	159.6070, -91.2840, -8.6600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

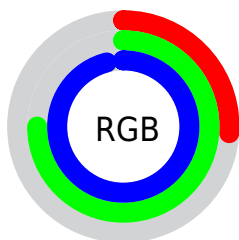
Format	Color
RYB	67, 140, 246
Decimal	4439798
CIELab	72.68, -15.96, -37.44
CIELCh	73, 40.698, 246.918
Yxy	44.6740, 0.2124, 0.2540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282629878 (0xFF43BEF6)
YUV	159.6070, 42.5917, -81.2163
Hunter-Lab	66.8386, -17.1862, -36.4571

Details

The RGB color **67, 190, 246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **246, 123, 67**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136, 246, 255**, and **0, 137, 189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 182, 246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 198, 246**.

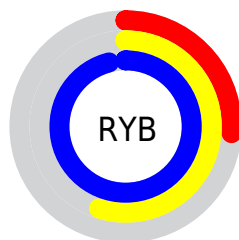
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (75%)

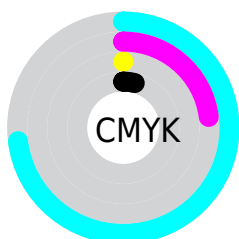
Blue (96%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (96%)

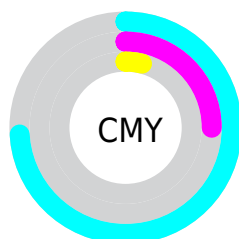


Cyan (73%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (74%)

















Magenta (25%)


Yellow (4%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 67, 190, 246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 67, 190, 246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 67, 190, 246	 67, 190, 246
 255, 255, 255	 0, 163, 217
 136, 246, 255	 0, 137, 189
 168, 255, 255	 0, 111, 162
 199, 255, 255	 0, 87, 136
 230, 255, 255	 0, 64, 110
	 0, 42, 85
	 0, 21, 62
	 0, 3, 39
	 0, 1, 17

 67, 190, 246

 67, 190, 246

 42, 182, 246

 92, 198, 246

 18, 175, 246

 116, 205, 246

 0, 169, 246

 141, 213, 246

 165, 221, 246

 190, 228, 246

 215, 236, 246

 239, 244, 246

 255, 252, 246

 255, 255, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 196, 222



67, 190, 246



138, 179, 252

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67, 190, 246



250, 149, 171



154, 189, 117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 190, 246



246, 123, 67

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194, 179, 103



67, 190, 246



247, 154, 135

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67, 190, 246



232, 153, 208



227, 166, 110



108, 196, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 190, 246



177, 170, 245



227, 166, 110



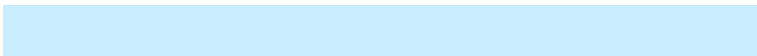
168, 186, 110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 190, 246



199, 237, 255



67, 246, 121



94, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 190, 246



33, 186, 255



67, 103, 246



110, 119, 122



0, 128, 186



0, 40, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 67, 190



255, 33, 186



246, 210, 67



122, 110, 119



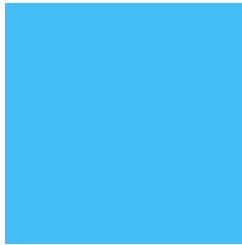
186, 0, 128



59, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 67, 190, 246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

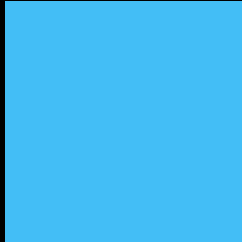
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 67, 190, 246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

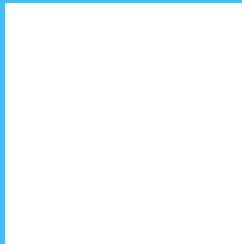
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 67, 190, 246 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 67, 190, 246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 67, 190, 246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

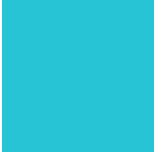
67, 190, 246

Protanopia

161, 175, 234

Deuteranopia

151, 175, 249



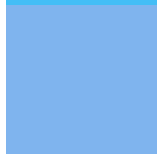
Tritanopia
38, 196, 212

Trichromacy



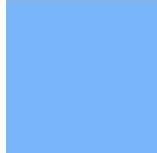
Original Color

67, 190, 246



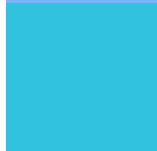
Protanomaly

127, 180, 238



Deuteranomaly

120, 180, 248



Tritanomaly

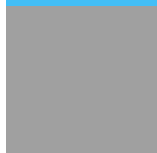
49, 194, 224

Monochromacy



Original Color

67, 190, 246



Achromatopsia

160, 160, 160



Achromatomaly

126, 171, 191

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 67, 190, 246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(67, 190, 246) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 190, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 190, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 190, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 67, 190, 246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 190, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 190, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 190, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 190, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 190, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 190,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 67, 190, 246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 190, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 190,  
246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor