

Converting Colors

RGB(69, 230, 127)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(69, 230, 127) contains.

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Color

RGB(69, 230, 127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	45E67F
RGB	69, 230, 127
RGB Percent	27%, 90%, 50%
CMY	0.7294, 0.0980, 0.5020
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.45, 0.10
HSL	142°, 76%, 59%
HSV	142°, 70%, 90%
XYZ	34.5818, 59.3911, 29.7197
YIQ	170.1190, -62.8930, -66.1650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

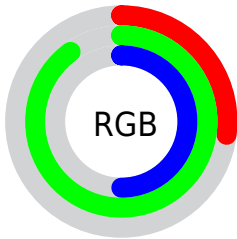
Format	Color
RYB	69, 187, 230
Decimal	4580991
CIELab	81.51, -63.34, 38.38
CIELCh	82, 74.056, 148.786
Yxy	59.3911, 0.2796, 0.4802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282771071 (0xFF45E67F)
YUV	170.1190, -21.2577, -88.6814
Hunter-Lab	77.0656, -54.7662, 31.0813

Details

The RGB color **69, 230, 127** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **230, 69, 172**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136, 255, 181**, and **0, 173, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 230, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 230, 142**.

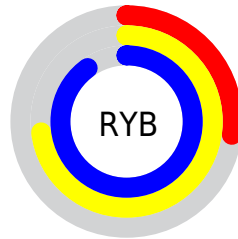
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (90%)

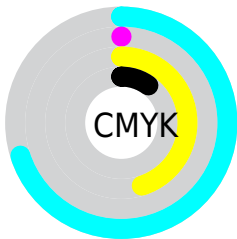
Blue (50%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (90%)

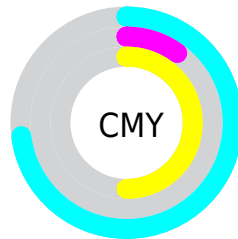


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (73%)















Magenta (10%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 69, 230, 127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 69, 230, 127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 69, 230, 127	 69, 230, 127
 255, 255, 255	 16, 201, 101
 136, 255, 181	 0, 173, 76
 167, 255, 209	 0, 146, 51
 198, 255, 238	 0, 119, 26
 228, 255, 255	 0, 93, 0
	 0, 67, 0
	 0, 44, 0
	 0, 10, 0
	 0, 0, 0

 69, 230, 127

 69, 230, 127

 46, 230, 112


 92, 230, 142

 23, 230, 98

 115, 230, 156

 0, 230, 83

 138, 230, 171

 161, 230, 186

 184, 230, 201

 207, 230, 215

 230, 230, 230

 253, 230, 245

 255, 230, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 218, 70



69, 230, 127



0, 235, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69, 230, 127



0, 211, 255



255, 146, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 230, 127



230, 69, 172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 137, 208



69, 230, 127



198, 185, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69, 230, 127



0, 228, 255



255, 156, 255



255, 171, 82

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 230, 127



0, 236, 245



255, 156, 255



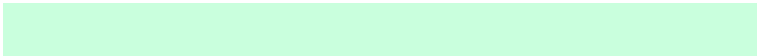
255, 140, 162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 230, 127



201, 255, 221



174, 230, 69



96, 128, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 230, 127



41, 255, 118



69, 230, 206



103, 115, 107



0, 179, 64



0, 51, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 69, 172



255, 41, 178



230, 69, 93



115, 103, 111



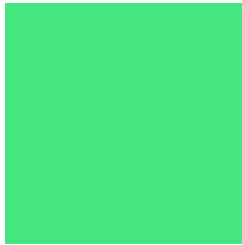
179, 0, 114



51, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 69, 230, 127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 69, 230, 127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

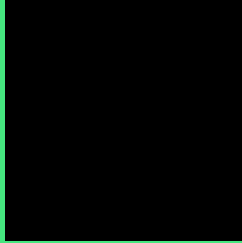
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 69, 230, 127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 69, 230, 127.

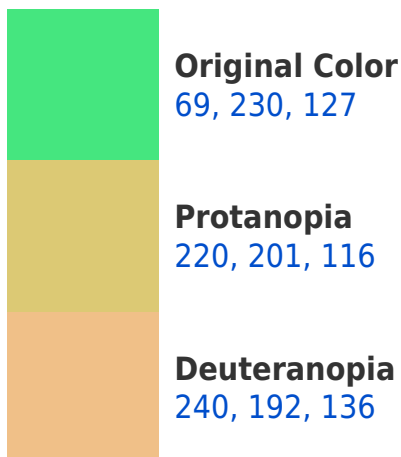


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 69, 230, 127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
107, 218, 235

Trichromacy



Original Color

69, 230, 127



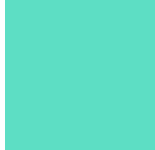
Protanomaly

165, 212, 120



Deuteranomaly

178, 206, 133



Tritanomaly

93, 222, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color

69, 230, 127



Achromatopsia

170, 170, 170



Achromatomaly

133, 192, 154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 69, 230, 127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 230, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 230, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 230, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 230, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 69, 230, 127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 230, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 230, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 230, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 230, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 230, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 230,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 69, 230, 127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 230, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 230,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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