

Converting Colors

RGB(71, 98, 121)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(71, 98, 121) contains.

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Color

RGB(71, 98, 121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	476279
RGB	71, 98, 121
RGB Percent	28%, 38%, 47%
CMY	0.7216, 0.6157, 0.5255
CMYK	0.41, 0.19, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	208°, 26%, 38%
HSV	208°, 41%, 47%
XYZ	10.4174, 11.4554, 19.7512
YIQ	92.5490, -23.4750, 1.4290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

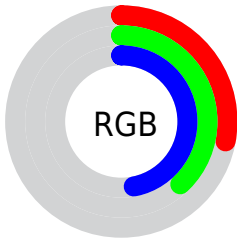
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 89, 121
Decimal	4678265
CIE Lab	40.34, -3.55, -16.08
CIE LCh	40, 16.470, 257.551
Yxy	11.4554, 0.2503, 0.2752
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282868345 (0xFF476279)
YUV	92.5490, 14.0263, -18.8985
Hunter-Lab	33.8459, -4.2899, -10.9074

Details

The RGB color **71, 98, 121** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **121, 94, 71**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **122, 149, 173**, and **22, 52, 72** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 92, 121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 104, 121**.

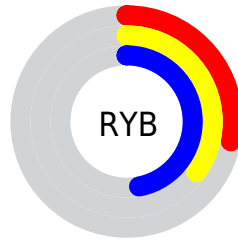
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (38%)

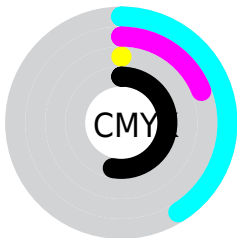
Blue (47%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (47%)

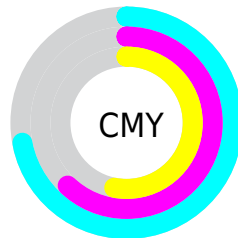


Cyan (41%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (72%)














Magenta (62%)







Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 71, 98, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 71, 98, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 71, 98, 121	 71, 98, 121
 255, 255, 255	 47, 74, 96
 122, 149, 173	 22, 52, 72
 148, 175, 201	 0, 31, 50
 175, 203, 229	 0, 4, 29
 203, 231, 255	 0, 0, 0
 231, 255, 255	

 71, 98, 121	 71, 98, 121
 59, 92, 121	 83, 104, 121
 47, 87, 121	 95, 109, 121

■ 35, 81, 121

■ 107, 115, 121

■ 23, 76, 121

■ 119, 120, 121

■ 11, 70, 121

■ 132, 126, 121

■ 0, 65, 121

■ 144, 131, 121

■ 156, 137, 121

■ 168, 143, 121

■ 180, 148, 121

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58, 101, 114



71, 98, 121



90, 94, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71, 98, 121



123, 86, 88



81, 100, 77

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 98, 121



121, 94, 71

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97, 97, 69



71, 98, 121



119, 88, 76

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71, 98, 121



118, 86, 101



110, 92, 69



67, 102, 89

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 98, 121



102, 90, 116



110, 92, 69



87, 99, 73

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 98, 121



139, 149, 158



71, 121, 94



68, 74, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 98, 121



79, 122, 158



71, 73, 121



55, 58, 61



0, 67, 125



0, 136, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121, 71, 98



158, 79, 122



121, 118, 71



61, 55, 58



125, 0, 67



252, 0, 136

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 71, 98, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 71, 98, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

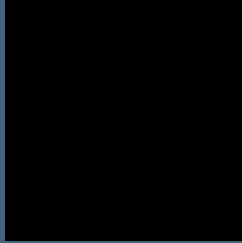
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

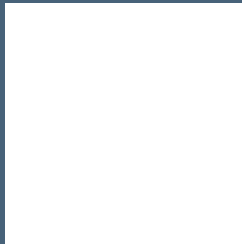
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 71, 98, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 71, 98, 121.

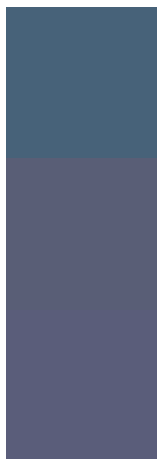


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 71, 98, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71, 98, 121

Protanopia

89, 94, 118

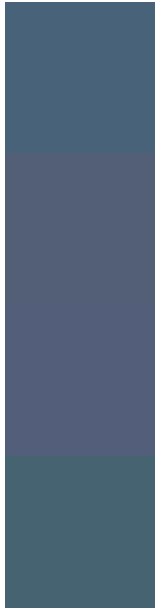
Deuteranopia

90, 93, 122



Tritanopia
68, 100, 108

Trichromacy



Original Color

71, 98, 121

Protanomaly

82, 95, 119

Deuteranomaly

83, 95, 122

Tritanomaly

69, 99, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color

71, 98, 121

Achromatopsia

93, 93, 93

Achromatomaly

85, 95, 103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 71, 98, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 98, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 98, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 98, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 98, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 71, 98, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 98, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 98, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 98, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 98, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 98, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 98,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 71, 98, 121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 98, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 98,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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