

Converting Colors

RGB(73, 179, 188)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(73, 179, 188) contains.

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Color

RGB(73, 179, 188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	49B3BC
RGB	73, 179, 188
RGB Percent	29%, 70%, 74%
CMY	0.7137, 0.2980, 0.2627
CMYK	0.61, 0.05, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	185°, 46%, 51%
HSV	185°, 61%, 74%
XYZ	27.9449, 37.2875, 53.3013
YIQ	148.3320, -66.0650, -19.6730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

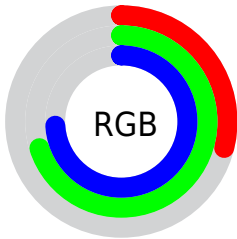
Format	Color
RYB	73, 128, 188
Decimal	4830140
CIELab	67.49, -27.41, -13.67
CIElCh	67, 30.627, 206.513
Yxy	37.2875, 0.2358, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283020220 (0xFF49B3BC)
YUV	148.3320, 19.5563, -66.0662
Hunter-Lab	61.0635, -25.1731, -9.0088

Details

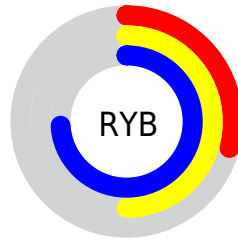
The RGB color **73, 179, 188** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **188, 82, 73**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133, 235, 244**, and **0, 126, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 178, 188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 180, 188**.

Distribution



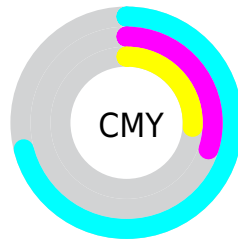
- Red (29%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)





- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 73, 179, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 73, 179, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 73, 179, 188

 73, 179, 188


255, 255, 255

 37, 152, 161

 133, 235, 244

 0, 126, 135

 163, 255, 255

 0, 101, 109

 192, 255, 255

 0, 76, 85

 222, 255, 255


 0, 53, 62


 252, 255, 255

 0, 33, 40

 0, 1, 20

 0, 0, 0

 73, 179, 188

 73, 179, 188

■ 54, 178, 188

■ 92, 180, 188

■ 35, 176, 188

■ 111, 182, 188

■ 17, 175, 188

■ 129, 183, 188

■ 0, 173, 188

■ 148, 185, 188

■ 167, 186, 188

■ 186, 188, 188

■ 205, 189, 188

■ 223, 191, 188

■ 242, 192, 188

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94, 179, 160



73, 179, 188



85, 175, 210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73, 179, 188



197, 149, 195



187, 162, 109

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 179, 188



188, 82, 73

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208, 152, 119



73, 179, 188



216, 144, 169

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73, 179, 188



164, 158, 214



219, 145, 141



158, 170, 114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 179, 188



109, 171, 217



219, 145, 141



195, 158, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 179, 188



201, 241, 245



73, 188, 81



95, 120, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 179, 188



66, 231, 245



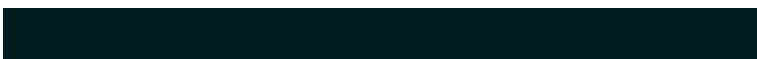
73, 123, 188



85, 94, 94



0, 146, 158



0, 28, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 73, 179



245, 66, 231



188, 138, 73



94, 85, 94



158, 0, 146



31, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 73, 179, 188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 73, 179, 188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

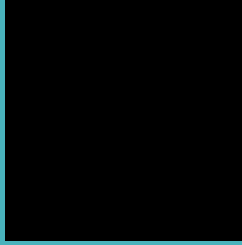
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 73, 179, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 73, 179, 188.

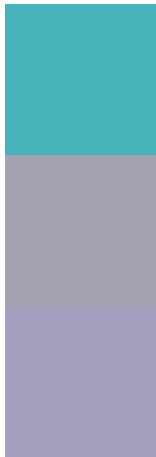


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 73, 179, 188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
73, 179, 188

Protanopia
162, 162, 177

Deuteranopia
165, 159, 192



Tritanopia
75, 178, 193

Trichromacy



Original Color

73, 179, 188



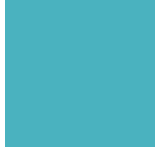
Protanomaly

130, 168, 181



Deuteranomaly

132, 166, 191



Tritanomaly

74, 178, 191

Monochromacy



Original Color

73, 179, 188



Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148



Achromatomaly

121, 159, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 73, 179, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 179, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 179, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 179, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 179, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 73, 179, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

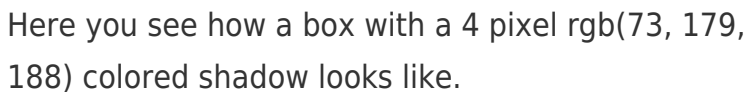
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 179, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 179, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 179, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 179, 188); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 179, 188); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 179, 188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 73, 179, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 179, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 179,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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