

Converting Colors

RGB(67, 225, 74)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(67, 225, 74) contains.

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Color

RGB(67, 225, 74)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	43E14A
RGB	67, 225, 74
RGB Percent	26%, 88%, 29%
CMY	0.7373, 0.1176, 0.7098
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.67, 0.12
HSL	123°, 72%, 57%
HSV	123°, 70%, 88%
XYZ	30.4760, 55.5381, 15.5922
YIQ	160.5440, -45.6970, -80.4570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

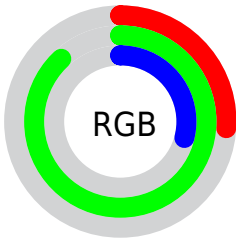
Format	Color
RYB	67, 218, 225
Decimal	4448586
CIELab	79.35, -68.77, 59.76
CIElCh	79, 91.108, 139.009
Yxy	55.5381, 0.2999, 0.5466
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282638666 (0xFF43E14A)
YUV	160.5440, -42.6662, -82.0381
Hunter-Lab	74.5239, -57.4206, 39.7618

Details

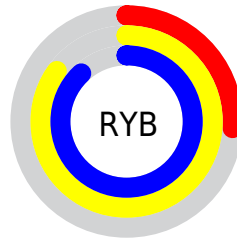
The RGB color **67, 225, 74** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **225, 67, 218**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135, 255, 129**, and **0, 168, 3** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 225, 52**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 225, 96**.

Distribution



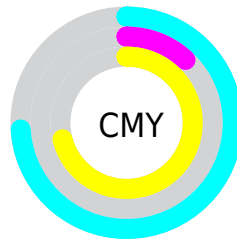
- Red (26%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 67, 225, 74 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 67, 225, 74 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 225, 74  67, 225, 74

255, 255, 255  6, 196, 45

 135, 255, 129  0, 168, 3

 167, 255, 157  0, 141, 0

 198, 255, 185  0, 114, 0

 228, 255, 214  0, 88, 0

 255, 255, 243  0, 63, 0

 0, 38, 0

 0, 0, 0

 67, 225, 74  67, 225, 74

 44, 225, 52

 89, 225, 96

 22, 225, 31

 112, 225, 117

 0, 225, 10

 134, 225, 139

 157, 225, 160

 179, 225, 182

 202, 225, 203

 225, 225, 225

 247, 225, 246

 255, 225, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184, 209, 0



67, 225, 74



0, 233, 161

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67, 225, 74



0, 216, 255



255, 108, 147

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 225, 74



225, 67, 218

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 109, 232



67, 225, 74



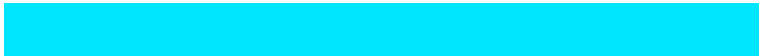
120, 188, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67, 225, 74



0, 230, 255



255, 147, 255



255, 144, 67

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 225, 74



0, 235, 221



255, 147, 255



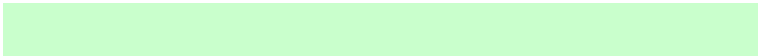
255, 103, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 225, 74



201, 255, 204



220, 225, 67



96, 128, 97



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 225, 74



41, 255, 50



67, 225, 151



101, 112, 101



0, 176, 8



0, 48, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



225, 67, 218



255, 41, 246



225, 67, 141



112, 101, 112



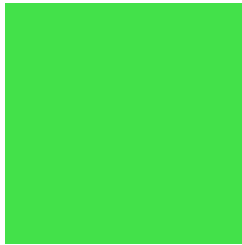
176, 0, 168



48, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 67, 225, 74 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 67, 225, 74 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

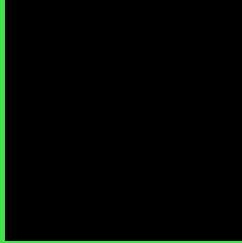
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 67, 225, 74 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 67, 225, 74.

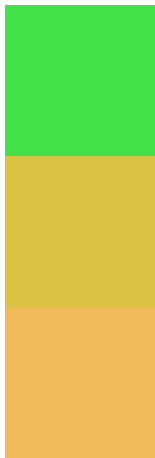


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 67, 225, 74.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
67, 225, 74

Protanopia
218, 195, 66

Deuteranopia
241, 185, 87



Tritanopia
110, 210, 227

Trichromacy



Original Color

67, 225, 74



Protanomaly

163, 206, 69



Deuteranomaly

178, 200, 82



Tritanomaly

94, 215, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color

67, 225, 74



Achromatopsia

161, 161, 161



Achromatomaly

127, 184, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 67, 225, 74 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 225, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 225, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 225, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 225, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 67, 225, 74 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 225, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 225, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 225, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 225, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 225, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 225,  
74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 67, 225, 74 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 225, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 225,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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