

Converting Colors

RGB(74, 91, 144)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(74, 91, 144) contains.

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Color

RGB(74, 91, 144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4A5B90
RGB	74, 91, 144
RGB Percent	29%, 36%, 56%
CMY	0.7098, 0.6431, 0.4353
CMYK	0.49, 0.37, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	225°, 32%, 43%
HSV	225°, 49%, 56%
XYZ	11.5992, 10.9516, 27.8881
YIQ	91.9590, -27.1450, 12.8790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

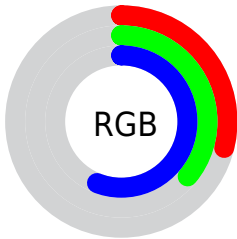
Format	Color
RYB	74, 88, 144
Decimal	4873104
CIELab	39.50, 8.79, -31.33
CIElCh	39, 32.535, 285.672
Yxy	10.9516, 0.2300, 0.2171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283063184 (0xFF4A5B90)
YUV	91.9590, 25.6562, -15.7500
Hunter-Lab	33.0933, 4.6510, -26.7991

Details

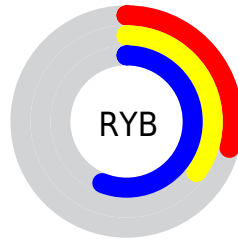
The RGB color **74, 91, 144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **144, 127, 74**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126, 141, 198**, and **19, 46, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 80, 144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 102, 144**.

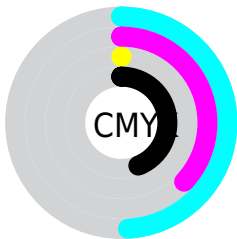
Distribution



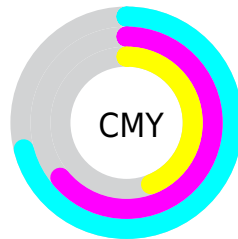
- Red (29%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 74, 91, 144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 74, 91, 144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 74, 91, 144 ■ 74, 91, 144

255, 255, 255 ■ 48, 68, 118

■ 126, 141, 198 ■ 19, 46, 93

■ 153, 167, 226 ■ 0, 25, 69

■ 181, 194, 255 ■ 0, 0, 47

■ 209, 222, 255 ■ 0, 1, 25

■ 238, 251, 255 ■ 0, 0, 0

■ 74, 91, 144 ■ 74, 91, 144

■ 60, 80, 144 ■ 88, 102, 144

■ 45, 69, 144 ■ 103, 113, 144

■ 31, 58, 144

■ 117, 124, 144

■ 16, 47, 144

■ 132, 135, 144

■ 2, 36, 144

■ 146, 146, 144

■ 0, 35, 144

■ 160, 156, 144

■ 175, 167, 144

■ 189, 178, 144

■ 204, 189, 144

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 99, 144



74, 91, 144



113, 81, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74, 91, 144



137, 77, 56



19, 106, 79

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74, 91, 144



144, 127, 74

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65, 102, 55



74, 91, 144



120, 87, 41

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74, 91, 144



143, 71, 80



95, 96, 40



0, 107, 106

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74, 91, 144



130, 75, 115



95, 96, 40



39, 105, 70

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74, 91, 144



158, 165, 186



74, 144, 126



77, 81, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74, 91, 144



78, 104, 186



92, 74, 144



64, 66, 71



0, 33, 135



0, 2, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144, 74, 91



186, 78, 104



126, 144, 74



71, 64, 66



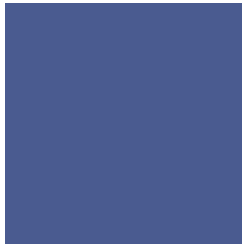
135, 0, 33



8, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 74, 91, 144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 74, 91, 144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

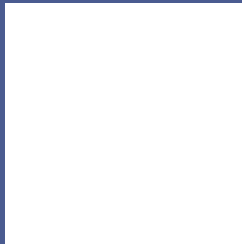
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 74, 91, 144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 74, 91, 144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 74, 91, 144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

74, 91, 144

Protanopia

74, 91, 144

Deuteranopia

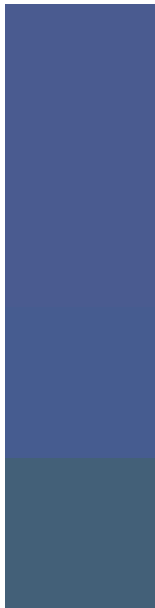
67, 93, 144



Tritanopia

63, 99, 107

Trichromacy



Original Color

74, 91, 144

Protanomaly

74, 91, 144

Deuteranomaly

70, 92, 144

Tritanomaly

67, 96, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color

74, 91, 144

Achromatopsia

92, 92, 92

Achromatomaly

85, 92, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 74, 91, 144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 91, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 91, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 91, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 91, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 74, 91, 144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 91, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 91, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 91, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 91, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 91, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 91,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 74, 91, 144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 91, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 91,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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