

Converting Colors

RGB(74, 177, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(74, 177, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(74, 177, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4AB16C
RGB	74, 177, 108
RGB Percent	29%, 69%, 42%
CMY	0.7098, 0.3059, 0.5765
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.39, 0.31
HSL	140°, 41%, 49%
HSV	140°, 58%, 69%
XYZ	21.2530, 33.9828, 19.6266
YIQ	138.3370, -39.2390, -43.2950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

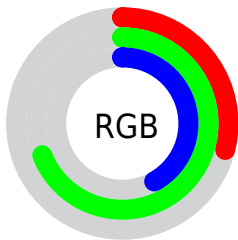
Format	Color
RYB	74, 151, 177
Decimal	4895084
CIELab	64.95, -45.44, 26.59
CIELCh	65, 52.646, 149.664
Yxy	33.9828, 0.2839, 0.4539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283085164 (0xFF4AB16C)
YUV	138.3370, -14.9561, -56.4235
Hunter-Lab	58.2948, -36.9389, 20.8447

Details

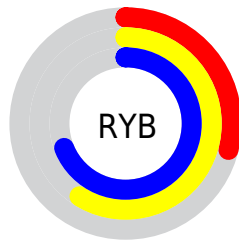
The RGB color **74, 177, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **177, 74, 143**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131, 233, 160**, and **0, 123, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 177, 96**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 177, 120**.

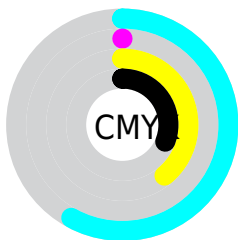
Distribution



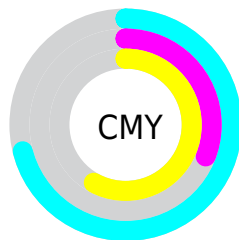
- Red (29%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 74, 177, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 74, 177, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74, 177, 108



74, 177, 108

255, 255, 255



43, 150, 83



131, 233, 160



0, 123, 59



160, 255, 187



0, 98, 36



188, 255, 215



0, 73, 14



217, 255, 244



0, 49, 0



247, 255, 255



0, 26, 0



0, 0, 0



74, 177, 108



74, 177, 108



56, 177, 96



92, 177, 120

■ 39, 177, 84

■ 109, 177, 132

■ 21, 177, 72

■ 127, 177, 144

■ 3, 177, 61

■ 145, 177, 155

■ 0, 177, 58

■ 163, 177, 167

■ 180, 177, 179

■ 198, 177, 191

■ 216, 177, 203

■ 233, 177, 215

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137, 169, 71



74, 177, 108



0, 181, 156

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74, 177, 108



56, 163, 252



243, 121, 114

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74, 177, 108



177, 74, 143

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



242, 116, 160



74, 177, 108



159, 145, 240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74, 177, 108



0, 175, 238



215, 127, 206



221, 137, 76

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74, 177, 108



0, 181, 188



215, 127, 206



245, 118, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74, 177, 108



190, 230, 203



144, 177, 74



92, 115, 99



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74, 177, 108



69, 230, 122



74, 177, 158



80, 89, 83



0, 153, 51



0, 26, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 74, 143



230, 69, 176



177, 74, 93



89, 80, 86



153, 0, 102



26, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 74, 177, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 74, 177, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 74, 177, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 74, 177, 108.

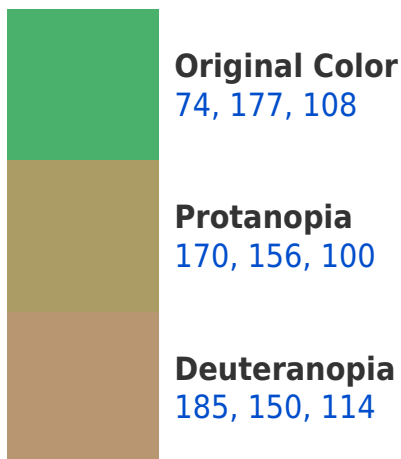


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 74, 177, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
95, 168, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color

74, 177, 108



Protanomaly

135, 164, 103



Deuteranomaly

145, 160, 112



Tritanomaly

87, 171, 155

Monochromacy



Original Color

74, 177, 108



Achromatopsia

138, 138, 138



Achromatomaly

115, 152, 127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 74, 177, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 177, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 177, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 177, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 177, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 74, 177, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 177, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 177, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 177, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 177, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 177, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 177,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 74, 177, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 177, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 177,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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