

Converting Colors

RGB(71, 163, 193)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(71, 163, 193) contains.

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Color

RGB(71, 163, 193)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	47A3C1
RGB	71, 163, 193
RGB Percent	28%, 64%, 76%
CMY	0.7216, 0.3608, 0.2431
CMYK	0.63, 0.16, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	195°, 50%, 52%
HSV	195°, 63%, 76%
XYZ	25.3214, 31.3842, 55.1753
YIQ	138.9120, -64.4620, -10.1740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

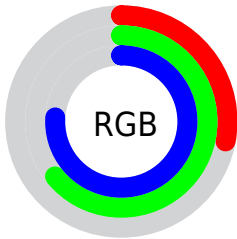
Format	Color
RYB	71, 123, 193
Decimal	4694977
CIELab	62.83, -18.06, -23.54
CIELCh	63, 29.667, 232.497
Yxy	31.3842, 0.2263, 0.2805
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282885057 (0xFF47A3C1)
YUV	138.9120, 26.6654, -59.5588
Hunter-Lab	56.0216, -17.3572, -19.1791

Details

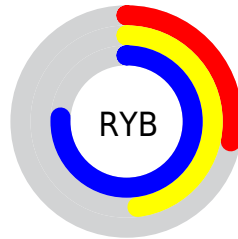
The RGB color **71, 163, 193** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **193, 101, 71**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131, 218, 250**, and **0, 111, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 158, 193**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 168, 193**.

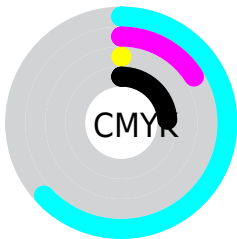
Distribution



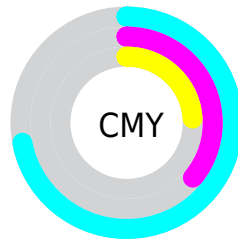
- Red (28%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)




















- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 71, 163, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 71, 163, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 71, 163, 193	 71, 163, 193
 255, 255, 255	 35, 137, 166
 131, 218, 250	 0, 111, 139
 160, 247, 255	 0, 87, 114
 189, 255, 255	 0, 63, 89
 219, 255, 255	 0, 41, 66
 249, 255, 255	 0, 20, 43
	 0, 1, 22
	 0, 0, 0

 71, 163, 193  71, 163, 193

■ 52, 158, 193

■ 90, 168, 193

■ 32, 154, 193

■ 110, 172, 193

■ 13, 149, 193

■ 129, 177, 193

■ 0, 146, 193

■ 148, 182, 193

■ 168, 187, 193

■ 187, 191, 193

■ 206, 196, 193

■ 225, 201, 193

■ 245, 206, 193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64, 166, 171



71, 163, 193



106, 157, 204

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71, 163, 193



199, 133, 160



150, 157, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 163, 193



193, 101, 71

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



176, 148, 100



71, 163, 193



204, 133, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71, 163, 193



179, 138, 184



196, 139, 111



119, 163, 119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 163, 193



133, 151, 203



196, 139, 111



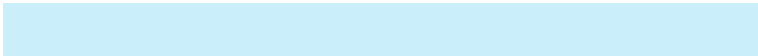
159, 154, 100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 163, 193



202, 238, 250



71, 193, 99



96, 118, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 163, 193



60, 203, 250



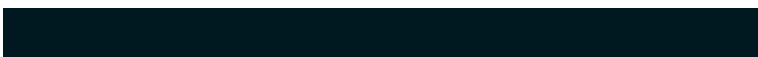
71, 104, 193



87, 95, 97



0, 121, 161



0, 25, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 71, 163



250, 60, 203



193, 160, 71



97, 87, 95



161, 0, 121



33, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 71, 163, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

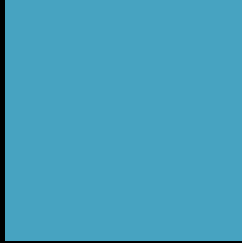
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 71, 163, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

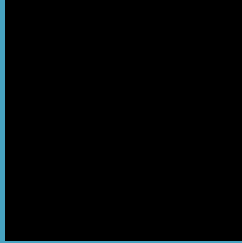
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 71, 163, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 71, 163, 193.

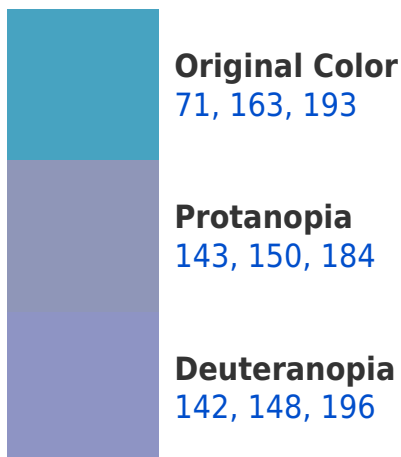


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 71, 163, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

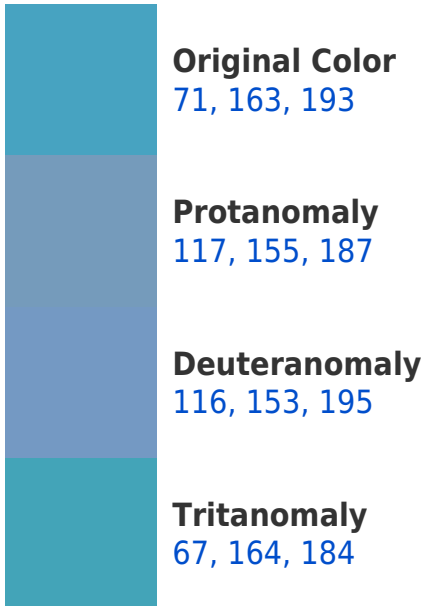
Dichromacy



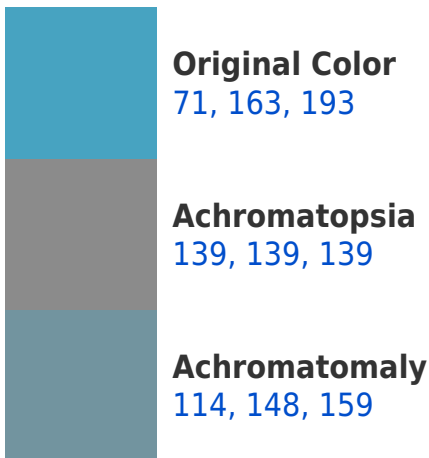


Tritanopia
64, 165, 179

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 71, 163, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 163, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 163, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 163, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 163, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 71, 163, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 163, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 163, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 163, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 163, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 163, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 163,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 71, 163, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 163, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 163,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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