

Converting Colors

RGB(70, 239, 3)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(70, 239, 3) contains.

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Color

RGB(70, 239, 3)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	46EF03
RGB	70, 239, 3
RGB Percent	27%, 94%, 1%
CMY	0.7255, 0.0627, 0.9882
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.99, 0.06
HSL	103°, 98%, 47%
HSV	103°, 99%, 94%
XYZ	33.4087, 63.0417, 10.4936
YIQ	161.5650, -24.9680, -109.2240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

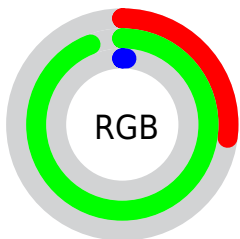
Format	Color
R _Y B	3, 239, 172
Decimal	4648707
CIE Lab	83.46, -75.86, 79.79
CIE LCh	83, 110.098, 133.552
Yxy	63.0417, 0.3124, 0.5895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282838787 (0xFF46EF03)
YUV	161.5650, -78.1725, -80.3025
Hunter-Lab	79.3988, -63.8402, 47.7432

Details

The RGB color **70, 239, 3** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **172, 3, 239**, and the grayscale version is **162, 162, 162**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142, 255, 90**, and **0, 181, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 239, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 239, 27**.

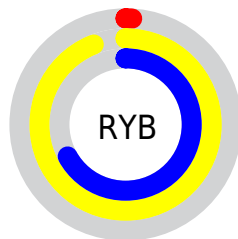
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (94%)

Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (67%)

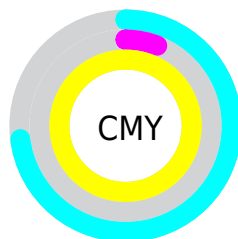


Cyan (71%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 70, 239, 3 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 70, 239, 3 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 70, 239, 3	 70, 239, 3
 255, 255, 255	 0, 210, 0
 142, 255, 90	 0, 181, 0
 174, 255, 120	 0, 154, 0
 206, 255, 150	 0, 126, 0
 238, 255, 179	 0, 100, 0
 255, 255, 209	 0, 74, 0
 255, 255, 239	 0, 49, 0
	 0, 20, 0
	 0, 0, 0

■ 70, 239, 3

■ 70, 239, 3

■ 68, 239, 0

■ 87, 239, 27

■ 104, 239, 51

■ 121, 239, 75

■ 138, 239, 99

■ 156, 239, 123

■ 173, 239, 146

■ 190, 239, 170

■ 207, 239, 194

■ 224, 239, 218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



207, 218, 0



70, 239, 3



0, 249, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70, 239, 3



0, 236, 255



255, 73, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 239, 3



172, 3, 239

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 91, 255



70, 239, 3



0, 205, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70, 239, 3



0, 250, 255



255, 155, 255



255, 129, 65

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 239, 3



0, 252, 218



255, 155, 255



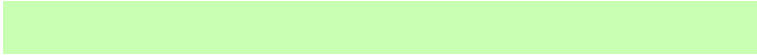
255, 67, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 239, 3



200, 255, 179



239, 168, 3



95, 128, 82



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 239, 3



72, 255, 0



3, 239, 50



111, 120, 108



52, 184, 0



16, 56, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 3, 239



183, 0, 255



239, 3, 192



116, 108, 120



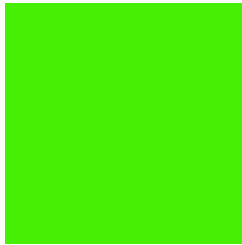
131, 0, 184



40, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 70, 239, 3 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 70, 239, 3 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

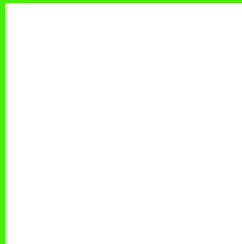
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 70, 239, 3 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 70, 239, 3.

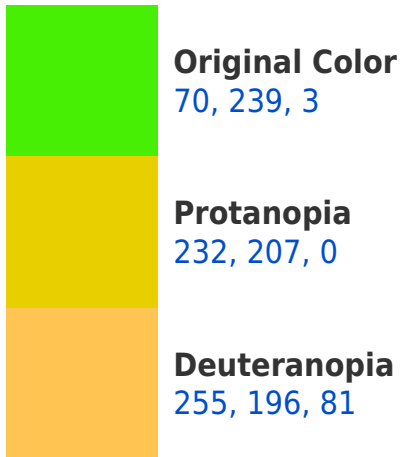


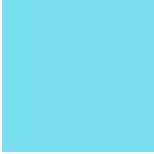
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 70, 239, 3.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

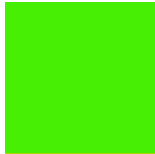
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
119, 222, 240

Trichromacy



Original Color

70, 239, 3



Protanomaly

173, 219, 1



Deuteranomaly

188, 212, 53



Tritanomaly

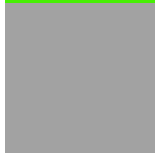
101, 228, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color

70, 239, 3



Achromatopsia

162, 162, 162



Achromatomaly

129, 190, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 70, 239, 3 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 239, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 239, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 239, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 239, 3) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 70, 239, 3 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 239, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 239, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 239, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 239, 3); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 239, 3);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 239, 3)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 70, 239, 3 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 239, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 239,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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