

Converting Colors

RGB(69, 169, 109)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(69, 169, 109) contains.

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Color

RGB(69, 169, 109)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	45A96D
RGB	69, 169, 109
RGB Percent	27%, 66%, 43%
CMY	0.7294, 0.3373, 0.5725
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.36, 0.34
HSL	144°, 42%, 47%
HSV	144°, 59%, 66%
XYZ	19.4025, 30.7453, 19.3798
YIQ	132.2600, -40.3400, -39.8600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

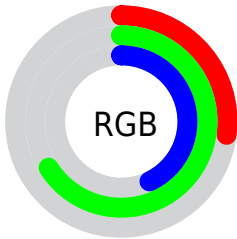
Format	Color
RYB	69, 140, 169
Decimal	4565357
CIELab	62.29, -43.06, 22.48
CIELCh	62, 48.578, 152.429
Yxy	30.7453, 0.2791, 0.4422
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282755437 (0xFF45A96D)
YUV	132.2600, -11.4672, -55.4790
Hunter-Lab	55.4484, -34.5740, 18.0914

Details

The RGB color **69, 169, 109** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **169, 69, 129**, and the grayscale version is **132, 132, 132**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126, 225, 161**, and **0, 116, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 169, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 169, 119**.

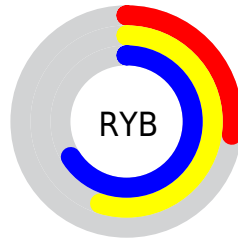
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (66%)

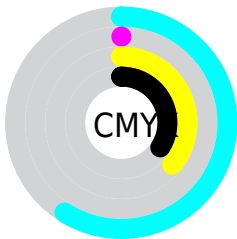
Blue (43%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (66%)

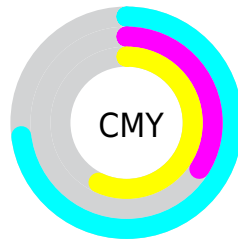


Cyan (59%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (73%)


Magenta (34%)


Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 69, 169, 109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 69, 169, 109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 69, 169, 109

 69, 169, 109


255, 255, 255

 37, 142, 84

 126, 225, 161

 0, 116, 61

 154, 254, 188

 0, 91, 38

 183, 255, 216

 0, 66, 16


 212, 255, 245


 0, 44, 0

 241, 255, 255

 0, 15, 0

 0, 0, 0

 69, 169, 109

 69, 169, 109

 52, 169, 99

 86, 169, 119

■ 35, 169, 89

■ 103, 169, 129

■ 18, 169, 79

■ 120, 169, 139

■ 1, 169, 68

■ 137, 169, 150

■ 0, 169, 68

■ 153, 169, 160

■ 170, 169, 170

■ 187, 169, 180

■ 204, 169, 190

■ 221, 169, 200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128, 162, 75



69, 169, 109



0, 172, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69, 169, 109



76, 154, 237



228, 119, 107

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 169, 109



169, 69, 129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229, 113, 149



69, 169, 109



158, 138, 224

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69, 169, 109



0, 165, 226



206, 121, 191



207, 134, 74

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 169, 109



0, 172, 182



206, 121, 191



231, 116, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 169, 109



180, 219, 196



129, 169, 69



86, 110, 95



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 169, 109



64, 219, 126



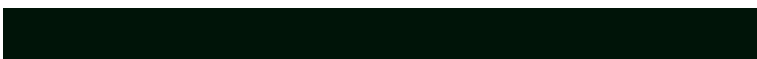
69, 169, 159



76, 84, 79



0, 148, 59



0, 20, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 69, 129



219, 64, 157



169, 69, 79



84, 76, 81



148, 0, 89



20, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 69, 169, 109 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 69, 169, 109 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 69, 169, 109 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 69, 169, 109.

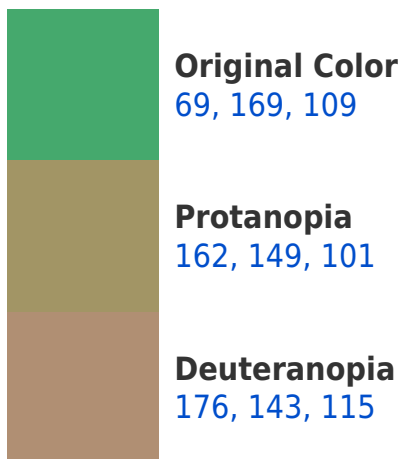



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 69, 169, 109.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

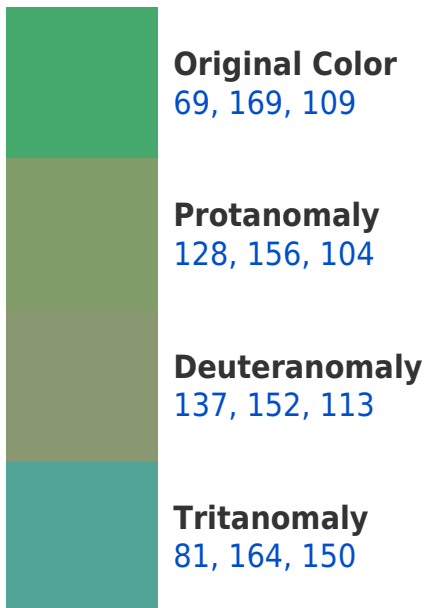
Dichromacy



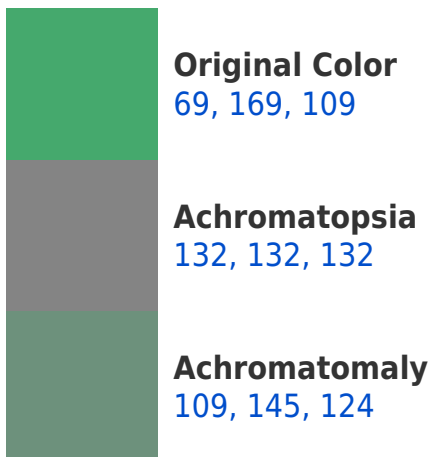


Tritanopia
88, 161, 174

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 69, 169, 109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 169, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 169, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 169, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 169, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 69, 169, 109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 169, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 169, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 169, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 169, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 169, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 169,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 69, 169, 109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 169, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 169,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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