

# Converting Colors

RGB(71, 206, 240)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(71, 206, 240) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(71, 206, 240)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	47CEFO
RGB	71, 206, 240
RGB Percent	28%, 81%, 94%
CMY	0.7216, 0.1922, 0.0588
CMYK	0.70, 0.14, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	192°, 85%, 61%
HSV	192°, 70%, 94%
XYZ	40.3980, 51.7735, 90.3022
YIQ	169.5110, -91.3740, -18.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

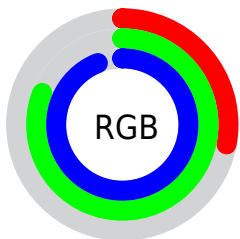
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	71, 146, 240
Decimal	4706032
CIE Lab	77.15, -25.55, -27.31
CIE LCh	77, 37.403, 226.903
Yxy	51.7735, 0.2214, 0.2837
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282896112 (0xFF47CEF0)
YUV	169.5110, 34.7511, -86.3941
Hunter-Lab	71.9538, -25.7014, -24.0414

# Details

The RGB color **71, 206, 240** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **240, 105, 71**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **139, 255, 255**, and **0, 151, 184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 201, 240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 211, 240**.

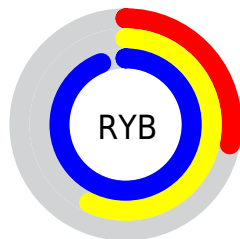
# Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (81%)

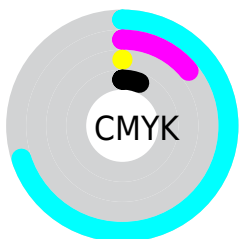
Blue (94%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (94%)

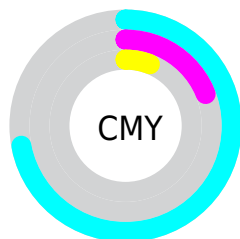


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (19%)

















Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 71, 206, 240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 71, 206, 240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 71, 206, 240	 71, 206, 240
 255, 255, 255	 16, 178, 212
 139, 255, 255	 0, 151, 184
 171, 255, 255	 0, 125, 157
 202, 255, 255	 0, 100, 131
 233, 255, 255	 0, 76, 105
	 0, 53, 81
	 0, 33, 58
	 0, 2, 36
	 0, 0, 12

■ 71, 206, 240

■ 71, 206, 240

■ 47, 201, 240

■ 95, 211, 240

■ 23, 196, 240

■ 119, 216, 240

■ 0, 192, 240

■ 143, 220, 240

■ 167, 225, 240

■ 191, 230, 240

■ 215, 235, 240

■ 239, 240, 240

■ 255, 245, 240

■ 255, 249, 240

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73, 209, 209



71, 206, 240



118, 198, 255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71, 206, 240



249, 166, 207



194, 195, 123

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 206, 240



240, 105, 71

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



228, 183, 123



71, 206, 240



255, 165, 172

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71, 206, 240



219, 175, 238



251, 172, 141



155, 203, 142

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 206, 240



155, 191, 255



251, 172, 141



206, 191, 121

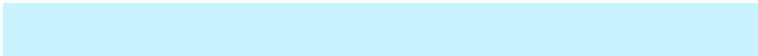


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 206, 240



201, 244, 255



71, 240, 105



96, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

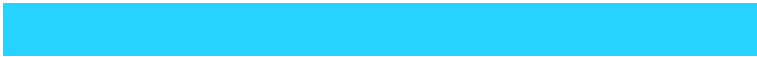


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 206, 240



38, 211, 255



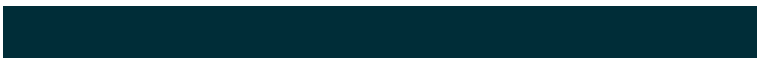
71, 122, 240



108, 117, 120



0, 147, 184



0, 45, 56



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



240, 71, 206



255, 38, 211



240, 189, 71



120, 108, 117



184, 0, 147

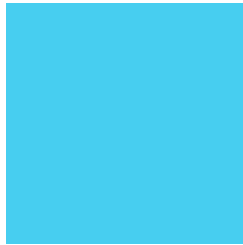


56, 0, 45



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 71, 206, 240 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

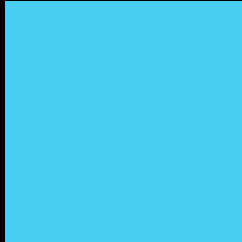
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 71, 206, 240 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 71, 206, 240 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 71, 206, 240.

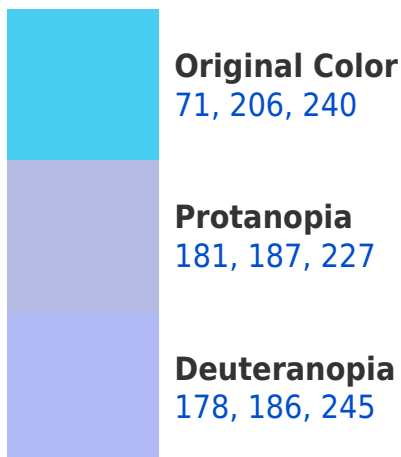


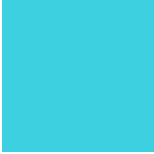
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 71, 206, 240.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

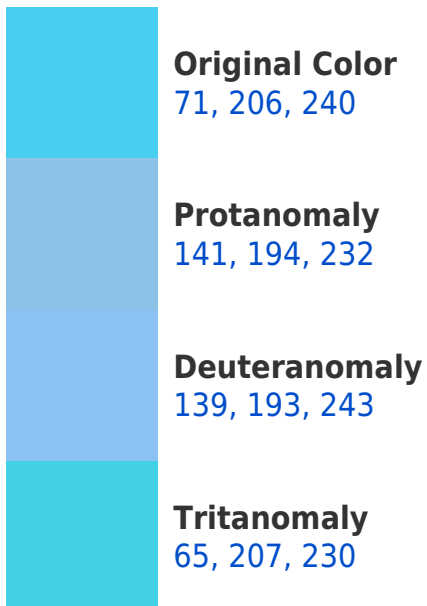
## Dichromacy



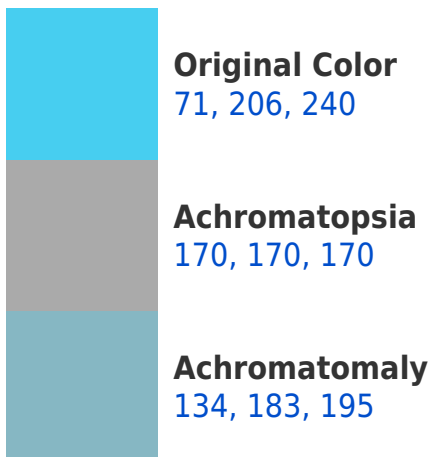


**Tritanopia**  
61, 208, 225

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 71, 206, 240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 206, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 206, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 206, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 206, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 71, 206, 240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 206, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 206, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 206, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 206, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 206, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 206,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 71, 206, 240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 206, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 206,  
240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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