

Converting Colors

RGB(70, 141, 99)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(70, 141, 99) contains.

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Color

RGB(70, 141, 99)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	468D63
RGB	70, 141, 99
RGB Percent	27%, 55%, 39%
CMY	0.7255, 0.4471, 0.6118
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.30, 0.45
HSL	145°, 34%, 41%
HSV	145°, 50%, 55%
XYZ	14.3028, 21.2527, 15.1527
YIQ	114.9830, -28.8340, -28.1140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

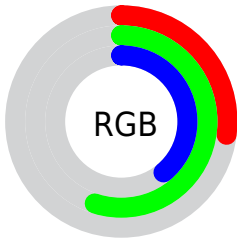
Format	Color
RYB	70, 120, 141
Decimal	4623715
CIELab	53.22, -32.43, 15.71
CIELCh	53, 36.039, 154.156
Yxy	21.2527, 0.2821, 0.4191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282813795 (0xFF468D63)
YUV	114.9830, -7.8796, -39.4501
Hunter-Lab	46.1006, -25.2962, 12.7825

Details

The RGB color **70, 141, 99** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **141, 70, 112**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **123, 195, 150**, and **10, 90, 52** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 141, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 141, 107**.

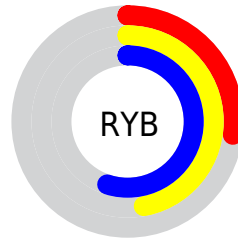
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (55%)

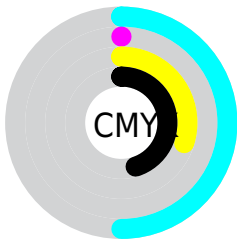
Blue (39%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (55%)

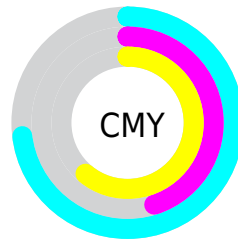


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 70, 141, 99 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 70, 141, 99 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70, 141, 99



70, 141, 99

255, 255, 255



43, 115, 75



123, 195, 150



10, 90, 52



150, 223, 177



0, 66, 30



178, 252, 204



0, 43, 8



206, 255, 232



0, 19, 0



235, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



70, 141, 99



70, 141, 99



56, 141, 91



84, 141, 107



42, 141, 82



98, 141, 116

■ 28, 141, 74

■ 112, 141, 124

■ 14, 141, 66

■ 126, 141, 132

■ 0, 141, 58

■ 141, 141, 141

■ 155, 141, 149

■ 169, 141, 157

■ 183, 141, 166

■ 197, 141, 174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110, 135, 74



70, 141, 99



0, 143, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70, 141, 99



85, 129, 189



184, 106, 94

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 141, 99



141, 70, 112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



185, 102, 124



70, 141, 99



136, 117, 178

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70, 141, 99



0, 137, 182



169, 107, 155



168, 116, 72

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 141, 99



0, 143, 151



169, 107, 155



186, 104, 103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 141, 99



156, 184, 167



113, 141, 70



75, 92, 82



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 141, 99



73, 184, 118



70, 141, 134



64, 71, 67



0, 135, 55



0, 8, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141, 70, 112



184, 73, 139



141, 70, 77



71, 64, 68



135, 0, 80



8, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 70, 141, 99 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

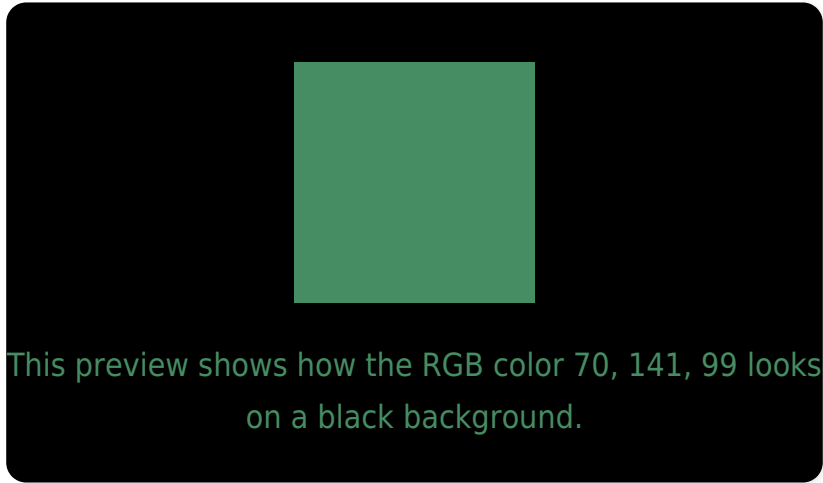
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

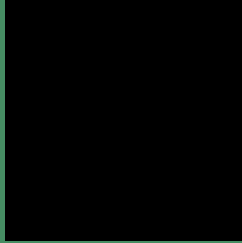
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 70, 141, 99 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 70, 141, 99.

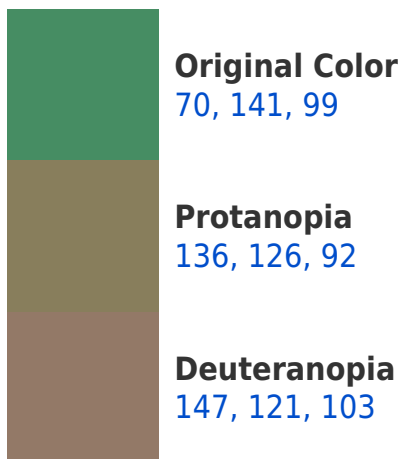


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 70, 141, 99.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
82, 135, 146

Trichromacy



Original Color

70, 141, 99



Protanomaly

112, 131, 95



Deuteranomaly

119, 128, 102



Tritanomaly

78, 137, 129

Monochromacy



Original Color

70, 141, 99



Achromatopsia

115, 115, 115



Achromatomaly

99, 124, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 70, 141, 99 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 141, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 141, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 141, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 141, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 70, 141, 99 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 141, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 141, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 141, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 141, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 141, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 141,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 70, 141, 99 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 141, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 141,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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